The Massillon Independent.

VOL. XXIV---NO. 40. MASSILLON, OHIO, MARCH 25 1887. WHOLE NO. 1,235.

Largest Assortment!

CHOICET STYLES AND Lowest Prices

ARE THE INDUCEMENTS WE OFFER

In Our Carpet Department.

We take measures, cut, fit and put down carpets as low as any house in the country.

We Invite

An inspection of our goods. We will guarantee to give you good goods at the

Lowest Rates.

Our styles are all of the new spring colorings. Come and see while the assortment is complete at

RICKS' STORE,

MAIN STREET.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ATTORNEYS.

R. W. McCAUGHEY, Attorney at Law, office over Dielhenn's Arcade store, Erie street, Massillon, Ohio.

COLE & REINOEHL, Attorneys at Law and Notaries Public, office over Marks Bros. store Erie street, Massillon, Ohio.

WILLISON & GARRETT, Attorneys-at-Law. Rooms Nos. 11 and 11½ Opera Block.

ROBERT H. FOLGER, Attorney at Law, U. S. Commissioner. Commissioner of Deeds for New York and Pennsylvania, and Notary Public Office second floor Tremont Block, No. 46 South Erie street, Massillon, O. Will give strict attention to all business entrusted to his care in Stark and the adjoining counties.

BANKS.

UNION NATIONAL BANK, Massillon, Ohio. Jos. Coleman, President, J. H. Hunt, Cashier.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, Erie street, Massillon, Ohio. $150,000 Capital. S. Hunt, President; C. Steese Cashier.

GERMAN DEPOSIT BANK, Hotel Conrad Block. Dealers in promissory notes, manufacturers' scrip and exchange. Collections made in all cities and towns in the United States.
P. G. ALBRIGHT, Cashier.

CIGAR MANUFACTURERS.

PETER SAILER, manufacturer and wholesale Cigar dealer Factory corner Erie and Tremont streets.

PHIL. BLUMENSCHEIN, wholesale and retail dealer in Cigars. Factory & store room No. 59 West Main street.

DRUGGISTS.

W. H. McCALL & CO., Druggists. Prescription work a specialty. Dealers in stationery, blank books and school supplies. A full line of druggist's sundries.

Z. T. BALTZLY, dealer in Drugs, Medicines, and Chemicals, Perfumery and Fancy articles, Stationery and Blank Books, Opera House, Massillon, Ohio

DENTISTS.

E. CHIDESTER, Dentist, over Humberger & Son's store. Nitrous oxide gas administered for painless extraction of teeth.

FURNITURE.

JOHN H. OGDEN, Furniture Dealer and Undertaker, No. 23 West Main street.

DRY GOODS.

HUMBERGER & SON, dealers in General Dry Goods, Notions, Fancy Goods, etc. No. 8 East Main Street.

PHYSICIANS.

H. B. GARRIGUES, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon,
Office hours, 8 30 to 10.30 A. M.
2 P. M. to 5 P. M.
7 P. M. to 9 P. M.
Office in H. Beatly's block, formerly occupied by Dr. Barrick. Near corner of Main and Erie streets. Residence Charles and Hill street, near Methodist church.

H. C. ROYER, M. D
SURGEON.
Office Hours: 7 A. M. to 9:0 A. M.
12 M. to 2 P. M.
5 P. M. to 7 P. M.
Office and Residence 100 E. Main St., Massillon, O.

DR. W. H. KIRKLAND, Homeopathic Practice. Office No. 55 East Main street, Massillon, Ohio. Office hours, 7 to 8 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m.. Office open day and night.

F. E. SEAMAN, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon.
Office hours: 7 to 10 A. M.
1 to 3 P. M.
6 to 8 P. M.
Office at east end of Royer Block on West Main St. Office open day and night.

HARDWARE.

S. A. CONRAD & CO., Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Hardware, etc., Main street.

MANUFACTORIES.

MASSILLON CONTRACTING AND BUILDING CO., Manufacturers of Doors Sash Blinds, Mouldings, etc.

HESS, SNYDER & CO., manufacturers of Novelty Pumps, Stoves, Engines, Mill and Mining Machinery. Works on South Erie street.

RUSSELL & CO., manufacturers of Threshing Machines, Portable, Semi-Portable and Traction Engines, Horse Powers, Saw Mills, &c.

MASSILLON ROLLING MILL, Joseph Corns & Son, Proprietors, manufacturers of a superior quality of Merchant Bar and Blacksmith Iron.

MASSILLON GLASS FACTORY, manufactures Green Glass Hollow Ware Beer Bottles, Flasks, &c.

MASSILLON IRON BRIDGE COMPANY Manufacturers of Bridges, Roofs and General Iron Structures

GROCERIES.

DATWATER & SON. Established in 1832. Forwarding and Commission Merchant and dealer in all kinds of Country Produce. Warehouse in Atwater's Block, Exchange street.

ALBRIGHT & CO., Cash Grocery and Provision Dealers, Queensware, etc., No. 25 East Main street Goods delivered free of charge.

TINNERS.

HENRY F. OEHLER, dealer in Stoves, Tinware, House Furnishing Goods, etc. No. 14 West Main street.

REAL ESTATE.

P. G. ALBRIGHT, dealer in all kinds of Real Estate. Office in German Deposit Bank.

MUSIC.

PROF. C. F. BALFOUR, teacher of Instrumental and Vocal Music. Address box 352, Massillon. Residence, corner of Akron and State streets.

MOST PERFECT MADE

Prepared with strict regard to Purity, Strength, and Healthfulness. Dr. Price's Baking Powder contains no Ammonia, Lime, Alum or Phosphates. Dr. Price's Extracts, Vanilla, Lemon, etc., flavor deliciously.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO. CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE

—OF—

REAL ESTATE.

In pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Stark County, Ohio, I will offer for sale at public auction on

Saturday, the 19th day of April, A. D. 1887

the following described real estate, situated in the county of Stark and State of Ohio, to-wit:

Tract No. 1 described as follows: being situated in the city of Massillon in said county, and known as being a part of lot lettered "E" on the original map or plat of the town, now city, of Massillon, and subsequently in the Massillon Rolling Mill Company's alteration and sub-division of lots numbered twenty-seven (27), bounded as follows: Beginning at the southeast corner of lot lettered "I" (public grounds), and running thence southwardly along the west line of Erie street fifty (50) feet, thence westwardly parallel with Charles street fifty (50) feet, thence northwardly parallel with Erie street fifty (50) feet, thence eastwardly along the south line of lot "I" to the place of beginning, including the north half of the building over the slip in the Ohio canal, the north half of said building having its foundation on the premises above described.

Tract No. 2, described as follows: Situated in the township of Lawrence, county of Stark, and State of Ohio, and being a part of the southeast quarter of section number thirty-five, of township one and range nine, and bounded as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of said quarter and running thence south twenty-one (21) perches, thence east twenty (20) perches, thence north twenty-eight (28) perches, thence west twenty-three (23) perches to the place of beginning, containing three and one-fourth acres of land, more or less, and being the same premises conveyed to Leonard Bammerlin by Charles J. Bammerlin by deed dated July 24, A. D. 1867.

Tract No. 3, described as follows: situated in the city of Massillon, county of Stark and State of Ohio, and being a part of fractional section number seven (7), of township ten (10) and range nine (9), bounded as follows: Beginning at a post at the southeast corner of a lot formerly owned by Sylvanus Hathaway, known as the stone quarry lot, and running thence east twenty-seven (27) perches to a post; thence north 28¾ degrees east, twenty (20) perches to a post near what was formerly Isaac Taylor's mill race; thence north 51¾ degrees, west seventeen (17) perches; thence north 75½ degrees, west fourteen (14) perches; thence north 36 degrees, west fifteen (15) perches; thence west twelve and one-half (12½) perches; thence south with land formerly owned by A. Smith eighteen (18) perches; thence east twelve and one-half (12½) perches; thence south twenty-three and one-half (23½) perches to the place of beginning, containing seven acres of land more or less, and being the same lands conveyed by Sheriff Altekruse to John Jacobs by deed dated October 20th, A. D., 1880.

Tract No. 4, described and known as being all the interest of Leonard Bammerlin in the estate of Charles J. Bammerlin, deceased, as appears by the will of said Charles J. Bammerlin, admitted to probate in the Probate Court of Stark county, said interest being the undivided one-fourth interest in said estate, subject to the life estate of Barbara Bammerlin and to the indebtedness of Leonard Bammerlin to said estate.

Tract No. 1, appraised at $8,000.
Tract No. 2, appraised at 600.
Tract No. 3, appraised at 5,000.
Tract No. 1, appraised at Nothing.

Said real estate will be sold on the respective tracts on said day at the times following: Tracts 1 and 4 at 10 a. m.; Tract No. 3 at 11 a. m., and Tract No. 2 at 2 p. m.

Terms, cash.

R. W. McCAUGHEY,
Assignee in trust for the benefit of the creditors of Leonard Bammerlin.
10-5t

An Ordinance.

An ordinance to prevent injury to the water and public machinery, implements, pipes and fixtures of, and to prevent unlawful interference thereafter.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the City Council of Massillon it shall be unlawful for any person hereafter, in any way, to defile or pollute any stand pipe, pipe, hydrant, plug, cistern or reservoir belonging to or connected with water works of the Massillon Water Company. Should any person violate the provisions of this section, he shall on conviction thereof be fined in a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding sixty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

SEC. 2. It shall be unlawful for any person, hereafter, to deface, break, or otherwise injure any machinery, pipes, hydrants, valves, plugs or other fixtures of the Massillon Water Company that have been lawfully placed by said Massillon Water Company in any public street, alley, square, thoroughfare or public place in the aforesaid municipality; should any violate the provisions of this section he shall, on conviction thereof, be fined in a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding sixty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

SEC. 3. It shall be unlawful for any person not duly authorized by competent authority so to do, to turn on and cause to flow, the water from any hydrant, valve, plug or other fixtures of the Massillon Water Company, when such hydrant, valve, plug or other fixture is on square or other thoroughfare or public place in the city of Massillon. Provided that the provisions of this section shall not apply when water is so turned on for the purpose of preventing damage to property by fire.

SEC. 4. All ordinances or parts of ordinances existing inconsistent with the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed.

H. HUBER, President.
Attest: J. R. WHITE, City Clerk

An Ordinance.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the City Council of the city of Massillon, That whenever any person or persons other than the Street Commissioner wish to break into the streets, lanes, alleys, or public grounds of the city for the purpose of connecting with the water or gas pipes or with the sewers, drains or ditches, or for any other purpose, such person or persons shall make application to the committee on streets and alleys, whose duty it shall be to see that the streets, lanes, alleys, or public grounds are left in as good and solid a condition as before they were disturbed. Any person or persons violating this section shall be liable in damages to persons or property injured by any unlawful disturbance of said streets, alleys, lanes or public grounds, and any person or persons violating this section, or who shall fail or neglect to comply with the same shall on conviction thereof be fined in any sum not exceeding fifty dollars for each violation.

SEC. 2 This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication according to law.

H. HUBER, President.
Attest: J. R. WHITE, City Clerk.

Do not fail to see the lovely line of Roxbury Brussells. Prices lower than ever before at the Bee Hive.

PULLING DOWN THE WALLS

SEARCHING AMONG THE DEBRIS FOR THE FIRE VICTIMS.

A Belief That There are a Number of Bodies Yet Unearthed at the Buffalo Hotel Fire—The Injured Doing Well—The Hotel to Be Rebuilt at Once.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 23.—The greater part of the dangerous walls of the Richmond hotel have been torn down, and this morning the search among the debris was resumed in the less dangerous parts of the ruins. The odor of burning flesh can be distinctly distinguished in the southwestern corner, where the store of Ulbrich & Kingsley was situated, and adjoining which was the frame structure, on the roof of which a number of persons jumped and are supposed to have perished. A dangerous wall overhangs this spot, and search will not begin there until it is removed.

The missing list has varied since yesterday by the discovery of the commercial traveler, Thompson, who was supposed to have arrived here from Erie and put up at the hotel Thursday night. He telegraphs that he is safe at Philadelphia, but another name is added in his place, that of Robert S. Boyd, of Boston, a special agent of the Bell Telephone company who was in the city on Thursday, and has not been heard from since the fire. Manager Hall, of the local company, states that Mr. Boyd had several important appointments, none of which have been kept, and no doubt remains in his mind that Mr. Boyd has perished in the fire.

The injured are doing well, with the exception of the critical cases of Mary Nolan and Mrs. Mann, but physicians are of the opinion that the second stage of the cases must be passed over yet before the injured can be considered out of danger.

An offer of $250,000 was made to-day for the site of the burned hotel and St. James hall, presumably on behalf of a syndicate, who propose to erect a large hotel. Prominent capitalists of this city have signified their willingness to subscribe liberally for stock in the enterprise.

ANOTHER HOLOCAUST.

Ten Persons Meet Death in Boarding House at Bessemer, Michigan.

CHICAGO, March 23.—A special from Bessemer, Mich., states that a boarding house, owned by the Colby Iron company, was burned early this morning. The bodies of ten persons, burned to death, have been taken out. Several others, who were badly burned, are expected to die.

Bessemer, Mich., is one of the mining towns brought into existence by the development of the Gogebine mining region. It has over 1,000 population, besides a large floating element, and is one of the most prominent of the new points on the Lake Shore & Western railroad. It is within fifteen miles of the western end of the upper peninsula, in Ontonagon county, and is six miles east of Ironwood, on the Wisconsin line.

Chloroformed and Robbed.

CINCINNATI, March 23.—One of the boldest and most skillfully executed burglaries and robberies, in which the victims were rendered helpless by chloroform, was perpetrated in Corryville before daylight this morning. Charles Helmer, of 190 Warner street, was awakened at 3 a. m. by the presence of two men in his room. The burglars jumped at him, and at the point of a revolver compelled Helmer to submit to being gagged with a handkerchief, after which they chloroformed him. When he awoke at 5 a. m. he discovered that his room had been ransacked and a gold watch valued at $100, a silver watch valued at $50 and $40 in money had been stolen. It was also discovered that the burglars had entered through the kitchen door and chloroformed Mrs. Helmer also, when she attempted to give the alarm. The police are working on the case.

Insanity From a Broken Leg.

CINCINNATI, March 23.—Shortly before 7 o'clock this morning the residents of Celestial street, Mount Adams, were attracted by the shrieks of the family of Michael O'Hern, who, half clad, were running wildly from the house. Some of the male neighbors came in and found O'Hern suffering from an attack of insanity. He was overpowered and confined until the arrival of the police. A year ago O'Hern fell and broke his leg. After recovering he showed signs of insanity. The symptoms increased until at last it was found necessary to send him to Longview asylum. Some months ago he was released as cured. It now appears that a recurrence of the disease has appeared, and he will be sent back. He is but twenty-six years of age and married.

Effects of Drink.

NEW YORK, March 23.—At 7 o'clock this morning a policeman was called to the top floor of the house No. 189 First avenue. On opening the door he was met by a Mrs. Topher, who was bleeding from scalp wound, inflicted, she said, by her husband with an ax. On pushing open the bedroom door Mr. Topher was discovered with a razor in his hand, which he immediately drew across his throat, inflicting a frightful wound. The man and wife were taken to Bellevue hospital, where Topher's injuries were pronounced fatal. Mrs. Topher will recover. Topher is a baker and is said to have been crazed with drink.

Two Farwell Weddings.

CHICAGO, March 23.—There will be two weddings in the Farwell family at an early date. Miss Grace Farwell, daughter of United States Senator Farwell, has just been betrothed to Dudley Winston, son of the ex-minister to Persia, and Miss Nellie Farwell, daughter of John V. Farwell, to Mr. Henry Nelson Turtle. A dinner in honor of the latter engagement is to be given to-night at the Medill mansion by Miss Josephine Medill.

Strikers Blacklisted.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., March 23.—A number of the discharged New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio strikers applied to other roads for positions, but were told they could not be employed, as they were blacklisted. The men intend bringing suits for damages against the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio company.

Fred. K. Moore Improving.

CLEVELAND, O., March 23.—Fred. K. Moore, the Cleveland man who was injured in the Buffalo hotel fire, is steadily improving. His hands and foot are terribly burned, however, and it will be weeks, perhaps months, before he will be able to get about again.

Toledo Merchant Dead in France.

TOLEDO, O., March 23.—Miles O. Carrington, one of the most prominent and oldest business men of this city, member of the produce exchange, died suddenly yesterday in Marseilles, France.

Carter Harrison Renominated.

CHICAGO, March 23.—Carter H. Harrison was renominated by acclamation by the Democratic convention this afternoon, for mayor.

THE BUFFALO HOLOCAUST.

Searching in the Ruins for the Dead—Condition of the Injured.

BUFFALO, March 22.—The hotel safe was taken from the ruins of the Richmond house this morning and opened. In two large pocket books, wrapped in thick paper and sealed, were found $20,000 worth of diamonds belonging to Max Adler, of New York, and in a leather box belonging to Louis E. Smith, of New York, between $5,000 and $10,000 worth of diamonds and jewelry.

At noon the work of tearing down the dangerous walls began. When this is completed the arduous task of searching for bodies will be renewed.

The injured at the hospitals are slowly improving, excepting Edward Wheeler, of Newburg, who is very low; Mary Nolan, a servant, who is not expected to live; Clinton Bidwell, Maggie Mulrach and Fanny Harvey, the latter two servants, whose cases are critical.

H. V. Altshul, of New York, will be able to leave in a few days; Irving A. Finch, of Scranton, Pa., is improving, and F. K. Moore will leave for Cleveland to-day in a special car accompanied by a nurse.

The list now stands as follows: Known to be dead, six; given up for dead, five; missing, six. There has been added to the list of missing since the last report, George Thompson, commercial traveler for an umbrella house, came here Thursday from Erie and was to stop at the Richmond, not heard from since, and an aged couple from New York, names unknown, who told Rev. Dr. Brown, of St. Paul's church, on Thursday night that they were stopping at the Richmond and would attend services Sunday morning. They have not been seen since the fire.

Joseph Sayers, of New York, reported missing, has turned up in Lockport. He did not stop at the Richmond.

CROP SUMMARY.

Special Report of the Condition of Crops as Furnished By the Farmers' Review.

CHICAGO, March 22.—The following crop summary will appear in this week's issue of the Farmers' Review: The reports from crop correspondents in twenty-five counties of Illinois this week are of a uniformly favorable tenor, in reference to winter wheat. The condition of wheat throughout the state at the present time is up to full average of condition for the past five years. Five counties report the condition of wheat as "fair," thirteen as "good" and seven as "fine" The tenor of the Indiana reports continues to be favorable. None of the counties reporting this week speak of any serious injury, and the crop is regarded as past any further winter injury.

Injury is reported from Ashtabula county, Ohio, but the reports from seventeen other counties in that state are all favorable. The wheat outlook in Missouri is more favorable that at any time during the three preceding years. The general situation in Kansas is slightly improved. Injury to the crop is reported in Butler, Lyon, Miama, Osago, Osborne and Potawattamie counties, but the fields are looking well in Atchison, Barton, Butler, Greenwood, Labette, Lincoln, Nemaha, Washington and Wilson counties. Injury is reported in Genesee and Wayne counties, in Michigan, and the crop in the lowlands throughout Southern Michigan exhibits damage, but the crop looks well on upland. The Wisconsin reports are favorable.

WONDERFUL SURGERY.

Tendons from a Dog's Leg Transferred to a Man's, Restoring Use of the Limb.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., March 23.—The success of a wonderful surgical operation, performed in this city nearly a year ago, has just been demonstrated. Seventeen years ago Edward K. Russell met with an accident in which the tendons in one of his legs were severed, rendering the limb useless. The operation consisted of the transferring of two tendons from a dog, which had been etherized for the purpose, to Russell's limb, where they were united with the severed tendons in that member.

For ten months after the operation Russell was not allowed to use his leg, but within a few days he has been allowed to exercise it. He has now resumed his work, and has complete control of his limb, the operation having proved to be an entire success. This is the first time that this operation has been performed in this country, though it has been previously attempted with only partial success.

Suing the Grand Jury.

RICHMOND, Va., March 22.—Some time ago Mr. W. L. Royall, counsel for the British bondholders, sued the grand jury of the Hustings court of the city of Richmond for damages, for indicting his clients, who had tendered coupons in payment for taxes. Thereupon the state attorney for Richmond filed a bill of information against Mr. Royall under the state law of barratry, and upon the ground of intimidating the grand jury. Mr. Royall was to day tried and fined $150. Mr. Royall refused to pay the fine, on the ground that the law under which he was tried was unconstitutional. He is now in the custody of the court, and will probably go to jail until the arrival of Judge Boad, of the United States court, who is expected here at 9 o'clock to-night, when an application will be made to secure his release by writ of habeas corpus.

Praying for Rain in Texas.

ABILENE, Tex., March 23.—The continued drought in this section, which almost ruined the farmers in 1886, and which bids fair to finish the job in 1887, is beginning to have a marked effect upon the public. Meetings are being held at the different churches in the city to pray for rain, such meetings being held generally throughout the surrounding country.

A Mexican Murderess.

EAGLE PASS, Tex., March 22.—At Morales, Mexico, last Saturday night, a woman named Helena Son Manuel, armed with a knife, instantly killed Andreas Almindras and mortally wounded Encarnacio Martinese, two Mexicans, who were attempting to force an entrance into her house. The woman was arrested and jailed.

A Victim of the Cincinnati Riot.

CUSHOCTON, O., March 19.—Price Reed, aged thirty-two, died yesterday of consumption. He joined Company F, Seventeenth O. N. G., in September, 1876. He was an exemplary member. His sickness was caused by exposure during the Cincinnati riot in the spring of 1884.

THE COMMISSION NAMED.

THREE DEMOCRATS AND TWO REPUBLICANS COMPOSE THE SLATE.

The Pacific Slope Not Recognized—Cooley, Morrison, Schoonmaker, Walker and Bragg Chosen—Civil Service Commissioners Defend Their Action.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—The president has appointed the following interstate commerce commission: Thomas M. Cooley, of Michigan, for the term of six years. William R. Morrison, of Illinois, for the term of five years. Augustus Schoonmaker, of New York, for the term of four years. Aldace F. Walker, of Vermont, for the term of three years. Walter L. Bragg, of Alabama, for the term of two years.

Thomas M. Cooley, of Michigan was born at Attica, New York, in 1824, studied law, and removed to Michigan in 1843, where he has since resided. He was elected a justice of the supreme court of Michigan in 1864, 1869 and 1877. He is the author of standard legal works and is now receiver of the Wabash railway.

William R. Morrison, of Illinois, was born in Illinois September 14, 1825, is a lawyer, and was in congress from 1875 to 1887.

Walter L. Bragg, of Alabama, was born in Alabama, in 1838, but resided in Arkansas from 1843 to 1861. He was educated at Harvard and Cambridge law schools. He has been a law partner of Senator Morgan. He has been president of the Alabama state railway commission.

Aldace F. Walker is a Vermont Republican lawyer, forty-four years old, who studied law with Senator Edmunds. He has studied the railroad question extensively as a member of the Vermont state senate.

Augustus Schoonmaker, of Kingston, N. Y., was born in Ulster county, New York, in 1828, and is a lawyer in active practice; was a state senator and a close friend of Governor Tilden, and in 1878, attorney general of New York, succeeding Fairchild. He was a delegate to the Democratic nominating convention of 1876, 1880 and 1884.

Of the five commissioners, Messrs. Morrison, Schoonmaker and Bragg are Democrats, and Messrs. Cooley and Walker Republicans. Until yesterday the names of Messrs. Schoonmaker and Walker were not decided upon, and it is not yet known whether they will accept, but it is believed they will.

Considerable criticism is indulged in that a Republican should be named by the president as first on the commission, but the law creating the commission gives the majority power to select a chairman from their number.

It is stated that the president gave Judge Cooley the longest term as a recompense for his surrendering the receivership of the Wabash railway system, which is more lucrative than his present appointment.

Civil Service Commissioner's Defense.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—Civil Service Commissioners Edgerton and Oberly both deny the truth of published reports that heads of executive departments are or have been systematically evading civil service laws by appointing confidential clerks and promoting clerks without competitive examinations. Mr. Oberly says they found some cases in which appointments or promotions were made without compliance with the provisions of the law, but in nearly every case of this kind it has been demonstrated by investigation that the appointment was made by inadvertance, and not with any intent to ignore or violate the law, and in every case, when the attention of the proper officials was called to the matter, it has been promptly rectified.

In some cases these appointments have grown out of a misapprehension of the law, but immediately upon the attention of the appointing power being called to the construction of the act by commission, that construction has been accepted and the appointment or promotion corrected. The official head of the Grand Army of the Republic submitted a list of forty-eight appointments in the interior department, which, it was complained, were made in violation of the civil service law. The commission took this list and investigated the matter, and found that all save six were appointed in pursuance of and compliance with provisions of the law, and these six they have not yet been able to locate. If it shall be found that the six persons are on the roll the commissioners believe it will be developed that they are there lawfully. Among the appointments included in the Grand Army list are the confidential clerks of Secretary Lamar and the assistant secretaries of the interior. The civil service commissioners hold that there is no question as to the right of such officials to appoint their confidential secretaries without competitive examination.

Not Sustained By the People.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—Dr. Sowers, fears about the president breaking down physically, are not shared by the people at the executive mansion, and are ridiculed by laymen who know and see the president frequently. Col. Lamont says the president likes much exercise as most men, and does not weigh as much as he did when he first came to Washington. The president, the colonel says, seems to be enjoying perfect health, and surely this statement is corroborated by plenty of people here who frequently see and converse with the president. Dr. Sowers' warning does not worry the president, nor create any alarm among his intimate friends and acquaintances.

Republican Convention in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, March 23.—The Republicans of Cincinnati held their convention here yesterday. Maj. Ben. Butterworth presided. Resolutions were adopted indorsing the administration of Mayor Amor Smith, Jr., that of Governor Foraker, commending the course of the two congressmen, the work of the Ohio legislature and condemning the president's vetoes of pension bills and the discharge of union soldiers from offices now controlled by Democrats. Amor Smith, jr., was unanimously renominated for mayor. Fred W. Moore was nominated for judge of the superior court, Al Bohrer for city treasurer, Emil Rolse for police court clerk, John C. Schwartz for city treasurer, Theodore Horstmann for city solicitor, and John A. Caldwell for police judge.

Beecher's Pulpit.

BROOKLYN, March 21.—Plymouth pulpit was occupied yesterday morning by Rev. J. W. Malcolm, of the Seventh Avenue Congregational church, this city. Dr. Abbott, who had arranged to preach, was too ill to perform that duty. There was a good attendance of members of the church, but few strangers. Rev. George E. Reed, Methodist, preached in the evening. Dr. Armitage, of the Fifth Avenue Baptist church, New York, will officiate next Sunday morning.

Forestry Congress of America.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 23. Several gentlemen interested in agriculture and horticulture have written letters here within the past few weeks, expressing a desire to have the next September meeting of the Forestry Congress of America held in Illinois. With this view a resolution has been prepared, and will be introduced in the legislature early in the week, extending an invitation to the officers to call the meeting in this state.

BOUNDARY LINE IN DISPUTE.

A Gold Mine Liable to Cause Trouble Between Canada and the United States.

OTTAWA, March 21.—The discovery of rich gold deposits in British Columbia, close to the imaginary boundary line between that province and Alaska, it is feared, may lead to serious trouble, if the actual boundary is not defined before any attempt is made to develop these valuable finds. In view of the valuable discovery of gold in the Pacific province the Dominion government has decided on sending out a party to make geological survey of that part of the country, in which minerals have been found, and to ascertain as near as possible to whom they belong, whether to the United States or to the Dominion. The party will, it is expected, leave here for the Yukon district in April.

Dr. Bell, assistant chief of the Geological society, says he believes the valuable mining lands between the headwaters of the Lowes river and Mount St. Elias will become a source of dispute between the United States and Canada on account of the indefinite boundary line. Referring to the country between the headwaters of the Lowes river and Mount St. Elias, which lies directly west of it, and which abounds in silver, copper, lead and iron ore, Dr. Bell says as the Americans have got ahead of Canada in the territorial deal, the Dominion must not look forward quietly to being done out of this valuable territory, which he maintains properly belongs to Canada. An effort will be made during the coming session of parliament to secure an appropriation to commence a survey of the British Columbia boundary, in the hope that the United States government will co-operate, and definitely fix the boundary line, and thus remove all possibility of dispute.

A WARNING TO CANADA.

Awakening of the Public Mind to the Danger She is Rushing Into.

ST. JOHN, N. B., March 23.—The Globe prints the following editorial: "The country will soon wake up to the folly of the policy of the government in regard to the fisheries. The Journal at one time, almost single handed, from the first dissented from that policy. It was a policy which began in neglect, has been followed in ignorance, and is now being pushed to the verge of what almost seems like insanity. We are glad to see some signs in the press that there is an awakening of the public mind to the danger which is threatening the country.

"On the third of March, when the retaliatory bill passed the congress of the United States, we pointed out what its effect would be. If the president puts any part of the machinery of that bill in force he will strike a blow against the sole surviving interest here which is at all pecuniarily beneficial—our coasting trade with the United States. The papers in western Canada appear to think that because their interests are not menaced there is no danger to the country.

"We again warn people of the maritime provinces that their best interests are imperiled, that the first act on the part of our officials to harass American trade such as a refusal to sell bait, to carry fish over our railroads, to enforce recklessly our customs regulations against American fishermen, will in all probability compel the president to put into force the law, and that the burden will fall upon the vessels and trade of these three provinces."

HEAVY STORMS IN THE EAST.

Sleet and Snow Storms in New England Destroy the Telegraph Wires.

BOSTON, March 23. At 6:40 a. m sleet commenced to fall along the New England coast, but turned to a heavy rain, with thick fog over the water. At the same time it was snowing in New Hampshire and Vermont. The storm is passing in a northeasterly direction, the wind blowing from the southeast to northwest. The greatest velocity of the wind was at 10:40 a m., which was blowing forty-four miles an hour. About 10 o'clock the Baltimore & Ohio lost all their wires between this city and New York, and the Western Union reported Cincinnati, Cleveland, Columbus, Toledo, Detroit and Chicago lost. Around Boston the rain fall is heavy, but in northern New England a corresponding fall of snow was experienced

In Vermont.

RUTLAND, Vt., March 23.—It has been snowing heavily all day with a strong north wind. The snow is drifting and a number of trains are snowbound. The Montreal train is at Vergennes unable to proceed further.

In Massachusetts.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., March 23.—A severe snow storm has prevailed all day. Trains are delayed by drifts. The snow is eighteen inches deep on a level.

Senator Cameron for President.

HARRISBURG, PA., March 22. During Senator Cameron's recent visit to this city, a conference was held at the residence of his father, Gen. Simon Cameron, at which the question of the Senator's candidacy for president was discussed. C. L. Magee, who is known as the Cameron manager in state politics, and Henry Bush, of Reading, another trusted lieutenant, were present. After weighing the subject in all its phases, the senator is understood to have given authority to his friends to press his name on the Republicans of the state, and they confidently claim that the delegation from this state in the next convention will be solid for Cameron.

Willie Selis Confesses.

ERIE, Kas., March 23.—Willie Selis, the boy murderer, who is under sentence of death for the killing of his father, mother, brother and sister, but who has always protested his innocence, has now confessed his guilt. He says his brother Watie first killed his father with a hatchet during a quarrel. Willie being enraged at this, seized the hatchet and killed Watie. Then finding that he was observed by his mother and sister, he killed them in the same way, being greatly excited and hardly knowing why he did it.

Wholesale Arrest of Chinese.

PHILADELPHIA, March 21.—The police last night raided six Chinese gambling places, arrested 23 Chinamen, and captured a large quantity of opium and smokers' outfits.

A Centenarian Dead.

BOSTON, March 23.—Mrs. Mary Doherty died at No. 37 Margin street. She was undoubtedly the oldest person in Boston, having been born in Ireland 111 years ago.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

CHAPMAN.

Cyrus O. Young, with his life partner, intend to commence housekeeping on his (Sce) farm.

We notice from the Brookfield correspondence that Tuscarawas township has quite a surplus in their treasury after their general settlement. We would suggest that that the trustees appropriate a part of their surplus to make the roads in the northern part of their township passable, for it stands badly in need of it.

On Saturday eve, March 26th, a grand entertainment will be given, consisting of dramas, farces, vocal and instrumental music, the proceeds to go towards the benefit of our Sunday school. The management is placed in competent hands and a good time can safely be expected. Turn out and patronize a good cause, and at the same time give our folks a boom.

The notice of J. Lawack & Son, Prop., of the Fulton broom factory in the issue of March 4, escaped our eye until after our last week's items had been sent in. They deny what appeared in our items some time ago. We would simply say that it was so reported to us, and as we never frequent such places we are unprepared to prove the rumor, but we are prepared to prove their honesty, for we know of flesh that was put on their bones six years ago that has not been paid for.

Mr Halloway, telegraph operator at Paul's Station and a local detective shadowed one of Coxy's quarrymen for some time on suspicion of being one of the Ravenna murderers. he finally sent for Fulton's marshal, and after sizing the man up concluded to arrest him and take him to Fulton. At his hearing he proved himself to be a Salvationist from Canton So the three or four thousand dollers that they had in their minds had disappeared, and the man is again at work for Mr J. S. Coxy

NAVARRE.

Miss Rosa Reff, of Canton, is visiting with her grandma on Canal street

B. F Read expects to leave us in the near future and take up his abode among North Industry's hills.

Mr. D B. Prosser, who has been so seriously ill all winter, was seen upon our streets last Wednesday

Protracted meeting commenced in the U. B church on last Sunday evening, with Revs. Lemasters and Shisser at the helm.

The organization of a Knights of Pythias lodge has been effected, and this evening the institution of Navarre Lodge No. 240, K. of P. will take place.

Rev E. P. Herbruck's lecture "London the Great," was attended by a large audience last Tuesday evening The gentleman is a fine orator, and the lecture was well rendered.

Navare's business men are seeking centralization, and it appears as though they were going to accomplish their desires. The *Independent* office will move from Rochester square to center square about April 1.

The prospect for a town hall for Navarre seemed very bright last week, and the council, which thought that for once they had done their duty, exulted in apparent success But this week, those opposed to the grand improvement, raised a dissenting voice in an alarming manner, and the town hall project does not look so hopeful. How strange it is that Navarre should have such a "harmonious" set of workers. A change in politics might do some of them good.

ELTON.

Mrs. Mary Galehouse is visiting her daughter Mrs. Daniel Bonghman.

Pay day Saturday and Elton assumed the usual hilarity of such occasions.

The face of Mr. Kinney, our most prosperous Italian, is beaming like the noon-day sun over the little heir who came to his house recently.

Mrs. Eggensweller, a wealthy old lady living in the country, was buried on Wednesday, her husband having preceded her to the grave only a few weeks.

Mr and Mrs. Klingel were reminded of their wedding anniversary by the entrance of a number of their friends last Saturday. Notwithstanding their surprise, they entertained in their usual charming manner. An elegant dinner was served. A novel feature of the occasion was the lemonade made from the lemons grown on Mrs. Huston's trees.

A writer in a recent issue of a Baptist paper says: "The Juniata Association, the Redstone Association, and the Baltimore Association, were once large and flourishing bodies, but in an evil day, under the combined influence of human selfishness and of a one-sided and exaggerated view of the truth they adopted anti-mission sentiments: they denounced the folly and presumption of going to preach to the heathen, 'as if God did not know his own business' (their exact words). What the result has been is no secret. Once the Baptists were strong all through the lower tier of counties, but anti-mission has been the death of them." The church that sinneth after this manner "it shall die." The result is the same whether the sin arise from "anti mission" or "o-mission" practices. —*Nashville Christian Advocate.*

PENCHANT PARAGRAPHS.

A CONDENSATION OF THE TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Political Pointers and Personal Palavers. Labor, Love and Trades' Trials—Rail Rumblings—Foreign Fancies and Fires. Casualties and Crimes—News Notes.

Senator Sherman and party are in Florida.

It is rumored the president is giving some attention to the name of Theodore Cook, of Cincinnati, for the United States treasuryship.

The Bay State Club Democratic organization of Boston gave its annual dinner at the Revere house. Speaker Carlisle was the orator of the occasion.

Major Charles H. Blackburn, a brilliant Cincinnati attorney and orator, has changed his life and become an evangelist.

Sherman and his party have reached Havana.

The Lynchburg Virginian was sold at auction to a syndicate of the leading business men of that city. Alex McDonald, present editor of the News, will assume editorial control.

Ex-Secretary Manning sailed on the Arizona for Europe on Tuesday.

Gen. E S. Bragg, now living at Fond du Lac, has been made partially blind by paralysis

Archbishop Corrigan has returned to New York from Nassau, much improved in health.

Dr. Parker, of London, is talked about as Beecher's successor in the Plymouth pulpit. He ranks next to Spurgeon in popularity.

Cable Sparks.

The 131 soldiers and officers concerned in the recent revolt at Rustchuk, Bulgaria, have been sentenced to imprisonment for terms carying from three years to life.

A deadly plague of cholera is raging in Chili

The sultan of Morocco is enforcing a total liquor and tobacco abstinence law.

Prussia has proposed to the pope that he call a European congress to settle the eastern and Egyptian questions, and that in such event Bismarck would propose general disarmament.

The plotters against the czar's life, who were lying in wait for him with bombs, when arrested were six students. The assassination was to be a part of a conspiracy to overthrow the czar and establish a constitutional government. It is not connected with Nihilism. Large numbers of land owners have been arrested for abetting the scheme

Railroad Reading.

Emmons Blaine has been appointed general passenger agent of the Chicago, Santa Fe & California railroad.

The proposed Huntington bridge at Cincinnati must be forty three feet above high-water mark. So it has been decided by the government

The Ohio legislature has passed a bill authorizing the sale of the Southern railway by the substance of the question to the people of Cincinnati annually. An amendment to the bill awaits the concurrence of the senate.

The system of numbering the hours of the day from 12 to 24 is gaining favor with the railroads.

Compliance with the inter-state railroad law will probably not prevent reduced rates for summer tours.

The new fast mail between New York and Kansas City made its first trip in ninety nine hours and fifty nine minutes.

Fire Record.

Heywood Bros., furniture storage warehouse, New York City, was damaged to the extent of $20,000 by fire.

At Howell, Mich., a number of business houses and a row of frame dwellings were burned, causing a loss of $67,000. The fire originated in the store of F. N. Monroe, chairman of the county Prohibition party committee. An attempt was also made to assassinate Tom Clark, the night watchman. Monroe had been warned by the saloon keepers to stop his prohibition work.

White's lubricating oil works at Cincinnati were burned with a loss of $75,000.

A fire in Buffalo destroyed Hiller Greiner & Co.'s wholesale grocery, with a loss of $280,000; also the Masonic Temple valued at $55,000, and damaged the Commercial Advertiser office.

Labor Notes.

At Feary's shoe factory, Albany, N. Y., 325 hands have struck

The strike of freight men on the Pittsburg division of the Baltimore & Ohio is breaking up.

The striking shoemakers at Worcester, Mass., are growing violent, and have threatened to put non-union men to death.

Five hundred miners in the Shenango valley, Pa., have struck for higher wages.

The six hundred strikers at the American Wire works, Cleveland, have been paid off and discharged.

A big strike is probable among the employes of a large Cincinnati safe manufactory.

Forty-three employes of the government printing office at Washington have been discharged to reduce expenses.

Casualties.

Samuel Moore was found mangled on the railroad track at Lafayette, Ind., and died.

Charles Leehers, aged eighty years, residing near Sandoval, Ill., fell down a flight of stairs and was instantly killed.

Charles Kase, engaged in painting a building in Philadelphia, was precipitated ninety feet to the ground by the breaking of a scaffold. His skull was crushed.

J. N. Webster, of Des Moines, Iowa, father-in-law of J. B. Wakefield, president of the San Francisco Stock board, while enroute to visit the latter, fell from the train in some way and later died.

Hugh Dennison and wife, of Brace Bridge, Ont., were burned to death in their dwelling.

The Death Roll.

N. T. Stratton, ex-congressman of New Jersey, is dead.

Cyril Searle, actor, husband of Rose Eytinge, died at Savannah, Ga.

Ex-Congressman Nathan T. Stratton, of New Jersey, is dead, aged seventy-three years.

Lytton Edward Sothern, the actor, son of the late E. A. Sothern, is dead.

Mme Forget has died of injuries received by the bursting of a bomb shell at the storming of the ice castle at Montreal during the carnival.

Business Troubles.

The clothier L. Levinson, New York, has failed with $280,000 liabilities

George S. Crawford, dealer in hard wood lumber, Cincinnati, has assigned.

James Driscoll & Sons, carriage manufacturers at Springfield, O., have failed. Liabilities $65,000.

The tobacco factory of E. A. Smith & Co., Philadelphia, was seized by the sheriff. The liabilities of the firm amount to $300,000; assets about $250,000.

Political Pointers.

An effort is being made to reapportion Philadelphia so that Congressman Randall's district will be made strongly Republican.

The United Labor party in St. Louis has nominated a city ticket.

NEWS IN A NUT SHELL.

Fresh, Crispy Gleanings of Recent Noteworthy Happenings and Events.

In New York City, Sunday, Benjamin Leventhal, nineteen years old, quarreled with his father, shooting and killing him. He then fired two shots into his own head and died almost instantly.

An unknown but fatal sheep disease has appeared near Paris, Ky.

In a fist fight between boys at Yonkers, N. Y., one of them was killed with a knock-down blow.

The Polar Telegraph company, with a capital of $100,000, has been incorporated at Minneapolis

The Ohio legislature is preparing for a big rush of local measures during the last week of the session.

A number of United States courts will soon close up shop on account of a shortage in appropriation.

Isaac Helfelfinger, a good-for-naught of Monroeville, Ind., was found frozen to death Monday morning

A mail pouch was stolen from the junction south of Lafayette, Ind., and the rifled letters were found scattered in the neighborhood.

The Polar Telegraph company, from Minneapolis north, has been incorporated with a capital of $100,000.

In a carousal at Scranton, Pa., James Barrett, a miner, shot and killed the two Murrelli brothers and wounded others.

The Ashland iron mine, at Ironwood, Mich., a promising speculation, has been sold to the Penokee & Gogebic Developing company.

At Moorehead, Rowen county, Kentucy, in a street banter, John Trumbo innocently drew a revolver and pulling the trigger, shot J. N. Wircher dead.

Albert Parr, the messenger boy of New York, who skipped recently with $29,650 in non-negotiable checks, has been found with tramps in New Jersey.

John McNady, for many years passenger conductor on the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago railway, was found dead on the floor of his grocery. Cause of death, intemperance.

There is a great scandal in New York Masonic circles, and Dio lodges have had their charters taken from them because of the admission of Tom Gould, Jere Dunn and other noted crooks

At Philadelphia George Simon, aged thirteen years, was found hanging in the cellar of his home. He had been reading an account of the suicide of a girl, which led him to follow her example.

The United States supreme court has postponed consideration of a question, which is construed as a set-back of the Standard oil company, and the Lake Shore railroad, charged with discrimination in freight rates in favor of the Standard oil company.

The man who shot Officer O'Neill, in Boston, last Saturday morning, is Thos. Wallace Kane. He is supposed to have been connected with the various safe burglaries recently perpetrated in that neighborhood. He is still at large. The doctors think O'Neill has about an even chance of recovery.

The Connecticut senate has passed eulogistic resolutions on the late Henry Ward Beecher

David Jordon, of Cincinnati, is wanted in New York to inherit a big section of property. He will doubtless turn up instanter

Thomas Hartman killed Ira Alexander with a shotgun near Dover, Ind. The two quarreled over a little money matter.

The governor of Tennessee has signed the bill providing for the submission of a prohibitory constitutional amendment to a vote of the people

The Irish of Washington will not parade on St. Patrick's day, but will save their money and send it to the poor in Ireland and to the Nationalist leaders.

The coroner's verdict in the Denmead cases at New Brunswick, N. J., declares the deceased came to their end from lack of medical attendance during sickness.

MARKET REVIEW.

Latest Quotations From Cincinnati and Elsewhere for March 16.

FLOUR Firm; $3.75@4.00 family, $2.35@3.65

WHEAT No 2 red $ @ c, No. 2, 82@83c.

CORN No 2 mixed, 38@ , No 2 mixed, 39c.

OATS No 2 mixed, 28@ 28 @ c; No 2 mixed, 24@24 @c No 1 white 30@3 @

LARD Firm, $18.00@18.25@ regular, $18.00@18.25.

LARD Kettle 8c @ @c.

BACON Steady, clear sides, 8.30@ 9c.

CHEESE Firm at 6@7c for choice Ohio, 12@12½c; New York, 12@12 @c.

POULTRY Common chickens, $2.25@2.50 per dozen fair to prime, $2.75@2.85; choice $3.00@3.25; ducks, $2.50@3.50; live turkeys, 8@9c.

WOOL Tub and medium clothing, 25@26c; fine merino, 23@24c, common, 15@16c; fleece-washed medium clothing, 31@32c; combing, 30@32c; fine merino, A and AX, 28@29c; burr and colts, burr, tub washed, 3 @ 8c; pulled, 36c.

HAY No. 1 timothy, $10.00@11.00, No. 2, $9.00 @10.00; mixed, $8.00; prairie, $5.00@7.50; wheat, oats and rye straw, $5.00@6.00.

CATTLE Good to choice butchers, $4.85@4.60; fair $3.50@4.25; common, $2.00@2.75; stockers and feeders, $2.75@3.25; yearlings and calves $3.00@5.25.

HOGS Select butchers, $5.35@5.42½; fair to good packing, $5.10@5.30; fair to good light, $5.30 @5.40; common, $4.75@5.00; culls, $4.00@4.80

SHEEP Common to fair, $3.75@4.50, good to choice, $4.50@4.80; common to fair lambs, $4.00@4.75, good to choice, $4.75@5.50.

Boston Wool Market.

Receipts of wool for the past week, 1,320 bales domestic, 2,644 bales foreign; sales, 2,13 ,800 lbs. domestic, 538,0 0 lbs. Quotations: Ohio AX and above, 34@ do XX, 3 @ c; do X, 31@32c; do No 1, 33@ Michigan A, 30@ Michigan No. 1, 31@33; fine Ohio delaine, A, 36@ Michigan delaine, 33@ ; unmerchantable Michigan, A, 24@ unmerchantable Ohio, A, 27@; No. 1 combing washed, 35@; Kentucky three-eighths blood, combing, 31@; do one-quarter blood, combing, 28@; Texas fine, twelve months, 25@ ; do fine, six to eight months, 19@23c do medium, twelve months, 25@27c; do medium, six to eight months, 24@; do fall, fine, 18@20c; do, medium, 2 @ 22; Georgia, unwashed, 30@31c; California northern, spring, free, 25@27c; Southern California, spring, free, @ 15c; California, burry and defective, 12@16c; free, fall, 15@20c; Southern fall, @ 15c; Eastern Oregon, ordinary, 16@ 18c; Eastern Oregon, choice, 21@23c; Valley Oregon, No 1, 25@26c; do No 2, 20@ 8; do No. 3, 21@22c; Wyoming, fine, 19@20c; do, three-eighths blood, 23@24c; do, one-half blood, 21@23; do medium, 21@ 5c; Montana fine choice 21@23c; do, average, 20@22c; fine medium choice, 24@ 26c; do do, average 23@ 24c; medium choice, 25c; do average, 23@24c; low, 20c; Maine superfine, 43@44c; Eastern A supers, 37@ 40c; do, B supers, 35@ 3 c, Western superfine, 30@35c; extra, 30@ 33c; combing, pulled, 32@35c; Montevallo, 30@ 31c; Australian cross-bred, 30@ 42; do combing, 46 @ 46c, do clothing, 34@39c.

Pittsburg.

CATTLE Closing strong; $5.00@5.30; fair to good, $4.75@5.00; common, $4.00@4.50. Receipts, 11 head; shipments, 95 head.

HOGS Active; receipts, 600 head; shipments, 700 head; Philadelphias, $5.35@5.40; best Yorkers, $5.00@5 ; fair, $5.30@5.00; common and high, $5.00@5.25.

SHEEP Firm; prime $5.10@5.30; fair to good, $4.50@4.80; common, $3.00@4.50; lambs, $4.00@6.00. Receipts, 1,100 head; shipments, 2,800 head.

New York.

WHEAT No. 1 state red, 91½c; No. 2 red winter, 9 ¾ May, 91½.

CORN Mixed, 51c; May, 48½c.

OATS No. 1 white state, 30@ ; No. 2, 31¾c.

CATTLE $4.00@5.65 per 100 lbs, live weight.

HOGS $5 @6.25 per 100 lbs.

SHEEP $4.25@5.75 per 100 lbs live weight.

COTTON Quiet; middling uplands, 9 ¾c; do New Orleans, 10 1-16c; March, 9.87c; April, 9.89; May, 9.9 c; June, 10 1 c; July, 10.05c; August, 10.15c; September, 9 c; October, 9.7 c

Chicago.

CATTLE Choice to extra shipping, $3.75@5.25; mixed, $2.40@3.85; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.50.

HOGS Fair to good, $5.20@5.90; mixed packing, $5.10@ ; choice to , $5.30@5.65.

SHEEP Common to , $3.25@4.85; lambs, 4.00@5.75

Toledo.

WHEAT No cash, 2 red, May, 83¼c

CORN Quiet at 39 @c; May, 42½c

OATS Neglected; cash, 30c.

MASSILLON.

Wheat, per bushel	80.80
Oats	30
Corn	38@40
Barley	65@70
Hay, per ton	10.00
Eggs per doz	18
Chickens per lb	02
Butter	26
Potatoes	30@30
Family flour, per sack	1.05@1.00

Health Bulletin.

Reports to the State Board of Health from 88 observers, (embracing 53 counties), show the following diseases to prevail for the week ending Friday noon, March 11, 1887. Last two columns of figures are for previous week based on report of 74 observers

FORM OF DISEASE (In the order of prevalence.	No who report cases.	No. of cases reported.	No. who report cases.	No. of Cases reported.
Bronchitis, (acute)	67	318	45	132
Tonsillitis	35	61	27	45
Pneumonia	33	78	26	42
Rheumatism, (acute)	31	57	22	36
Intermittent fever	23	42	18	35
Diphtheria	16	38	16	39
Pleurisy	18	22	15	23
Measles	33	315	13	218
Remittent fever	24	14	13	19
Erysipelas	20	24	13	15
Consumption	20	2	9	15
Croup membranous	2	2	7	8
Dysentery	8	12	6	7
Scarlet fever	4	8	5	25
Typho-malarial fever	8	10	6	6
Typhoid fever	3	6	4	4
Whooping cough	12	75	3	11

Acute Bronchitis and Measles the prevailing diseases. New cases of Diphtheria reported in the following counties: Monroe, Muskigum, Asthabula, Adams, Crawford, Columbiana, Hamilton, Licking, Putman, Ross, Franklin, Tuscarawas and Union. Scarlet fever reported in Van Wert, Ottawa, Hamilton and Ashland counties. Measles prevails in Shelby, Adams, Perry, Allen and Union counties.

C. O Probst, Secretary.

RAILROAD MATTERS.

Mr. Corbin may be an awful smart railroad financier, but he has much to learn in regard to managing the coal trade. For instance, his company after taking orders and being unable to fill them because of any labor troubles, cannot calmly cancel those orders. That is to say, not if they expect to continue in business.—*Coal Trade Journal.*

For the year ending Oct. 31, 1886, the total receipts to the Parent Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal church were $992,128. To which, however, might be added $10,000 raised by the South India Conference to equal a life sum voted them by the General Committee for the prosecution of work within the bounds of that Conference. This would make the grand total $1,002,128. Of this amount, excluding the $10,000 referred to, $827,592 was raised by collections, the balance was received from legacies and sundry sources. The General Committee has called for a million for missions for 1887, by collections only. This will require an advance in the collections of $162,407 for the year, or an increase of $3 170 for each week.

A Chinese convert said, "A man who is a sinner is like a man who has fallen down a pit. There came by a Confucian philosopher, and gave the man a lecture: 'What a fool you were to fall in there. I advise you when you are out not to fall in again,' and passed by. Then there came a Buddhist priest, and in a tone of pity he said, 'Oh, poor man, I am very sorry for you, but I cannot reach so far down; but if you could climb up half way I could help you.' 'Ah, sir,' said the poor sinner, 'but that is my trouble—if I could climb up half way I could climb the rest.' 'Then I cannot help you, there you must lie.' Then the Lord Jesus came by, and with an Almighty arm of grace He stooped as low as the poor man had fallen and lifted him, not to the edge of the pit, where he could fall in again, but into a safe place where he was safe forever."

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., N. Y. 5-48-c-p-nr-t-c-or-tmf

Hurrah Smokers!

If you want a good Cigar call for

Phil. Blumenschein's

Brands of Cigars.

They will give you good satisfaction. Try them and be convinced.

Store room and factory corner of Main and Erie streets, up stairs. Retail store in Hotel Conrad.

WEST MAIN STREET,

MASSILLON, OHIO

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST

Ladies' Gold Watch

IN THE CITY.

A $35 WATCH FOR $25.

At Miller's Jewelry Store,

Corner Main and Mill streets. (In Park Drug Store.)

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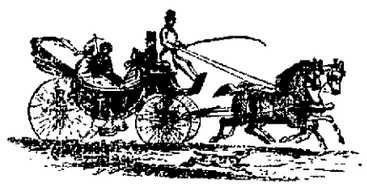
LIVERY,



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Cor. Mill and Plum Sts., Massillon, O.

All calls promptly answered. Telephone No. 77. Your patronage is solicited. My aim is to give satisfaction and fair prices.

West MASSILLON COAL Co.,

P. SONNHALTER & CO., Prop'rs,

Miners of the finest quality of Massillon coal, best quality of Massillon lump and pure nut for cook stove use. Coarse and fine slack for base burners

City Office at C. Warth's Grocery, West Main Street. City Telephone 28. City Agent and Collector, G.W. SCHROCK Bank Telephone 60

H. F. OEHLER'S

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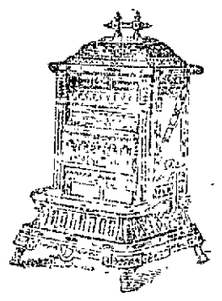

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House Furnishing Goods.

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R. A. PINN,

Real Estate Dealer

—AND—

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

No. 24 East Main Street,

MASSILLON, - - - - - OHIO

House and lot on Akron street, one lot north of State street.

Good farm, 105 acres, well improved, on Canton road.

Three new dwelling houses and one vacant lot on West Tremont street.

The Newstetter house on South East street.

A large lot fronting on West Main street.

Kent Jarvis' Second Addition, below Russell & Co.'s hops:

W. ½ of lots No 32, 33 and 34 on Chester street

Lot No 6 on Erie street.

E. ½ of lots No 25, 26 and 27 Edwin street.

Lots No. 55, 56, 57 and 58, Edwin street.

W. ½ or lots No 47 and 48 Dwight street.

One cheap dwelling house in Taylor Clay, addition to Massillon, North of Cherry street.

HARDWARE!

S. A. Conrad & Co.

MAIN STREET, MASSILLON,

dealers in Foreign and Domestic

HARDWARE

Consisting of a fine selectio of

COACH TRIMMINGS,

SADDLERY,

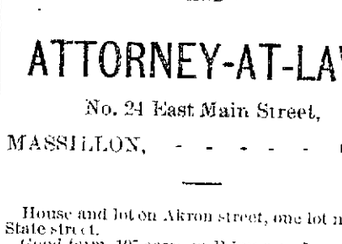
CUTELRY

with a large stock of

Scythes, Forks, Hay-Hooks,

Paints, Glass, Etc.,

DR. F. Z. GROFF,



Veterinary Surgeon,

Office and Infirmary near Sippo Station, 3½ miles west of Massillon.

Will treat diseases of all domestic animals, also perform all operations of surgery by the latest improved methods. Calls promptly attended to night or day. Residence connected with Massillon Telephone Exchange, also branch office at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store, where full information can be had at all times, with telephone privileges. Postoffice Sippo, Ohio.

FURNITURE!

I desire to say that all those in need of Furniture of any kind, can not fail to be suited both in regard to

GOODS AND PRICES,

My stock will comprise all grades of

Parlor, Chamber, Kitchen and Office

FURNITURE.

SUCH AS

Parlor Suits,
Chamber Suits,
Bedsteads,
Bureaus,
Tables,
Lounges,
SPRING BEDS,
Hair,
Husk and
Sea Grass
Mattresses
and the original
Woven Wire Mattress

AND OTHER SPRING BOTTOMS.

Thankful for favors bestowed upon me in the past, I hope by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of the same.

JOHN H. OGDEN.

Real Estate!

James R. Dunn,

—Administrator of the—

Estate of Kent Jarvis,

—AND—

Dealer in Real Estate,

Offers for sale a long list of city property, etc., consisting of

Fine Business Property,

Well Located Residence Property,

And Nearly 200 Splendid Building Lots.

All for sale on the most Reasonable Terms.

Will Build Houses

for purchasers of lots when desired, giving long time for back payments. Remember these lots are scattered all over the city.

Wall Paper!

You can always find a complete assortment of

Wall Paper and Fine Decorations,
Window Curtains,
Shade Rollers. Cornices,
Poles and Room Mouldings. Also

LARGE STOCK OF

PAINTS, OILS VARNISH,

Mixed Paint Ready for Use.

House and Sign Painting, Paper Hanging and decorating done promptly, in town or country.

J. M. Walker,

No. 6 North Erie St.,

MASSILLON, OHIO.

TO HORSE OWNERS.

A fine line of horse cuts has been added to the job printing department, and those wishing pedigree cards, will find it to their advantage to order them through this establishment.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

VOL. XXIV---NO. 40. MASSILLON, OHIO, MARCH 25 1887. WHOLE NO. 1,235.

Largest Assortment!
CHOICET STYLES AND
Lowest Prices
ARE THE INDUCEMENTS WE OFFER
In Our Carpet Department.

We take measures, cut, fit and put down carpets as low as any house in the country.

We Invite

An inspection of our goods. We will guarantee to give you good goods at the

Lowest Rates.

Our styles are all of the new spring colorings. Come and see while the assortment is complete at

RICKS' STORE,
MAIN STREET.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ATTORNEYS.

R. W. McCAUGHEY, Attorney at Law, office over Dielhenn's Arcade Store, Erie street, Massillon, Ohio.

COLE & REINOEHL, Attorneys at Law and Notaries Public, office over Marks Bros. store Erie street, Massillon, Ohio.

WILLISON & GARRETT, Attorneys-at-Law, Rooms Nos. 11 and 11½ Opera Block.

ROBERT H. FOLGER, Attorney at Law, U. S. Commissioner, Commissioner of Deeds for New York and Pennsylvania, and Notary Public Office second floor Tremont Block, No. 46 South Erie street, Massillon, O. Will give strict attention to all business entrusted to his care in Stark and the adjoining counties.

BANKS.

UNION NATIONAL BANK, Massillon, Ohio. Jos. Coleman, President, J. H. Hunt, Cashier.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, Erie street, Massillon, Ohio. $150,000 Capital. S. Hunt, President; C. Steese Cashier.

GERMAN DEPOSIT BANK, Hotel Conrad Block. Dealers in promissory notes, manufacturers' scrip and exchange. Collections made in all cities and towns in the United States.
P. G. ALBRIGHT, Cashier.

CIGAR MANUFACTURERS.

PETER SAILER, manufacturer and wholesale Cigar dealer Factory corner Erie and Tremont streets.

PHIL. BLUMENSCHEIN, wholesale and retail dealer in Cigars. Factory and store room No. 59 West Main street.

DRUGGISTS.

W. H. McCALL & CO., Druggists. Prescription work a specialty. Dealers in stationery, blank books and school supplies. A full line of druggist's sundries.

Z. T. BALTZLY, dealer in Drugs, Medicines, and Chemicals, Perfumery and Fancy articles, Stationery and Blank Books, Opera House, Massillon, Ohio

DENTISTS.

E. CHIDESTER, Dentist, over Humberger & Son's store. Nitrous oxide gas administered for painless extraction of teeth.

FURNITURE.

JOHN H. OGDEN, Furniture Dealer and Undertaker, No. 23 West Main street.

DRY GOODS.

HUMBERGER & SON, dealers in General Dry Goods, Notions, Fancy Goods, etc. No. 8 East Main Street.

PHYSICIANS.

H. B. GARRIGUES, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon,
Office hours, 8:30 to 10:30 A. M.
2 P. M. to 5 P. M.
7 P. M. to 9 P. M.
Office in H. Beatty's block, formerly occupied by Dr. Barrick. Near corner of Main and Erie streets. Residence Charles and Hill street, near Methodist church.

H. C. ROYER, M. D
SURGEON.
Office Hours: 7 A. M. to 9:30 A. M.
12 M. to 2 P. M.
5 P. M. to 7 P. M.
Office and Residence 100 E. Main St., Massillon, O.

DR. W. H. KIRKLAND, Homeopathic Practice. Office No. 59 East Main street, Massillon, Ohio. Office hours, 7 to 8 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m.. Office open day and night.

F. E. SEAMAN, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon.
Office hours: 7 to 10 A. M.
1 to 3 P. M.
6 to 8 P. M.
Office at east end of Rover Block on West Main St. Office open day and night.

HARDWARE.

S. A. CONRAD & CO., Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Hardware, etc., Main street.

MANUFACTORIES.

MASSILLON CONTRACTING AND BUILDING CO., Manufacturers of Doors Sash Blinds, Mouldings, etc.

HESS, SNYDER & CO., manufacturers of Novelty Pumps, Stoves, Engines, Mill and Mining Machinery. Works on South Erie street.

RUSSELL & CO., manufacturers of Threshing Machines, Portable, Semi-Portable and Traction Engines, Horse Powers, Saw Mills, &c.

MASSILLON ROLLING MILL, Joseph Corns & Son, Proprietors, manufacturers of a superior quality of Merchant Bar and Blacksmith Iron.

MASSILLON GLASS FACTORY, manufactures Green Glass Hollow Ware Beer Bottles, Flasks, &c.

MASSILLON IRON BRIDGE COMPANY Manufacturers of Bridges, Roofs and General Iron Structures.

GROCERIES.

DATWATER & SON. Established in 1832. Forwarding and Commission Merchant and dealer in all kinds of Country Produce. Warehouse in Atwater's Block, Exchange street.

ALBRIGHT & CO., Cash Grocery and Provision Dealers, Queensware, etc., No. 25 East Main street Goods delivered free of charge.

TINNERS.

HENRY F. OEHLER, dealer in Stoves, Tinware, House Furnishing Goods, etc. No. 14 West Main street.

REAL ESTATE.

P. G. ALBRIGHT, dealer in all kinds of Real Estate. Office in German Deposit Bank.

MUSIC.

PROF. C. F. BALFOUR, teacher of Instrumental and Vocal Music. Address box 352, Massillon. Residence, corner of Akron and State streets.

MOST PERFECT MADE

Prepared with strict regard to Purity, Strength, and Healthfulness. Dr. Price's Baking Powder contains no Ammonia, Lime, Alum or Phosphates. Dr. Price's Extracts, Vanilla, Lemon, etc., flavor deliciously.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO. CHICAGO, AND ST. LOUIS.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE
—OF—
REAL ESTATE.

In pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Stark County, Ohio, I will offer for sale at public auction on

Saturday, the 19th day of April, A. D. 1887

the following described real estate, situated in the county of Stark and State of Ohio, to-wit:

Tract No. 1 described as follows: being situated in the city of Massillon in said county, and known as being a part of lot lettered "E" on the original map or plat of the town, now city, of Massillon, and subsequently in the Massillon Rolling Mill Company's alteration and sub-division of lots numbered twenty-seven (27), bounded as follows: Beginning at the southeast corner of lot lettered "I" (public grounds), and running thence southwardly along the west line of Erie street fifty (50) feet, thence westwardly parallel with Charles street fifty (50) feet, thence northwardly parallel with Erie street fifty (50) feet, thence eastwardly along the south line of lot "I" to the place of beginning, including the north half of the building over the slip in the Ohio canal, the north half of said building having its foundation on the premises above described.

Tract No. 2, described as follows: Situated in the township of Lawrence, county of Stark, and State of Ohio, and being a part of the southeast quarter of section number thirty-five, of township one and range nine, and bounded as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of said quarter and running thence south twenty-one (21) perches, thence east twenty (20) perches, thence north twenty-eight (28) perches, thence west twenty-three (23) perches to the place of beginning, containing three and one-fourth acres of land, more or less, and being the same premises conveyed to Leonard Bammerlin by Charles J. Bammerlin by deed dated July 24, A. D. 1867.

Tract No. 3, described as follows: situated in the city of Massillon, county of Stark and State of Ohio, and being a part of fractional section number seven (7), of township ten (10) and range nine (9), bounded as follows: Beginning at a post at the southeast corner of a lot formerly owned by Sylvanus Hathaway, known as the stone quarry lot, and running thence east twenty-seven (27) perches to a post; thence north 28¼ degrees east, twenty (20) perches to a post near what was formerly Isaac Taylor's mill race; thence north 51¾ degrees, west seventeen (17) perches; thence north 75½ degrees, west fourteen (14) perches; thence north 38 degrees, west fifteen (15) perches; thence west twelve and one-half (12½) perches; thence south with land formerly owned by A. Smith eighteen (18) perches; thence east twelve and one-half (12½) perches; thence south twenty-three and one-half (23½) perches to the place of beginning, containing seven acres of land more or less, and being the same lands conveyed by Sheriff Altekruse to John Jacobs by deed dated October 20th, A. D., 1880.

Tract No. 4, described and known as being all the interest of Leonard Bammerlin in the estate of Charles J. Bammerlin, deceased, as appears by the will of said Charles J. Bammerlin, admitted to probate in the Probate Court of Stark county, said interest being the undivided one-fourth interest in said estate, subject to the life estate of Barbara Bammerlin and to the indebtedness of Leonard Bammerlin to said estate.

Tract No. 1, appraised at $8,000.
Tract No. 2, appraised at 600.
Tract No. 3, appraised at 5,000.
Tract No. 4, appraised at Nothing.

Said real estate will be sold on the respective tracts on said day at the times following: Tracts 1 and 4 at 10 a. m.; Tract No. 3 at 11 a. m., and Tract No. 2 at 2 p. m.

Terms, cash.

R. W. McCAUGHEY,
Assignee in trust for the benefit of the creditors of Leonard Bammerlin.
10-5t

An Ordinance.

An ordinance to prevent injury to the water and public machinery, implements, pipes and fixtures of, and to prevent unlawful interference thereafter.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the City Council of Massillon it shall be unlawful for any person hereafter, in any way, to deface or pollute any stand pipe, pipe, hydrant, plug, cistern or reservoir belonging to or connected with water works of the Massillon Water Company. Should any person violate the provisions of this section, he shall on conviction thereof be fined in a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding sixty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

SEC. 2. It shall be unlawful for any person, hereafter, to deface, break, or otherwise injure any machinery, pipes, hydrants, valves, plugs or other fixtures of the Massillon Water Company that have been lawfully placed by said Massillon Water Company in any public street, alley, square, thoroughfare or public place in the aforesaid municipality; should any violate the provisions of this section he shall, on conviction thereof, be fined in a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding sixty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

SEC. 3. It shall be unlawful for any person not duly authorized by competent authority so to do, to turn on and cause to flow, the water from any hydrant, valve, plug or other fixtures of the Massillon Water Company, when such hydrant, valve, plug or other fixture is on square or other thoroughfare or public place in the City of Massillon. Provided that the provisions of this section shall not apply when water is so turned on for the purpose of preventing damage to property by fire.

SEC. 4. All ordinances or parts of ordinances existing inconsistent with the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed.

H. HUBER, President.
Attest: J. R. WHITE, City Clerk.

An Ordinance.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the City Council of the city of Massillon, That whenever any person or persons other than the Street Commissioner wish to break into the streets, lanes, alleys, or public grounds of the city for the purpose of connecting with the water or gas pipes or with the sewers, drains or ditches, or for any other purpose, such person or persons shall make application to the committee on streets and alleys, whose duty it shall be to see that the streets, lanes, alleys, or public grounds are left in as good and solid a condition as before they were disturbed. Any person or persons violating this section shall be liable in damages to persons or property injured by any unlawful disturbance of said streets, alleys, lanes or public grounds, and any person or persons violating this section, or who shall fail or neglect to comply with the same shall on conviction thereof be fined in any sum not exceeding fifty dollars for each violation.

SEC. 2. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication according to law.

H. HUBER, President.
Attest: J. R. WHITE, City Clerk.

Do not fail to see the lovely line of Roxbury Brussells. Prices lower than ever before at the Bee Hive.

PULLING DOWN THE WALLS

SEARCHING AMONG THE DEBRIS FOR THE FIRE VICTIMS.

A Belief That There are a Number of Bodies Yet Unearthed at the Buffalo Hotel Fire—The Injured Doing Well—The Hotel to Be Rebuilt at Once.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 23.—The greater part of the dangerous walls of the Richmond hotel have been torn down, and this morning the search among the debris was resumed in the less dangerous parts of the ruins. The odor of burning flesh can be distinctly distinguished in the southwestern corner, where the store of Ulbrich & Kingsley was situated, and adjoining which was the frame structure, on the roof of which a number of persons jumped and are supposed to have perished. A dangerous wall overhangs this spot, and search will not begin there until it is removed.

The missing list has varied since yesterday by the discovery of the commercial traveler, Thompson, who was supposed to have arrived here from Erie and put up at the hotel Thursday night. He telegraphs that he is safe at Philadelphia, but another name is added in his place, that of Robert S. Boyd, of Boston, a special agent of the Bell Telephone company who was in the city on Thursday, and has not been heard from since the fire. Manager Hall, of the local company, states that Mr. Boyd had several important appointments, none of which have been kept, and no doubt remains in his mind that Mr. Boyd has perished in the fire.

The injured are doing well, with the exception of the critical cases of Mary Nolan and Mrs. Mann, but physicians are of the opinion that the second stage of the cases must be passed over yet before the injured can be considered out of danger.

An offer of $250,000 was made to-day for the site of the burned hotel and St. James hall, presumably on behalf of a syndicate, who propose to erect a large hotel. Prominent capitalists of this city have signified their willingness to subscribe liberally for stock in the enterprise.

ANOTHER HOLOCAUST.

Ten Persons Meet Death in Boarding House at Bessemer, Michigan.

CHICAGO, March 23.—A special from Bessemer, Mich., states that a boarding house, owned by the Colby Iron company, was burned early this morning. The bodies of ten persons, burned to death, have been taken out. Several others, who were badly burned, are expected to die.

Bessemer, Mich., is one of the mining towns brought into existence by the development of the Gogebiac mining region. It has over 1,000 population, besides a large floating element, and is one of the most prominent of the new points on the Lake Shore & Western railroad. It is within fifteen miles of the western end of the upper peninsula, in Ontonagon county, and is six miles east of Ironwood, on the Wisconsin line.

Chloroformed and Robbed.

CINCINNATI, March 23.—One of the boldest and most skillfully executed burglaries and robberies, in which the victims were rendered helpless by chloroform, was perpetrated in Corryville before daylight this morning. Charles Helmer, of 199 Warner street, was awakened at 3 a. m. by the presence of two men in his room. The burglars jumped at him, and at the point of a revolver compelled Helmer to submit to being gagged with a handkerchief, after which they chloroformed him. When he awoke at 5 a. m. he discovered that his room had been ransacked and a gold watch valued at $100, a silver watch valued at $50 and $40 in money had been stolen. It was also discovered that the burglars had entered through the kitchen door and chloroformed Mrs. Helmer also, when she attempted to give the alarm. The police are working on the case.

Insanity From a Broken Leg.

CINCINNATI, March 23.—Shortly before 7 o'clock this morning the residents of Celestial street, Mount Adams, were attracted by the shrieks of the family of Michael O'Hern, who, half clad, were running wildly from the house. Some of the male neighbors came in and found O'Hern suffering from an attack of insanity. He was overpowered and confined until the arrival of the police. A year ago O'Hern fell and broke his leg. After recovering he showed signs of insanity. The symptoms increased until at last it was found necessary to send him to Longview asylum. Some months ago he was released as cured. It now appears that a recurrence of the disease has appeared, and he will be sent back. He is but twenty-six years of age and married.

Effects of Drink.

NEW YORK, March 23.—At 7 o'clock this morning a policeman was called to the top floor of the house No. 189 First avenue. On opening the door he was met by a Mrs. Topher, who was bleeding from scalp wound, inflicted, she said, by her husband with an ax. On pushing open the bedroom door Mr. Topher was discovered with a razor in his hand, which he immediately drew across his throat, inflicting a frightful wound. The man and wife were taken to Bellevue hospital, where Topher's injuries were pronounced fatal. Mrs. Topher will recover. Topher is a baker and is said to have been crazed with drink.

Two Farwell Weddings.

CHICAGO, March 23.—There will be two weddings in the Farwell family at an early date. Miss Grace Farwell, daughter of United States Senator Farwell, has just been betrothed to Dudley Winston, son of the ex-minister to Persia, and Miss Nellie Farwell, daughter of John V. Farwell, to Mr. Henry Nelson Turtle. A dinner in honor of the latter engagement is to be given to-night at the Medill mansion by Miss Josephine Medill.

Strikers Blacklisted.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., March 23.—A number of the discharged New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio strikers applied to other roads for positions, but were told they could not be employed, as they were blacklisted. The men intend bringing suits for damages against the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio company.

Fred. K. Moore Improving.

CLEVELAND, O., March 23.—Fred. K. Moore, the Cleveland man who was injured in the Buffalo hotel fire, is steadily improving. His hands and foot are terribly burned, however, and it will be weeks, perhaps months, before he will be able to get about again.

Toledo Merchant Dead in France.

TOLEDO, O., March 23.—Miles O. Carrington, one of the most prominent and oldest business men of this city, member of the produce exchange, died suddenly yesterday in Marseilles, France.

Carter Harrison Renominated.

CHICAGO, March 23.—Carter H. Harrison was renominated by acclamation by the Democratic convention this afternoon, for mayor.

THE BUFFALO HOLOCAUST.

Searching in the Ruins for the Dead—Condition of the Injured.

BUFFALO, March 23.—The hotel safe was taken from the ruins of the Richmond house this morning and opened. In two large pocket books, wrapped in thick paper and sealed, were found $20,000 worth of diamonds belonging to Max Adler, of New York, and in a leather box belonging to Louis E. Smith, of New York, between $5,000 and $10,000 worth of diamonds and jewelry.

At noon the work of tearing down the dangerous walls began. When this is completed the arduous task of searching for bodies will be renewed.

The injured at the hospitals are slowly improving, excepting Edward Wheeler, of Newburg, who is very low; Mary Nolan, a servant, who is not expected to live; Clinton Bidwell, Maggie Mulrach and Fanny Harvey, the latter two servants, whose cases are critical.

H. V. Altshul, of New York, will be able to leave in a few days; Irving A. Finch, of Scranton, Pa., is improving, and F. K. Moore will leave for Cleveland to-day in a special car accompanied by a nurse.

The list now stands as follows: Known to be dead, six; given up for dead, five; missing, six. There has been added to the list of missing since the last report, George Thompson, commercial traveler for an umbrella house, came here Thursday from Erie and was to stop at the Richmond, not heard from since, and an aged couple from New York, names unknown, who told Rev. Dr. Brown, of St. Paul's church, on Thursday night that they were stopping at the Richmond and would attend services Sunday morning. They have not been seen since the fire.

Joseph Sayers, of New York, reported missing, has turned up in Lockport. He did not stop at the Richmond.

CROP SUMMARY.

Special Report of the Condition of Crops as Furnished By the Farmers' Review.

CHICAGO, March 22.—The following crop summary will appear in this week's issue of the Farmers' Review: The reports from crop correspondents in twenty-five counties of Illinois this week are of a uniformly favorable tenor, in reference to winter wheat. The condition of wheat throughout the state at the present time is up to full average of condition for the past five years. Five counties report the condition of wheat as "fair," thirteen as "good" and seven as "fine" The tenor of the Indiana reports continues to be favorable. None of the counties reporting this week speak of any serious injury, and the crop is regarded as past any further winter injury.

Injury is reported from Ashtabula county, Ohio, but the reports from seventeen other counties in that state are all favorable. The wheat outlook in Missouri is more favorable that at any time during the three preceding years. The general situation in Kansas is slightly improved. Injury to the crop is reported in Butler, Lyon, Miami, Osage, Osborne and Potawattamie counties, but the fields are looking well in Atchison, Barton, Butler, Greenwood, Lafette, Lincoln, Nemaha, Washington and Wilson counties. Injury is reported in Genesee and Wayne counties, in Michigan, and the crop in the lowlands throughout Southern Michigan exhibits damage, but the crop looks well on upland. The Wisconsin reports are favorable.

WONDERFUL SURGERY.

Tendons from a Dog's Leg Transferred to a Man's, Restoring Use of the Limb.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., March 23.—The success of a wonderful surgical operation, performed in this city nearly a year ago, has just been demonstrated. Seventeen years ago Edward K. Russell met with an accident in which the tendons in one of his legs were severed, rendering the limb useless. The operation consisted of the transferring of two tendons from a dog, which had been etherized for the purpose, to Russell's limb, where they were united with the severed tendons in that member.

For ten months after the operation Russell was not allowed to use his leg, but within a few days he has been allowed to exercise it. He has now resumed his work, and has complete control of his limb, the operation having proved to be an entire success. This is the first time that this operation has been performed in this country, though it has been previously attempted with only partial success.

Suing the Grand Jury.

RICHMOND, Va., March 22.—Some time ago Mr. W. L. Royall, counsel for the British bondholders, sued the grand jury of the Hustings court of the city of Richmond for damages, for indicting his clients, who had tendered coupons in payment for taxes. Thereupon the state attorney for Richmond filed a bill of information against Mr. Royall under the state law of barratry, and upon the ground of intimidating the grand jury. Mr. Royall was to day tried and fined $150. Mr. Royall refused to pay the fine, on the ground that the law under which he was tried was unconstitutional. He is now in the custody of the court, and will probably go to jail until the arrival of Judge Bond, of the United States court, who is expected here at 9 o'clock to-night, when an application will be made to secure his release by writ of habeas corpus.

Praying for Rain in Texas.

ABILENE, Tex., March 23.—The continued drought in this section, which almost ruined the farmers in 1886, and which bids fair to finish the job in 1887, is beginning to have a marked effect upon the public. Meetings are being held at the different churches in the city to pray for rain, such meetings being held generally throughout the surrounding country.

A Mexican Murderess.

EAGLE PASS, Tex., March 22.—At Morales, Mexico, last Saturday night, a woman named Helena Son Manuel, armed with a knife, instantly killed Andreas Almindras and mortally wounded Encarnacio Martinese, two Mexicans, who were attempting to force an entrance into her house. The woman was arrested and jailed.

A Victim of the Cincinnati Riot.

COSHOCTON, O., March 19.—Price Reed, aged thirty-two, died yesterday of consumption. He joined Company F, Seventeenth O. N. G., in September, 1876. He was an exemplary member. His sickness was caused by exposure during the Cincinnati riot in the spring of 1884.

THE COMMISSION NAMED.

THREE DEMOCRATS AND TWO REPUBLICANS COMPOSE THE SLATE.

The Pacific Slope Not Recognized—Cooley, Morrison, Schoonmaker, Walker and Bragg Chosen—Civil Service Commissioners Defend Their Action.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—The president has appointed the following interstate commerce commission: Thomas M. Cooley, of Michigan, for the term of six years. William R. Morrison, of Illinois, for the term of five years. Augustus Schoonmaker, of New York, for the term of four years. Aldace F. Walker, of Vermont, for the term of three years. Walter L. Bragg, of Alabama, for the term of two years.

Thomas M. Cooley, of Michigan was born at Attica, New York, in 1824, studied law, and removed to Michigan in 1843, where he has since resided. He was elected a justice of the supreme court of Michigan in 1864, 1869 and 1877. He is the author of standard legal works and is now receiver of the Wabash railway.

William R. Morrison, of Illinois, was born in Illinois September 14, 1825, is a lawyer, and was in congress from 1875 to 1887.

Walter L. Bragg, of Alabama, was born in Alabama, in 1838, but resided in Arkansas from 1843 to 1861. He was educated at Harvard and Cambridge law schools. He has been a law partner of Senator Morgan. He has been president of the Alabama state railway commission.

Aldace F. Walker is a Vermont Republican lawyer, forty-four years old, who studied law with Senator Edmunds. He has studied the railroad question extensively as a member of the Vermont state senate.

Augustus Schoonmaker, of Kingston, N. Y., was born in Ulster county, New York, in 1828, and is a lawyer in active practice; was a state senator and a close friend of Governor Tilden, and in 1878, attorney general of New York, succeeding Fairchild. He was a delegate to the Democratic nominating convention of 1876, 1880 and 1884.

Of the five commissioners, Messrs. Morrison, Schoonmaker and Bragg are Democrats, and Messrs. Cooley and Walker Republicans. Until yesterday the names of Messrs. Schoonmaker and Walker were not decided upon, and it is not yet known whether they will accept, but it is believed they will.

Considerable criticism is indulged in that a Republican should be named by the president as first on the commission, but the law creating the commission gives the majority power to select a chairman from their number.

It is stated that the president gave Judge Cooley the longest term as a recompense for his surrendering the receivership of the Wabash railway system, which is more lucrative than his present appointment.

Civil Service Commissioner's Defense.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—Civil Service Commissioners Edgerton and Oberly both deny the truth of published reports that heads of executive departments are or have been systematically evading civil service laws by appointing confidential clerks and promoting clerks without competitive examinations. Mr. Oberly says they found some cases in which appointments or promotions were made without compliance with the provisions of the law, but in nearly every case of this kind it has been demonstrated by investigation that the appointment was made by inadvertance, and not with any intent to ignore or violate the law, and in every case, when the attention of the proper officials was called to the matter, it has been promptly rectified.

In some cases these appointments have grown out of a misapprehension of the law, but immediately upon the attention of the appointing power being called to the construction of the act by commission, that construction has been accepted and the appointment or promotion corrected. The official head of the Grand Army of the Republic submitted a list of forty-eight appointments in the interior department, which, it was complained, were made in violation of the civil service law. The commission took this list and investigated the matter, and found that all save six were appointed in pursuance of and compliance with provisions of the law, and these six they have not yet been able to locate. If it shall be found that the six persons are on the roll the commissioners believe it will be developed that they are there lawfully. Among the appointments included in the Grand Army list are the confidential clerks of Secretary Lamar and the assistant secretaries of the interior. The civil service commissioners hold that there is no question as to the right of such officials to appoint their confidential secretaries without competitive examination.

Not Sustained By the People.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—Dr. Sowers, fears about the president breaking down physically, are not shared by the people at the executive mansion, and are ridiculed by laymen who know and see the president frequently. Col. Lamont says the president likes much exercise as most men, and does not weigh as much as he did when he first came to Washington. The president, the colonel says, seems to be enjoying perfect health, and surely this statement is corroborated by plenty of people here who frequently see and converse with the president. Dr. Sowers' warning does not worry the president, nor create any alarm among his intimate friends and acquaintances.

Republican Convention in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, March 23.—The Republicans of Cincinnati held their convention here yesterday. Maj. Ben. Butterworth presided. Resolutions were adopted indorsing the administration of Mayor Amor Smith, Jr., that of Governor Foraker, commending the course of the two congressmen, the work of the Ohio legislature and condemning the president's vetoes of pension bills and the discharge of union soldiers from offices now controlled by Democrats. Amor Smith, jr., was unanimously renominated for mayor. Fred W. Moore was nominated for judge of the superior court, Al Bohrer for city treasurer, Emil Belse for police court clerk, John C. Schwartz for city treasurer, Theodore Houstman for city solicitor, and John A. Caldwell for police judge.

Beecher's Pulpit.

BROOKLYN, March 21.—Plymouth pulpit was occupied yesterday morning by Rev. J. W. Malcolm, of the Seventh Avenue Congregational church, this city. Dr. Abbott, who had arranged to preach, was too ill to perform that duty. There was a good attendance of members of the church, but few strangers. Rev. George E. Reed, Methodist, preached in the evening. Dr. Armatage, of the Fifth Avenue Baptist church, New York, will officiate next Sunday morning.

Forestry Congress of America.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 23.—Several gentlemen interested in agriculture and horticulture have written letters here within the past few weeks, expressing a desire to have the next September meeting of the Forestry Congress of America held in Illinois. With this view a resolution has been prepared, and will be introduced in the legislature early in the week, extending an invitation to the officers to call the meeting in this state.

BOUNDARY LINE IN DISPUTE.

A Gold Mine Liable to Cause Trouble Between Canada and the United States.

OTTAWA, March 21.—The discovery of rich gold deposits in British Columbia, close to the imaginary boundary line between that province and Alaska, it is feared, may lead to serious trouble, if the actual boundary is not defined before any attempts is made to develop these valuable finds. In view of the valuable discovery of gold in the Pacific province the Dominion government has decided on sending out a party to make geological survey of that part of the country, in which minerals have been found, and to ascertain as near as possible to whom they belong, whether to the United States or to the Dominion. The party will, it is expected, leave here for the Yukon district in April.

Dr. Bell, assistant chief of the Geological society, says he believes the valuable mining lands between the headwaters of the Lewes river and Mount St. Elias will become a source of dispute between the United States and Canada on account of the indefinite boundary line. Referring to the country between the headwaters of the Lewes river and Mount St. Elias, which lies directly west of it, and which abounds in silver, copper, lead and iron ore, Dr. Bell says as the Americans have got ahead of Canada in the territorial deal, the Dominion must not look forward quietly to being done out of this valuable territory, which he maintains properly belongs to Canada. An effort will be made during the coming session of parliament to secure an appropriation to commence a survey of the British Columbia boundary, in the hope that the United States government will co-operate, and definitely fix the boundary line, and thus remove all possibility of dispute.

A WARNING TO CANADA.

Awakening of the Public Mind to the Danger She is Rushing Into.

ST. JOHN, N. B., March 21.—The Globe prints the following editorial: "The country will soon wake up to the folly of the policy of the government in regard to the fisheries. The Journal at one time, almost single handed, from the first dissented from that policy. It was a policy which began in neglect, has been followed in ignorance, and is now being pushed to the verge of what almost seems like insanity. We are glad to see some signs in the press that there is an awakening of the public mind to the danger which is threatening the country.

"On the third of March, when the retaliatory bill passed the congress of the United States, we pointed out what its effect would be. If the president puts any part of the machinery of that bill in force he will strike a blow against the sole surviving interest here which is at all pecuniarily beneficial—our coasting trade with the United States. The papers in western Canada appear to think that because their interests are not menaced there is no danger to the country.

"We again warn people of the maritime provinces that their best interests are imperiled, that the first act on the part of our officials to harass American trade such as a refusal to sell bait, to carry fish over our railroads, to enforce recklessly our customs regulations against American fishermen, will in all probability compel the president to put into force the law, and that the burden will fall upon the vessels and trade of these three provinces."

HEAVY STORMS IN THE EAST.

Sleet and Snow Storms in New England Destroy the Telegraph Wires.

BOSTON, March 23.—At 6:40 a. m. sleet commenced to fall along the New England coast, but turned to a heavy rain, with thick fog over the water. At the same time it was snowing in New Hampshire and Vermont. The storm is passing in a northeasterly direction, the wind blowing from the southeast to northwest. The greatest velocity of the wind was at 10:40 a. m., which was blowing forty-four miles an hour. About 10 o'clock the Baltimore & Ohio lost all their wires between this city and New York, and the Western Union reported Cincinnati, Cleveland, Columbus, Toledo, Detroit and Chicago lost. Around Boston the rain fall is heavy, but in northern New England a corresponding fall of snow was experienced.

In Vermont.

RUTLAND, Vt., March 23.—It has been snowing heavily all day with a strong north wind. The snow is drifting and a number of trains are snowbound. The Montreal train is at Vergennes unable to proceed further.

In Massachusetts.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., March 23.—A severe snow storm has prevailed all day. Trains are delayed by drifts. The snow is eighteen inches deep on a level.

Senator Cameron for President.

HARRISBURG, Pa., March 22.—During Senator Cameron's recent visit to this city, a conference was held at the residence of his father, Gen. Simon Cameron, at which the question of the Senator's candidacy for president was discussed. C. L. Magee, who is known as the Cameron manager in state politics, and Henry Bush, of Reading, another trusted lieutenant, were present. After weighing the subject in all its phases, the senator is understood to have given authority to his friends to press his name on the Republicans of the state, and they confidently claim that the delegation from this state in the next convention will be solid for Cameron.

Willie Sells Confesses.

ERIE, Kas., March 23.—Willie Sells, the boy murderer, who is under sentence of death for the killing of his father, mother, brother and sister, but who has always protested his innocence, has now confessed his guilt. He says his brother Watie first killed his father with a hatchet during a quarrel. Willie being enraged at this, seized the hatchet and killed Watie. Then finding that he was observed by his mother and sister, he killed them in the same way, being greatly excited and hardly knowing why he did it.

Wholesale Arrest of Chinese.

PHILADELPHIA, March 21.—The police last night raided six Chinese gambling places, arrested 233 Chinamen, and captured a large quantity of opium and smokers' outfits.

A Centenarian Dead.

BOSTON, March 22.—Mrs. Mary Doherty died at No. 37 Margin street. She was undoubtedly the oldest person in Boston, having been born in Ireland 111 years ago.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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Der Vatter Mill.

I reads about dot vater mill dot runs der life-long day,
Und how der vater don'd coom pack vhen vonce id flows avay;
Und off der mill shtream dot glides on so beacefully and shtill,
Budt don't vas putting in more vork on dot same vater mill,
Der boet says, 'tvas boddher dot you holdt dis broverb fast,
"Der mill id don'd vould grind some more mit vater dot vas past."

Dot boem id vas peautiful to read aboudt; dot's so!
Budt eef dot vater vasn't past how could dot mill vheel co?
Und vhy make drouble mit dot mill vhen id vonce goes droo der mill:
Ids vork vas done! Dere's blendy more dot vaits, ids place to fill.
To dake each obbordunidy dot'ts gifen id to grind?
Und vhen der vater cooms along in quandidies so vast,
Id lets some oder mill dake oup der vater dot was past.
Let each one dake dis moral, vrom der king down to der peasant:
Don'd mindt der vater dot vas past, budt der vater dot vas bresent.
—Charles Follen Adams in Inter Ocean.

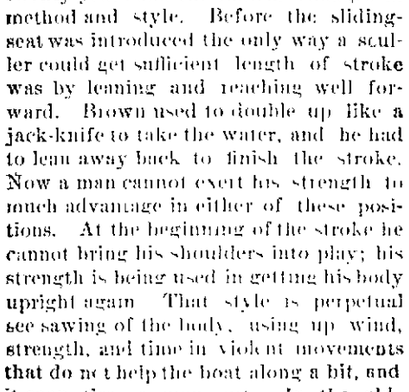
HANLAN ON ROWING.

HIS VIEWS ON THE ART HE PRACTICES.

What Styles He Considers Good and What Bad—Long Muscles the Sort an Oarsman Should Try to Develop.

Edward Hanlan, the sculler, laughed a little when asked for an interview on boating, and said he thought he could talk better about politics, because he had noticed that the less a man knew of a subject the more confidently he spoke about it. "Honestly," he said, "I don't know as much about rowing as I thought I did ten years ago, and yet I have picked up a good many little points since then. If I should live to be 100 years old I wouldn't know it all. But I'll try to tell you something. The most striking thing that occurs to me is the steady improvement in sculling made during twenty years and the radical changes in method and style. Before the sliding-seat was introduced the only way a sculler could get sufficient length of stroke was by leaning and reaching well forward. Brown used to double up like a jack-knife to take the water, and he had to lean away back to finish the stroke. Now a man cannot exert his strength to much advantage in either of these positions. At the beginning of the stroke he cannot bring his shoulders into play; his strength is being used in getting his body upright again. That style is perpetual see sawing of the body, using up wind, strength, and time in violent movements that do not help the boat along a bit, and it soon tires a man out. In the old-style races it was the sculler's stomach or heart gave out or his wind failed him.

"I don't think the men of to-day are as strong as the men of earlier days were, and it seems to me that the progress in sculling is due to two things in general—that is, improved boats and appliances and better knowledge of how to apply their strength. You may call that last skill art or science. Look at this position—arms bent, elbows turned out, knees spread wide apart, body bent forward between the legs—old styles of rowing. Do you think a man can pull his best that way? No two sets of muscles are drawing in the same direction, and some strength is spent in getting them into line. What is the use of working the body in that way? Not the least, of course. Now I put my knees close together and straighten my arms. Again, you see, my legs and arms are not pulling in parallel lines and there is loss of power. But when I get my legs and arms in a position to pull all together in the line of the boat's course every ounce of power helps the boat along. I have



NED HANLAN.

tried rowing in every possible way, right and wrong, and can tell from my own experience and study what is most effective. This thing I have learned: that the less work you make of rowing the better and faster you can pull. You don't want to do it a bit more than is necessary to pull the boat. Avoid extreme effort and try to make every motion in the easiest possible way. If you want to lift a heavy weight you get your legs and arms in line, keep your body straight, take all strain off the abdominal muscles, and pull all together and without any twists or angles. Pull an oar the same way, except, of course, you must be sitting. You can exert your strength of shoulder and arms best when sitting erect in the boat, not stiffly, but easily bending at the hips only enough to get a little swing and letting the powerful muscles of the legs do their share of the work. The great difference between the old and new styles of rowing is that, while formerly only the body down to the waist could be used, now the thighs and legs come into play, greatly increasing the power available.

"I can tell by watching a man's style just where he will give out. Let any man get into a boat and pull three miles pretty hard, and I will tell him when he returns just where he feels tired. You see I have rowed in wrong positions just to find out those things. If a man gives out in any particular place, unless there is some special weakness, it is because he doesn't use his strength evenly and intelligently. Great strength is not the only requisite for fast sculling. Many of the men whom I have rowed down are much stronger than I am. No big-armed man is any good in a boat. It is a curious fact that boxers never make good oarsman. After they have rowed a good distance at speed their arms begin to double up into the sparring position. The muscles have been trained in that way, and when tired will contract into

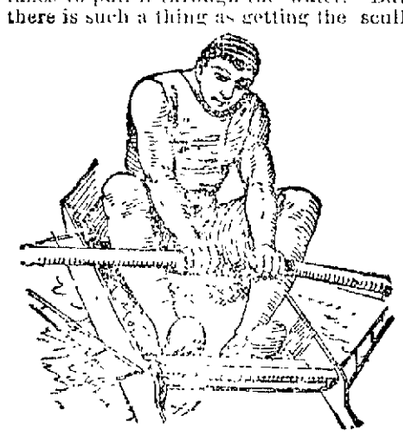
WITH THE FIXED SEAT.

the habitual position, so that the arms cannot be straightened. The men with big-knotted arms are muscle-bound. The old notion that big-bunched muscles means strength is played out. It is the long, straight, well-laid, supple muscle that can do the most work. It is all nonsense for an oarsman to train his muscles with clubs, and boxing, and all manner of exercises foreign to his work. That way to learn to row fast is to get into a boat and row. If you want to become a singer, you don't train for it by beating a drum or turning flipflaps. If a man wants to be first in any particular line of athletics he must not try to be an all-round athlete. The all-round men

BAD FORM.

are not first in any one thing. A champion must be a specialist.

"Coming now to mechanical progress in boating, it is necessary to say much about the general improvement, as every one knows that the builders are making lighter, smoother, and better boats than were thought of twenty years ago. Speed has been increased in that way, of course. The great changes, besides making boats of paper and reducing them to pencil proportions, have been made in the sculls. Josh Ward pulled with sculls that weighed twenty four pounds the pair, and as most of the weight was outboard, he put lead weights on the handles to balance them. Now we use sculls that weigh only eight pounds to the pair. Up to 1876 nobody used sculls less than ten feet two inches long. I showed up in a regatta with sculls nine feet six inches long and six inches wide, and everybody said, 'Look at the kid with the big sculls,' and laughed at me. After that race everybody reduced the length and increased the width of his oars. You see, I had been studying that thing a little. The long scull has to take too wide a sweep through the water, and to get the stroke completed a man must work too fast and too hard. The first and fast parts of the stroke are of no use in propelling the boat, but you must take the water forward of the effective point and leave the water astern of the limit of useful power in order to allow for the way of the boat. Too long a scull wastes more power than is necessary in beginning and ending the stroke. The longer the oar the more strength it takes to pull it through the water. But there is such a thing as getting the scull



COULD NOT BE WORSE.

too short and sacrificing speed to power. Experiment has shown the effective medium to be about nine feet six inches. That gives speed without using up a man's strength in useless labor, and the spoon shape keeps the hold to the end of the stroke. One day I was rowing on a lake when the water was smooth as glass and perfectly clear, and I watched the blade of my oar for points. I noticed that when I put my strength on the oar the blade went back from the neck or shank to such an angle that it was no longer a spoon, but might just as well have been a straight blade. After that I had my oars made stiffer. Oarmakers now shape the shank so that it will not bend at all and the whole scull is stiff as a bar of iron. They have got their business down to a science, and an oarsman can now order sculls of a certain size and be sure that the weight will be right and the whole thing just what he wants. It makes a great deal of difference also what styles of boat is used in different sorts of weather.—*N. Y. World.*

There are 60,000 women farmers in Ireland.

GENERAL PHILIP H. SHERIDAN.

House in Washington—His Surroundings—Domestic and Social Life—He Talks About "Sheridan's Ride."

The home of Lieutenant General Sheridan, or as his old soldiers like to call him, "Little Phil," is one of the most delightful and charming in the city. It is a large new brick structure on Sixteenth street, and is surrounded by the more or less pretentious residences of a score of distinguished politicians and statesmen of national reputation. Within a stone's throw is the splendid mansion of Alexander Graham Bell, the inventor; a little farther down the street is the house of Perry Belmont, and the modest residence of Secretary Endicott is within calling distance; Senators Vance and Randall Lee Gibson live across the way, and the palatial home of ex-Secretary Robeson is just around the square. The home of Sheridan is quite large, and what is more noticeable it is surrounded by a beautiful lawn sloping gently to the terrace which rises rather abruptly from the street. The high brick walls and prominent porches of the house are greatly relieved by masses of dark green Virginia ivy, which hang about the sides and subdue the too brilliant vermillion color of the brick. The interiors are in keeping with the beautiful effect of the outside. Entering the wide, deep hall you are struck by the displayed individuality of the owner. Instinctively you jump to the conclusion that he is a soldier, for hung on the walls and lying on splendidly carved racks are almost every variety of life-destroying arms ever invented. Here are the deadly Remingtons, the flashing scimeters of Africa, the tomahawk of our own Indian, and indeed, the arms of every nation are represented.

There always seems to have been an impression among those who do not know General Sheridan personally that he is a very profane man. This idea has been encouraged by writers of army anecdotes and sketches during and since the war, representing him as being full of lofty swagger and strange oaths; as a type of the ancient dragoon, brandishing a thirsty blade and calling for blood by the bucketful, like the old buccaneers and roysterers of the seventeenth century. In that remarkable poem with which we are all familiar, Buchanan Read describes Sheridan as riding down the lines with a "terrible oath," which was so soul stirring as to bring the demoralized and scattered soldiers to a realizing sense of the responsibility of the occasion. The General does not recollect what he said then, but has no doubt that he used language appropriate to the circumstances, and meant precisely what he said. On some other occasions during the war he found the ordinary vocabulary of conversation inadequate to his thoughts, and made use of language that could not be misunderstood, but the yarns about his profanity, which were so widely quoted at the time, have caused him much annoyance.

Sheridan has a number of curious letters on the subject. During the war the impression that his tongue was a mint that was constantly coining imprecations of a unique and awful pattern was quite general, and grieved the hearts of a great many good people. Many of them wrote him to express their regret. The letters came from clergymen and mothers of boys, who gently remonstrated and begged him to abandon the vicious habit not only for his own sake, but for the benefit of their sons who admired him so much, and were inclined to imitate even the vices of the famous soldier. The poem on "Sheridan's Ride" had much to do with spreading the impression.

I asked General Sheridan the other day if he knew the author of the poem.

"Yes," he said, "I knew him well. I first met Mr. Read at the headquarters of General Rosecrans, just before the battle of Stone River. He was a guest of the General, and remained in camp quite awhile, so that we all got to know him."

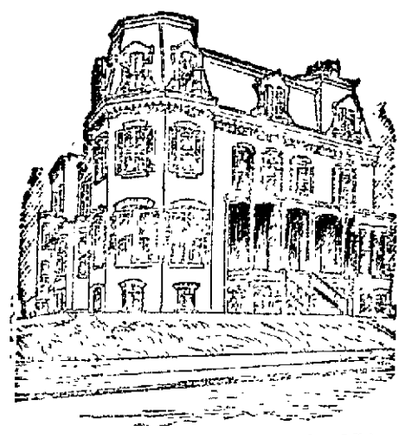
"Do you know how he came to write the poem?"

"Yes," said the General, "I have heard him tell about it several times. There have been a number of stories published about the poem, but I will tell you the true one, just as Mr. Read told it to me."

And then he went on in that bluff and hearty way of his to tell me the story. It seems that Murdock, the elocutionist, was a great friend of his during the war. He had a son with Sheridan who was killed at Missionary Ridge, and the old man came from Cincinnati to get the body. The Confederates were occupying the place where the young soldier was buried, and his father decided to wait until the ground was regained. On Sundays the elocutionist used to recite poems to the troops around headquarters, and there was one of Browning's that the soldiers always called for namely, the story of the ride from Ghent to Aix.

"Well, you see," continued the General, "after the battle of Cedar Creek there was published in *Harper's Weekly* a story of my ride from Winchester and a picture of me on the back of old Rienzi. Murdock had agreed to recite a poem at a fair, then being held in Cincinnati, and Read had promised to write something new and appropriate for him. But when Murdock called in for the manuscript the afternoon he was to recite, he hadn't touched a pen to paper—said he didn't know what to write about. Well, Murdock had just seen a man who was in the battle and was full of the battle, being a friend of mine, you see; so he just pulled the copy of *Harper's Weekly* from his pocket and repeated to Read all the officer had told him. Read jumped up, locked himself in his room, wrote the poem off-hand in an hour, got his wife to make a copy, and had it over to Murdock before dark. The elocutionist was delighted with it, and recited it that night." This is the true story of the famous poem of "Sheridan's Ride," as told by the General himself.

Sheridan's rise during the war was rapid. When the Second Michigan Cavalry, in the spring of 1862, was in search of a commander, the "little" Captain, as he was even then called, was sent them. His maiden fight at Booneville, Miss., five weeks later, with his Michigan troopers, made him a Brigadier, and at Murfreesboro, the same year, a Major General of volunteers. In the fall of 1864 his defeat of General Early at Opequan and Fischer's Hill made him a Brigadier of regulars, and a few weeks later he was commissioned as a Major General in the regular army. When Grant became President and Sherman was advanced to General, Sheridan followed in the line. When Sherman passes away so disappears the rank of General. So with Sheridan. When he is called to join the



great army so, too, dies the rank of Lieutenan G neral to await resurrection as a crowning reward of the hero of some future conflict of arms.

There was one great disappointment in Sheridan's life that is not generally known. We have all some memory in our past that still stalks there and will not down. We dream of what we might have done had we only the power. What was Sheridan's? Well, I will tell you. When Lee had surrendered his brave little, worn-out army at Appomattox, and the war was declared o r, Maximillian, supported by the French, was still Emperor of Mexico. With his trained and war scarred battalions in serried ranks facing the Rio Grande, Sheridan awaited but the word of his President to lead forward to Mexico and plant the flags of the two republics on the battlements of Chepultepec in place of the standard of the French empire. That word did not come. The French support of the unfortunate Emperor was withdrawn. This was the great disappointment of Sheridan's life.—*Chicago Herald.*

Stonewall Jackson's War-Horse.

Standing in the studio of Frederick S. Webster, the taxidermist, is "Old Sorrel," the war-horse of "Stonewall" Jackson. The stuffed figure of the famous animal is placed in an attitude of attention, with head and ears erect.

"OLD SORREL."

"Old Sorrel," had a most eventful history. His birth was obscure, but at an early age he was selected, with a number of other horses, after the battle of Manasses, for the service of the United States and was en route to Washington when the train was captured near Harper's Ferry by a party of Confederates commanded by "Stonewall" Jackson. From among the lot of horses Gen. Jackson signaled out "Old Sorrel" for his own and paid to the quartermaster $150 for the privilege of owning him.

With the natural intelligence which always characterized him, "Old Sorrel" immediately renounced an idea of Federal allegiance and for the rest of the war faithfully served his master and the Confederacy. With the exception of the campaign in Maryland, Gen. Jackson rode this horse in every battle and on every march from the time he obtained him until he reached Chancellorsville, and there received the fatal bullet, still seated on "Old Sorrel's" back. On that eventful night, when the hero of the Southern Confederacy fell wounded to death, the horse was lost, and for a day or two was thought to have been captured by the Federal forces until he was picked up by Gen. J. E. B. Stuart. "Old Sorrel" was then sent to Mrs. Jackson, who took him with her to North Carolina, and subsequently to Richmond, where he received probably better attention than any living horse. During the New Orleans Exposition he was placed on exhibition there, and on his return was presented to R. E. Lee Camp of Confederate Veterans and placed at the Confederate Soldiers' Home, where he died, at the advanced age of thirty-six years, on the 17th of March, 1886. The work of having the horse mounted is paid for by the authorities of the city of Richmond, which will present it to the trustees of the Confederate Soldiers' Home.—*Washington Post.*

A New Scheme for Quick Sales.

A Birmingham tradesman has adopted a singular method of advertising his wares. He has undertaken to dispense favors to certain people during next March. Ladies fortunate enough to give birth to twins during the month will be presented with two guinea bassinettes; ladies who marry second husbands during the month (except bigamously) will receive sewing machines, and ladies who have been married within the last twelve months becoming widowed during the month will be consoled by wringing and mangling machines—all very fine, no doubt. The last offer is the most tempting, and hardly gives husbands a fair chance.—*Birmingham Times.*

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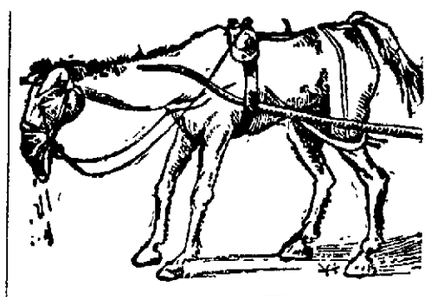

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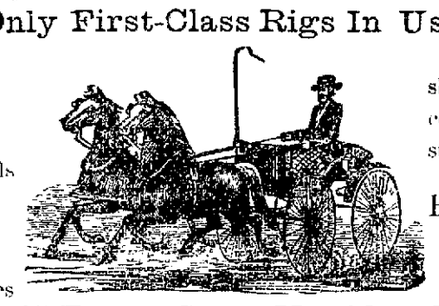

A horse shoeing shop is managed in connection with the stable.

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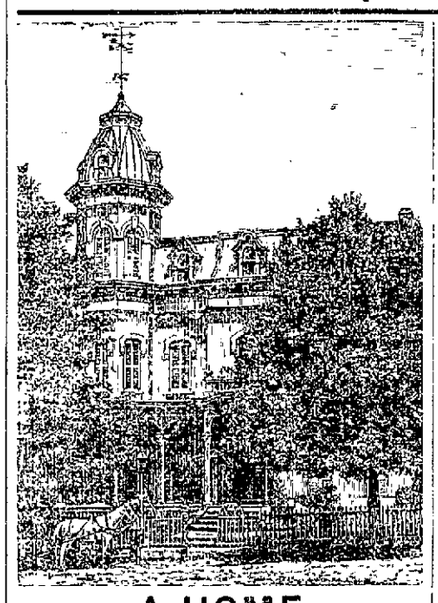

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LADIES Suffering from complaints peculiar to their sex will find in DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC a safe, speedy cure. Gives a clear, healthy complexion. All attempts at counterfeiting only adds to its popularity. Do not experiment—get ORIGINAL AND BEST
Dr. HARTER'S LIVER PILLS
Cure Constipation, Liver Complaint and Sick Headache. Sample Dose and Dream Book mailed on receipt of two cents in postage.
THE DR. HARTER MEDICINE CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.

COAL! COAL!

PRICE REDUCED!

$2 PER TON.

The Sippo Coal Company will deliver the Best Quality of Coal until further notice, at the very low price of $2.00 per ton.

SIPPO COAL CO.

September 15, 1886.

John Baker Thompson,
Caterer, Baker,
—AND—
Confectioner,

Oysters are received every day and are served in every style in the Dining Rooms attached to the store.

Ice Cream, Sherbet and Cake furnished to parties, and personal supervision given.

Sole agent for the sale of the celebrated Fleischman's Compressed Yeast.

42 E. Main Street,
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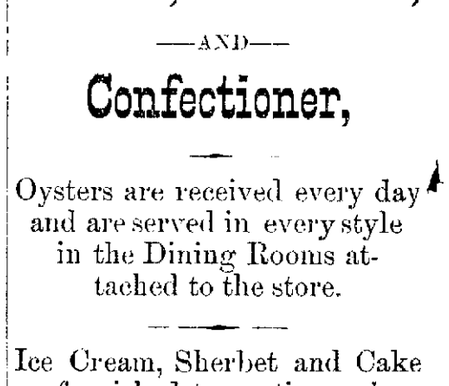
A. KELLER'S
WEST SIDE
LIVERY
—AND—
SALE STABLES.



Cheapest and Best Turnouts in the City.

Horses in Good Order and all Good Roadsters. Fine Buggies. Easy Riding. Rigs delivered to all parts of the city at all hours.

A TRIAL ALWAYS SATISFIES.
CALL AND SEE ME.

MILLER'S OIL REFINING WORKS, Allegheny City, Pa
OFFICE:—328 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
A. D. MILLER & SONS, Manufacturers of High-Test Oils, for export and home consumption. Would call public attention to our brand,
WATER WHITE GLEINE, 150 TEST.
Warranted none better. Gasoline for stoves and gas machines, 74, 86, 87, 88 and 90 gravities. Lubricating oils. Staves and heading wanted. 8y

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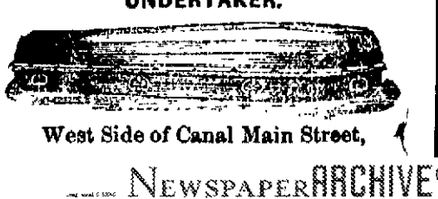

West Side of Canal Main Street,

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

JUDGE RALEY'S CHARGE.

In the Case of Samuel Devaux Charged With Manslaughter.

GENTLEMEN OF THE JURY:—The defendant Samuel Devaux, is charged with unlawfully killing Joseph Polus, jr., at Stark county, O., on the 24th day of May, 1886. This charge is what is known as manslaughter. Under our statute, there are three degrees of homicide: the highest degree is known as murder in the first degree, the next is murder in the second degree, and the lowest grade is manslaughter.

It is not necessary that I should state or discuss the elements of the crime of murder in either the first, or second degree. Neither of those crimes is charged directly against the defendant; nor is there one of them embraced in the charge that is made against him. The only crime charged, is manslaughter and I should call your attention particularly to the separate parts of this charge, and what is necessary for the State to prove, before you can find the defendant guilty. Before you can find the defendant guilty, you must find the following propositions to be true: first, that Joseph Polus, jr., is dead; second, that the defendant, Samuel Devaux, killed Joseph Polus, jr.; third, that he killed him about the 24th day of May, 1886; fourth, that he fired the shot, or did the act, which caused his death in Stark county, Ohio; fifth, that the defendant unlawfully killed him. As to some of these propositions there may be but little, if any, controversy, but still you must find from the evidence in this case that each one of them is true.

First, is Joseph Polus, Jr., dead. If you find that he is, then you will proceed to the next proposition: Did Samuel Devaux kill Joseph Polus, jr. If the defendant shot at, and hit the deceased, Joseph Polus, jr., with a pistol ball and thereby inflicted upon him a wound, of which he afterwards died, you may find that the defendant killed him. If you find that the defendant did kill Joseph Polus, jr., you will next to proceed to inquire if he killed him about the 24th day of May, 1886. It is not necessary that it should be just that day, or just that month. It is sufficient if you find that it was about that time and some time, at least, before the finding of the indictment in this case, which was at the September term of this Court, for the year 1886. Next, you will inquire whether the shot was fired, if you find one was fired, at the deceased, Joseph Polus, jr., by the defendant, within the limits of Stark county, Ohio. It is only crimes committed within the limits of Stark county, Ohio, over which this Court has any jurisdiction. If you find that the defendant killed Joseph Polus, jr., about May 24, 1886, at Stark county, Ohio, hen you will proceed to the next and last proposition: Did he do it unlawfully? This brings us to the consideration of the crime of manslaughter, and the most serious question for your consideration.

Manslaughter is defined to be the unlawful killing of another, without malice either expressed or implied, which may be either voluntary, upon a sudden heat or passion, in hot blood as it is said, or inadvertently, while the slayer is in the commission of some unlawful act. In either case it is unlawful killing that makes manslaughter. There may be a killing or homicide, as it is termed in law, that is excusable, or that is justifiable. There is a slight distinction between the two. A homicide committed in self-defense is said to be excusable; that is, if a man is compelled to kill another to save his own life or prevent great bodily harm, that is said to be excusable. A homicide committed by an officer in the discharge of his duty is said to be justifiable, and of these justifiable homicides there are two divisions; in one an officer is commanded to take the life of an offender; this is termed justifiable homicide by command of the law; the other is where an officer is permitted to take the life of an offender; this is termed justifiable homicide by permission of the law, and it is said this last division to which it is claimed this particular case belongs. The rule of law is, in cases of justifiable homicide by permission of the law as laid down by Wharton, one of the most eminent writers on criminal law in America, "that so far as concerns officers, where a felony has been committed, and the party flees from justice, he may be killed in the pursuit if he cannot otherwise be overtaken, and that the reasonable rule is, that where a man flies from arrest, the charge being a mere trespass, or an offense equivalent to a trespass, to kill him in prevention of the escape is at least manslaughter, but it is otherwise supposing the arrest to be duly authorized and notice duly given, where the offense is of a higher grade, as saving life or public safety." The same rule is laid down by England's most illustrious commentator, "so, if any officer has a warrant against A by name for felony, or if A is indicted for felony, in these cases, if A, though innocent, flies or resists and he is killed by the officer, or any other person aiding him during flight or resistance, the person killing him is indemnified." Again, the same author says, "in these instances of justifiable homicide it may be observed that the slayer is in no kind of fault whatever, not even to the minutest degree, and is therefore totally acquitted and discharged, with commendation rather than blame." And I will say to you that the rule of law is that an officer duly authorized to serve a state warrant, having a legal warrant placed in his hands for the arrest of the party duly charged with a felony, and after notifying such party that he holds such a warrant for his arrest, may, if such party flies or tries to escape, use such force as is reasonably necessary to prevent his escape and cause his arrest, and if in the use of such necessary force the offender should be killed, the officer would be justified.

In this case it is claimed by the State that the defendant is guilty of manslaughter, because at the time of the killing, the defendant was using more force than was necessary or proper for him to use under the circumstances to cause the arrest of Joseph Polus, jr. While it is claimed by the defendant that he is not guilty of any crime, because in attempting to arrest the said Joseph Polus, jr., and in attempting to prevent his escape he used no more force than was reasonably necessary under the circumstances, and that if the homicide was committed, it was a justifiable homicide.

I will say to you that if you find that the defendant, at the time of killing, was the Marshal of the village of Louisville, that he had placed in his hands a legal warrant for the arrest of the said Joseph Polus, jr., for a felony charged against him, and that in executing such warrant and arresting said Joseph Polus' jr., he used more force than was reasonably necessary under the circumstances to effect said arrest, that he would have been engaged in an unlawful act, and if while so engaged. he killed said Joseph Polus, jr., it would not be a case of justifiable homicide, but of manslaughter. But if on the other hand you find that Joseph Polus, jr., was charged before a proper officer with a felony, and defendant held a legal warrant issued by said officer for his arrest for such felony, and was honestly and in good faith attempting to serve said warrant, and to arrest said Joseph Polus, jr., and in so doing used no more force than was reasonably necessary to prevent his escape, and cause his arrest, under the circumstances, then the defendant was not engaged in an unlawful act, but was engaged in a lawful act, and one that was eminently proper, and one that it was his sworn duty to do, and if while so engaged the defendant killed Joseph Polus, jr., it would be a case of justifiable homicide, and you should find the defendant not guilty.

What is meant by such force as is reasonably necessary is, that it should be such force, and only such force, as a reasonable man would use under like circumstances; such force and only such force as a reasonable man, under the circumstances, as they appeared to the defendant, would deem necessary and proper to prevent the escape and cause the arrest of Joseph Polus, jr. What is meant by a felony is any crime the punishment of which is capital or imprisonment in the penitentiary. All offenses punishable by fine or imprisonment in the jail are called misdemeanors, and I will say to you that if you find Joseph Polus, jr., was charged with an assault with intent to kill, that crime was a felony.

Again, I will say to you that it is not necessary for the officer to directly notify a person for whom he holds a warrant that he has such a warrant, that he is such officer, or of the offense charged if you find that such person knew the same at the time or before the officer attempted to arrest him. If Joseph Polus, jr., knew at the time or before, the defendant was attempting to arrest him that he had been duly charged with a felony, and that the defendant was the Marshal of Louisville, and had a warrant for his arrest for that offense, it was not then necessary for the defendant to inform or notify Joseph Polus, jr., of these facts before he attempted to arrest him.

To determine all these questions you must look to the evidence. It is for you to say, after considering the evidence and looking at all the circumstances that surrounded the defendant at the time, considering it all, as reasonable men, did the defendant use more force than was reasonably necessary to prevent the escape and cause the arrest of Joseph Polus, jr., or did he use no more force than was reasonably necessary under the circumstances.

This question is for you. It is a question of fact, a most important and grave one, and one which should receive your most earnest and conscientious consideration. I can only aid you in your deliberations by giving you some general rules that should govern you in weighing the evidence and arriving at a conclusion. I cannot give you my opinion, I cannot even intimate to you what I think you ought to do. You are the sole judge of the facts, under the rules of law given you by the Court.

The first rule I will call your attention to is, that in this case, as in all criminal cases, it devolves upon the State to establish every proposition necessary to conviction to your satisfaction beyond a reasonable doubt. The rule in a civil action is, that the party who holds the affirmative must establish his proposition by the fair preponderance of the evidence, but that will not do in a criminal case. The law presumes the defendant innocent: and this legal presumption of innocence can only be overcome by the full proof, such as will exclude all reasonable doubt of the guilt of the defendant. The law is too jealous and careful of the rights of citizens to permit any person to be deprived of life or liberty, except on a fair trial to a jury of his peers, and after sufficient evidence has been given to remove every reasonable doubt of his guilt. If you have any reasonable doubt on any one of these propositions, to which I have called your attention, as to the guilt of the defendant, it is your duty to give him the full benefit of that doubt and find a verdict of not guilty. But, if after carefully considering all the evidence you are satisfied, beyond a reasonable doubt, that he is guilty under these instructions which I have given you, it is your duty to so say, and return a verdict of guilty as he stands charged in the indictment.

A reasonable doubt is such a doubt as a reasonable man would have after considering all the evidence in the case honestly and fairly, for the purpose of arriving at the truth. It does not mean a frivolous doubt, or a captious doubt, or such a doubt as a partisan might have or claim to have for a purpose, but an honest doubt, fairly entertained, such a doubt as an honest and fair-minded man might have after carefully considering all the evidence. If you have such a reasonable doubt you should not hesitate to give the defendant the benefit of it and render a verdict of not guilty.

In weighing the evidence of each witness you should consider any interest or feeling you may find he may have in this proceeding; consider his relationship to the parties, if he is related; his intelligence or want of intelligence; his opportunity for knowing what he testifies about; his memory or want of memory about what occurred; his manner before you on the stand; his contradiction of his own evidence before you if he is so contradicted; the reasonableness of his story, and whether he is corroborated by the other facts and evidence in the case which you may find to be true. Consider all these things and any other matter that may occur to your own minds, that may enable you to correctly weigh the evidence of each witness and give it its proper weight, so as to arrive at the truth in the case.

There has been much evidence admitted in this case as to what occurred both before and after the time this alleged killing took place, but I will say to you that most of such evidence is only important as far as it may enable you to ascertain what occurred at the time the injury was inflicted. To illustrate my meaning; suppose, as a matter of fact, that defendant used no more force than was reasonably necessary to prevent the escape or cause the arrest of Joseph Polus, jr., nothing that defendant did, before or afterwards, and nothing he neglected to do afterwards whether he took him to his home or to the doctor's office could alter that fact, and on the other hand, if you should find, as a matter of fact, that defendant did use more force than was reasonably necessary to prevent the escape or cause the arrest of Joseph Polus, jr., nothing that defendant did, before or afterwards, could alter that fact.

There is no malice charged against the defendant in this case, so that you are to continue the evidence introduced, for the purpose of determining the questions to which I have called your attention. There has been evidence introduced as to the character and reputation of the defendant as a quiet and peaceable citizen, at and before the time of said killing, and it is proper for you to consider the same, and if from that evidence you should find that the defendant had a good character and a good reputation amongst his neighbors and acquaintances for peaceable and quiet conduct, you should consider that fact as bearing on the question of his guilt, and whether it would be likely such a man would commit the offense charged against the defendant. There has been evidence also offered in this case as to the character and reputation of Joseph Polus, jr., for vicious and bad conduct and for quarrelsomeness. I will say to you that this was only allowed to be introduced for the purpose of enabling you to fully and fairly understand the circumstances that surrounded the parties at the time the defendant attempted to arrest Joseph Polus, jr. The defendant had no right to shoot Joseph Polus, jr., because he was a bad man or a dangerous man, or because he was guilty of any crime, and would only be justified in so doing, when it became necessary to prevent his escape or cause his arrest, as I have before stated to you.

I have no doubt from the intelligent and patient manner you have listened to the vast amount of evidence that has been introduced in this case and from the attention you have given to the able arguments of counsel, that you will intelligently and conscientiously consider the case. I need not call your attention to the vast importance of the questions involved, not only to the defendant, but to the State. I have no doubt you fully appreciate their importance. Consider them, as honest, disinterested and fair-minded men, and in the language of the oath you have taken, "a true deliverance make, according to the law and the evidence."

Now, gentlemen, take this case. Everything has been done that can be done to enable you to render a true verdict. If you are satisfied beyond a reasonable doubt that the defendant is guilty, under these instructions, you should so find, but if you are not satisfied beyond a reasonable doubt, you should give the defendant the benefit of that doubt and return a verdict of not guilty.

Blank forms will be furnished you, upon which to return your verdict. When you retire, appoint one of your number foreman, and when you have agreed upon a verdict, have him sign it and return with it into Court.

What True Merit will do.

The unprecedented sale of Boschee's German Syrup within a few years, has astonished the world. It is without doubt the safest and best remedy ever discovered for the speedy and effectual cure of coughs, Colds and the severest lung troubles. It acts on an entirely different principle from the usual prescriptions given by physicians as it does not dry up a cough and leave the disease still in the system, but on the contrary removes the cause of the trouble heals the parts affected and leaves them in a purely healthy condition. A bottle kept in the house for use when the diseases make their appearance, will save doctors' bills and a long spell of serious illness. A trial will convince you of these facts. It is positively sold by all druggists and general dealers in the land. Price, 75 cents large bottles. 38-eow

If it be unwomanly for a woman to vote, or to hold office, it is unwomanly for Victoria to be Queen of England.—*Geo. Wm. Curtis.*

BRAE UP.

You are feeling depressed, your appetite is poor, you are bothered with headache, you are fidgety, nervous, and generally out of sorts, and want to brace up. Brace up, but not with stimulants, spring medicines, or bitters, which have for their basis very cheap, bad whisky, and which stimulate you for an hour, and then leave you in worse condition than before. What you want is an alterative that will purify your blood, start healthy action of Liver and Kidneys, restore your vitality, and give renewed health and strength. Such a medicine you will find in Electric Bitters, and only 50 cents at Z. T. Baltzly's Drug Store.

Fencing clubs for women are popular in New York during Lent. Girls enjoy the exercise. The sport compels them to put away corsets and French heels.

Drunkenness, or Liquor Habit, can be Cured by administering Dr. Hains' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, effeting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been made temperate men who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effects results from its administeration. Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence Golden Specific No, 185 Race St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Signora Fanny Zampini Salazaro is the editor of a new monthly magazine just started in Rome, devoted to the interests of Italian women.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin impurities, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box For sale by Z. T Baltzly.

Mr. Norman W. Dodge, of New York, has instituted a price of $300, at each annual exhibition of the Academy to the best picture painted in the United States by a woman.

FOR the relief and cure of the inflammation and congestion called "a cold in the head" there is more potency in Ely's Cream Balm than in anything it is possible to prescribe. This preparation has for years past been making a brilliant success as a remedy for cold in the head, catarrh and hay fever. Used in the initial stages of these complaints Cream Balm prevents any serious development of the symptoms, while almost numberless cases are on record of radical cures of chronic catarrh and hay fever after all other modes of treatment have proved of no avail.

Their Business Booming.

Probably no one thing has caused such a general revival of trade at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store as their giving away to their customers of so many free trial bottles of Dr. Kings New Discovery for consumption. Their trade is simply enormous in this very valuable article from the fact that it always cures and never disappoints. Coughs colds, asthma, bronchitis, croup, and all throat and lung diseases quickly cured. You can test it before buying by getting a trial bottle free, large size $1. Every bottle warranted.

Mrs. M. S. Durrell, wife of Judge E. H. Durrell, and Miss A. L. Gebhard have been awarded a medal from the American Institute for a patented attachment for water-heating to steam radiators.

What you need is a medicine which is pure, efficient, reliable. Such is Hood's Sarsaparilla. It possesses peculiar curative powers.

The woman suffrage constitutional amendment, which passed the Rhode Island Senate 28 to 8, has now passed the House, 52 to 5, and will be submitted to the voters early in April.

Women constitute two-thirds of our church members and only one-fifth of our criminals. Yet there are still people who say that woman suffrage would strengthen the political power of vice and crime.

An exchange says: "Man's average life is 33 years." Dr. Bull's Cough syrup will always live.

Ladies Guide' to Fancy Work.

This work contains nearls 300 handsome Illustrations with instructions for making hundreds of beautiful things, either for adorning your home or presents for your friends, at a most trifling expenck, including all kinds of Fancy work, artistic embroideries, lace work knitting, tatting and net work; contains designs for Monogram, initials, tidies, lambrequins, ottomans, counterpains, rugs, carriage robes, brackets, wall pockets, waste paper baskets, work boxes, work baskets, work bags, pen wipers, hanging baskets, catch-alls, pin cushions, footstools, handkerchief boxes glove boxes, card baskets, sofa pillows, table covers, work stands, table scarf screens, scrap bags, hand bags, table mats, toilet mats, lamp mats, lamp shades, pillow sham holders curtains toilet stands, slipper cases, letter cases, picture frames, toilet sets, cloths, brush holders, hassocks, cigar boxes, sachels, fancy purses, slippers, dressing gowns, music portfolios, knife cases, fans, flower baskets, plant stands, flower-pot covers, shawl dresss trimmings, window shades, feather work, spatter work, leaf photographs and many other things.

It is handsomely boud, containing 64 large 3 column pages, and will be sent post-paid for only 30 cents. It is the finest book on fancy work ever published, and every lady interested in household art should secure a copy at once.

Address, The Empire News Co. Syracuse, N. Y.

Let us be honest and admit what we all know, that the real reason why the right of suffrage is denied to women is because there is just trace enough of ancient barbarism lingering in our civilization to bar them out.—*Hon. John D. Long.*

To The Ladies!

If you are afflicted with rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous exhaustion, dyspepsia, or with diseases of the liver, kidneys, headache or cold feet, swollen or weak ankles, or swollen feet, an Abdominal Belt and a pair of Magnetic Foot Batteries have no superior in the relief and cure of all these complaints. They carry a powerful magnetic force to the seat of the disease.

For lame back, weakness of the spine, falling of the womb, leucorrhœa, chronic inflammation and ulceration of the womb, incidental hemorrhage or flooding, painful, suppressed and irregular menstruation, barrenness, and change of life, this is the best Appliance and Curative Agent Known.

Price of Supporter with Magnetic Foot Batteries, $10. Sent by express C. O. D., and examination allowed, or by mail on receipt of price, and if not found satisfactory even after six months trial they can be returned and money refunded. In ordering, send measure of waist and size of shoe.

They are worn over the underclothing. They hold their power forever.

Send stamp for the "New Departure in Medical Treatment Without Medicine," with thousands of testimonials. Send for circulars. Write us full particulars as regards your difficulties—order direct.

THE MAGNETIC APPLIANCE CO., 134 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

We need the participation of woman in the ballot-box. It is idle to fear that she will meet with disrespect or insult at the polls. Let her walk up firmly and modestly to deposit her vote, and if any one ventures to molest her, the crrowd will swallow him up as the whale swallowed Jonah.—*Henry Ward Beecher.*

Another Art Craze.

The latest art work among ladies is known as the "French craze" for decorating china, glassware, etc. It is something entirely new, and is both profitable and fascinating. It is very popular in New York, Boston and other Eastern cities. To Ladies desiring to learn the art, we will send an elegant china plaque (size 18 inches,) handsomely decorated, for a model, together with box of material, 100 colored designs assorted in flowers, animals, soldiers, landscapes, etc., complete, with full instructions, upon receipt of only $1.00. The plaque alone is worth more than the amount charged. To every lady ordering this outfit who encloses the address of five other ladies interested in art matters, to whom we can mail our new catalogue of art goods, we will enclose extra and without charge an imitation hand painted brass plaque. Instruction book in painting, 16 colored pictures &c., only 15c. Embroidery silk, best quality, all colors, 80c per 100 skeins. Tinsel braid, gold or silver, for art embroidery and needle work large ball only 15c. Macrame cord, white, 50c. per lb; any color, 60c per lb. Other goods at equally low prices. Address, The Empire News Co., Syracuse, N. Y. 39-8t

The paper of Miss Mary E. Byrd, assistant in the mathematical department of Carleton College, on "Popular Fallacies about Observatories," delivered at the laying of the corner-stone of the new observatory, last fall, is being extensively copied by scientific papers in England and on the Continent.

Piles! Piles! Piles!

Dr. William's Indian Pile Ointment is the only sure cure for blind, bleeding or itching piles ever discovered. It never fails to cure old chronic cases of long standing.

Judge Coons, Maysville, Ky., says: "Dr. William's Indian Pile Ointment cured me after years of suffering."

Judge Coffinbury, Cleveland, O., says: "I have found by experience that Dr. William's Indian Pile Ointment gives immediate and permanent relief."

We have hundreds of such testimonials. Do not suffer an instant longer. Sold by Z. T. Baltzly at 50c and 1$ per box. 30-e o w

No man can take out a license to marry the minor daughter of another without his consent. But the law virtually gives every man a license to seduce the minor daughter of his neighbor, and the child's own consent discharges him of all penalties. It is no wonder that various woman's associations are asking to have the law changed. If mothers were voters, such a law could never have been passed.

Dr. Flagg's Family Ointment

Never fails to soothe and heal cuts, burns, bruises, flesh wounds, inflammation, sprains, pimples, chilblains, salt rheum, chapped lips or hands, frost bites, cold sores, sore nipples, and all diseases and eruptions of the skin.

YOUNG LADIES,

Dr. Flaggs Family Ointment will remove all pimples, blackheads, freckles and other blemishes from your face, leaving the skin soft, and beautiful. No family will be without it after testing its marvelous soothing and healing properties. Sold by Baltzly for 25 cents. 30-eow

A Genial Restorative.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are emphatically a genial restorative. The changes which this great botanic remedy produces in the disordered organization are always agreeably, though surely progressive, never abrupt and violent. On this account it is admirably adapted to persons of delicate constitution and weak nerves, to whom the powerful mineral drugs are positively injurious. That it initiates those processes which result in the re-establishment of healthful vigor is conspicuously shown in cases where it is taken to overcome that fruitful cause of debility, indigestion, coupled, as it usually is, with biliousness and constipation. Through digestion, regular evacuation and abundant secretion, are results which promptly and invariably attend its systematic use. It is, besides, the best protective malaria and a first rate diuretic.

An East India missionary says: "There was never a time more full of hope of great and early blessing. Never were the indications of divine working power on the hearts of multitudes so apparent as now. There is a growing desire to purchase and read the Gospels. Crowds listen with intelligence to the preaching of the gospel. There is an increasing ferment and inquiry among the people as to the gospel. Missionary brethren were never fuller of hope. This is the case not only in our mission but in all."

Dr. Frazier's Throat & Lung Balsam

Is the greatest cure in the world for coughs, cold, sore throat, hoarseness, bronchitis, asthma, quinsy, laryngitis, and all diseases of the throat and lungs. Scores and hundreds owe their lives to it. It performs wonders in relieving consumption. It strengthens the lungs and instantly allays all irritation of the throat. Never neglect a cough. It may prove fatal. Dr. Frazier's Throat and Lung Balsam, taken in time, will save your life. It is put up in large family bottles and sells for the small price of 50 cents per bottle at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store. 30-eow

PSH YOUR PENSION CLAIM!

FITZGERALD & POWELL, of Indianapolis, Ind., and Washington, D. C., with an experience of Twenty Years, are better prepared than ever to secure the allowance of Neglected, Abandoned, or Rejected Pension Claims for Soldiers of any War, or their Widows and Children.

No fee unless successful. Advice free.

If your claim has not been allowed, write to them.

If you are not getting as much as you believe the law allows, write to them.

Mention this paper and address Fitzgerald & Powell, Washington, D. C.

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TAKE THE

Mt. Vernon & Pan Handle Route

The Great Through Line via

The C. A. & C. RAILWAY

P., C. & St. L. and C., St. L. & P. Railroads for all Points South & Southwest.

The only line running the **celebrated Pullman Palace Sleeping and Drawing Room Cars Between Cleveland, Akron, Columbus, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and St. Louis.**

Passengers holding first-class tickets via this line are entitled to seats in the **New and Elegant Pullman Reclining Chair Cars** at a nominal charge, leaving Columbus on the Fast Express at 1:50 p. m. daily, arriving at Indianapolis 9:50 p. m., St. Louis 6:15 a. m. and Kansas City 7:30 p. m.

THE SCHEDULE.

Central or 90th Meridian Time.

In effect Jan. 30, 1887.

GOING NORTH.				GOING SOUTH.		
No. 9. Cleveland Express.	No. 27. Night Express.	No. 3. Fast Mail.	STATIONS.	No. 2. Fast Mail.	No. 28. Night Express.	No. 4. Express.
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	Ar U. Depot Lv	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
12 30	6 45	5 40	...Cleveland...	8 00	8 00	2 05
12 16	6 31	5 26	" Euclid ave	8 11	8 14	2 19
12 00	6 15	5 10	" Newburg..	8 29	8 .9	2 31
11 26	5 40	4 35	.....Hudson.....	9 05	9 05	3 10
11 07	5 23	4 16	Cuyahoga Falls	9 19	9 20	3 27
10 55	5 10	4 05	.....Akron.....	9 30	9 35	3 40
10 24	4 31	3 28	.....Warwick....	10 03	10 08	4 18
10 07	4 10	3 08	le ..Orrville ...ar	10 26	10 32	4 40
9 04	2 59	2 18	...Millersburg...	11 15	11 20	5 37
7 49	1 44	1 15	....Gambier.....	12 28	12 31	6 19
7 38	1 32	1 05	...Mt. Vernon...	12 38	12 50	7 20
7 07	12 56	12 30	...Centerburg....	1 24	1 21	7 51
6 43	12 34	.....	.....Sunbury.....	.....	1 46	8 15
6 25	12 15	11 55	...Westerville...	2 01	2 07	8 35
6 00	11 50	11 30	lv Columbus ar	2 25	2 35	9 00
A. M.	P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
.....	11 35	11 10	ar Columbus lv	2 40	2 50	.....
.....	10 00	9 33	.....Xenia.....	4 20	4 55	.....
.....	8 36	8 14	.....Loveland....	5 33	6 17	.....
.....	7 45	7 25	lv Cincinnati ar	6 20	7 10	.....
.....	P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	.....
.....	11 20	11 10	ar Columbus iv	2 50	5 40	.....
.....	9 51	9 43	.....Urbana.....	4 22	7 01	.....
.....	9 04	8 53	.....Piqua.....	5 12	7 46	.....
.....	7 30	7 05	.....Richmond....	7 20	9 10	.....
.....	4 55	4 30	...Indianapolis...	9 50	11 45	.....
.....	2 33	1 51	....Terre Haute ..	12 40	2 13	.....
.....	12 20	11 35	....Effingham....	2 55	4 15	.....
.....	11 22	10 28	.....Vandalia....	3 49	5 08	.....
.....	9 00	8 00	lv St. Louis ar	6 15	7 30	.....
.....	A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	.....

Trains 27 and 28 run daily, all other trains daily except Sunday

Trains 7 and 8, known as the Gann and Columbus accommodations, leave Gann at 6:00 a. m., arriving at Columbus at 8:40 a. m.; leave Columbus at 4:30 p. m., arriving at Gann at 7:00 p. m.

Train 9 (Cleveland express) connects with P., Ft W. & C. No. 10 from Wooster, Shreve and all points west.

Train 4 (Orrville Express) connects with P., Ft W. & C. No. 3 for Wooster, Shreve and all points west.

Trains 2, 3, 5 and 6 make connections with P., Ft. W. & C. trains for all points east and west via Orrville.

For further information, address

CHAS. O. WOOD,

Ass't Gen'l Pass'r Agent, Akron, O.

TIME TABLE.

P., Ft. W. & C. Railway.

Schedule in Effect January 30, 1887.

Trains depart from MASSILLON station as follows.

CENTRAL TIME.

GOING EAST

No. 8	Daily	2 49	a m
No. 4	Daily except Sunday	3 12	p. m
No. 12	" "	10 11	p. m
No. 10	Daily	9 27	a. m
Local Freight	Daily except Sunday	11 28	a. m

GOING WEST

No. 1	Daily except Sunday	4 14	a. m
No. 9	Daily	11 15	"
No. 7	Daily except Sunday	1 55	p. m
No. 3	Daily	5 52	"
Local Freight		7 05	a. m

Pullman Palace Sleeping and Hotel Cars attached to through trains run without change, westbound to Chicago; eastbound to Pittsburgh, Harrisburgh, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

For time tables, rates of fare, through tickets and baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains, apply to J. A. Shoemaker, Ticket Agent, Massillon, Ohio.

*Daily. ‡Daily except Sunday. †Daily except Monday.

E. A. FORD,
Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agent

JAMES McCREA,
Manager.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

C. L. & W. Railway.

Condensed Time Table of Passenger Trains.

In effect Nov. 14, 1886, until further notice.

New Standard—90 Meridian time which is 28 minutes slower than Columbus time.

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	No. 1.	No. 3.	No. 5.	Accom.
Lorain	6 55AM	3 [illegible]	.....	4 00AM
Sheffield	7 05*	3 55*	.....	4 10
Elyria	7 15	4 05	.....	4 30
Patterson	7 26*	4 15*	.....	4 45
Grafton ..... ar	7 40	4 30	.....	5 15
Cleveland	6 45	4 00	.....	2 00AM
Grafton lv	8 00	5 05	.....	5 15
Belden	8 08	5 13	.....	5 35
Eharte	8 18	5 21	.....	5 50
York	8 26	5 29	.....	6 00
Medina	8 33	5 35	.....	6 50
Chippewa Lake	8 42*	5 46*	.....	7 05
Camp Chippewa	8 45*	5 49	.....	7 10
Seville	8 53	5 58	.....	7 41
Sterling	9 00	6 05	.....	8 00
Easton	9 15	6 16	.....	8 40
Warwick	9 26	6 26	.....	9 26
Canal Fulton	9 34	6 33	.....	9 50
Pauls	9 42*	6 41*	.....	10 10
Massillon	9 53	6 55	6 10AM	10 50
Navarre	10 08*	7 10*	6 25*	11 50
Justus	10 13	7 20	6 31	12 00
Beach City	10 21	7 28	6 40	12 15PM
Strasburgh	10 31	7 39	6 52	12 35
Canal Dover	10 42	7 51	7 04	1 00
New Philadel	10 51	8 00	7 16	1 45
Goshen	.....	8 05*	7 22*	2 00
Tuscarawas	11 03*	8 10*	7 28*	2 28
Urichville ..... ar	11 12	8 20	.....	.....
" lv	11 30	.....	7 35	2 45
Newport	11 38*	.....	7 45*	3 10
Stillwater	11 48	.....	7 55	3 30
Tippecanoe	11 58	.....	8 05	3 55
Freeport	12 13PM	.....	8 22	4 30
Butler	12 23	.....	8 32	4 55
Clevenger	.....	.....	8 40*	5 10
Holloway	12 33	.....	8 42	5 30
Flushing	12 44	.....	8 53	5 55
Lafferty	12 56	.....	9 04	6 30
Bruce	1 03	.....	9 12	6 45
Fairpoint	1 13	.....	9 22	7 05
Maynard	1 23	.....	9 33	7 25
Kidds	1 29*	.....	9 40*	7 40
Barton	1 35	.....	9 45	7 50
Pasco	1 45*	.....	9 55	8 05
Bridgeport	2 00	.....	10 10	8 30

Ar. Wheeling by Street Car from Bridgeport.

GOING NORTH.

Lv. Wheeling by Street Car for Bridgeport.

STATIONS.	No. 2.	No. 4.	No. 6.	Accom.
Bridgeport	.....	11 35am	4 00pm	4 00am
Pasco	.....	11 50*	4 15	4 20
Barton	.....	12 00 m	4 25	4 35
Kidds	.....	12 06*	4 30*	4 45
Maynard	.....	12 12pm	4 30	5 00
Fairpoint	.....	12 23	4 47	5 20
Bruce	.....	12 32	4 57	5 35
Lafferty	.....	12 41*	5 05	5 50
Flushing	.....	12 53	5 17	6 10
Holloway	.....	1 04	5 30	6 30
Clevenger	.....	.....	5 33*	6 35
Butler	.....	1 15	5 41	6 50
Freeport	.....	1 26	5 51	7 10
Tippecanoe	.....	1 41	6 08	7 35
Stillwater	.....	1 51	6 18	7 55
Newport	.....	2 00*	6 28*	8 10
Uhrichsville	5 20 AM	2 20	6 38	8 25
Tuscaraw's	5 28*	2 28*	6 45	8 50
Goshen	5 34	.....	6 51	9 00
New Phila	5 40	2 39	6 57	9 15
C Dover	5 50	2 49	7 06	9 50
Strasburg	6 02	3 00	7 17	10 31
Beach City	6 12	3 11	7 28	11 00
Justus	6 20	3 20	7 37	11 20
Navarre	6 25*	3 25*	7 42*	11 50
Massillon	6 40	3 40	7 55	12 45pm
Pauls	6 52*	3 51*	.....	1 15
C Fulton	7 00	3 59	.....	1 35
Warwick	7 08	4 08	.....	2 05
Easton	7 19	4 19	.....	2 30
Sterling	7 34	4 35	.....	3 00
Seville	7 41	4 43	.....	3 30
Chippewa L	7 52*	4 54*	.....	3 55
Medina	8 02	5 05	.....	5 35
York	8 09	5 13	.....	5 55
Eharte	8 18	5 21	.....	6 25
Belden	8 26	5 30	.....	6 40
ar Grafton	8 35	5 40	.....	7 10
Cleveland	9 35am	6 50	.....	10 15pm
le Grafton	8 45	5 50	.....	7 10pm
Patterson	8 56*	6 01*	.....	7 30
Elyria	9

Massillon Independent.

[ESTABLISHED IN 1868.]

ROBERT P. SKINNER. SAMUEL H. WEIRICH.

PUBLISHED BY

SKINNER & WEIRICH,

Opera House Block,

MASSILLON, - - OHIO.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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Three Months..... .50

Contributions on subjects of general and local interest are solicited and the use of the columns of this paper to agitate proper matters is urged. Advertising rates will be furnished upon application.

The Independent's Telephone No. is 72.

FRIDAY, MARCH 25, 1887.

MASSILLON

has peculiar advantages which make it a desirable point for manufacturers. With coal, stone, iron and clay, practically within the city limits, with natural gas soon to be developed, with four railroads, the Ohio Canal and three express companies they could hardly ask more

Republican City Ticket.

Treasurer—Jacob W. Foltz.

Marshal—Adam Wendling.

Street Commissioner—George Zielley.

Council—First ward, John Leu; Second, Henry Huber; Third, Henry Williams; Fourth, Joseph Donnelly.

Assessor—First ward, I. S. Crooks; Second, Lincoln Graybill; Third, John Merriman; Fourth, Frederick Hose.

TOWNSHIP TICKET.

Trustee—Adam F. Roof.

Treasurer—Martin Shafer.

Clerk—Louis A. Koons.

Constables—John Shearer, Theodore Clapper.

Assesor—Joseph Miller; Richville precinct, G. W. Moore.

Justice of the Peace—Robert H. Folger.

The above ticket resulted from the Republican primary election, and no one need feel ashamed to work and vote for it.

To start with, there is J. W. Foltz. He is competent, accommodating, popular, and what else is needed?

Marshal Wendling, experienced and acceptable, knows what to do, and how to do it. He is the best marshal Massillon ever had since it threw off its swaddling clothes, and established a police force.

D. F. Reinoehl, a young attorney who is said to be one of the best read in the county, is in every respect worthy of the office of city solicitor, and will be elected.

Nothing need be said as to George Zielley. The only good streets we have, he made years ago, and the present prospects are that we will have no more unless he is elected

For council John Leu the well known contractor can carry the first ward. He is a practical man, and practical men are needed. Henry Huber is the nominee in the second ward, whose nomination has been anxiously hoped for by the entire city. Henry Williams is a business man, who wants to see city affairs conducted on business principles. Joseph Donnelly cannot be elected. It is a great pity that he comes from the fourth ward, from where no Republican can ever be elected. But he would make a good councilman all the same.

No one can object to the nominations for assessors.

The township ticket as good as the municipal. Robert H. Folger a man who gives some character to a justice's court is again up for election. It is usually the case that men without experience or capacity are selected for this position, but it is not so in this. Mr Folger is known throughout Northern Ohio as an attorney of ability.

Adam F. Roof will make a hard working trustee. Martin Shafer is again on the ticket and will not fail of election. Louis A. Koons the present clerk, can safely predict that he will also be the next.

The entire list of names is good, and the office for which they are named are very important. No local office is trivial. Let everybody turn out and vote when election day comes and if that is done, common sense will dictate the election of the men who are mentioned above.

The legislature insisted upon amending the Dow law, and did so, by providing that in incorporations where prohibitory ordinances have been adopted it shall be no defense that persons selling are acting as the gallon agents of manufacturers. The amendment is not a bad one, but the people at large had a great desire to see the law let along for a little while

Lovers of raw beef will be pleased to learn that trichinæ are as liable to be found in beef as in pork.

Good heavens! Is the street commissioner so hard up to find work for his men to do, that he must incorporate the fact of the burial of a dead dog in his official report!

Fellow citizens, the extreme east end of Main street was recently repaired and made good——on paper. by the present street commissioner Wait until a mild rain comes, then go see it and then——vote for George Zielley.

In addition to fast becoming old and silly, Victoria is now said to be becoming demented, and her queer orders are the talk of the whole country. Insanity is common to her family, and it is not strange either, when the long line of inter-marriages is considered.

The burning of the Richmond Hotel in Buffalo again calls public attention to the necessity of compelling the proprietors of all large buildings to erect fire-escapes. The law on this subject should be made general and not be confined in its operation, to the larger cities.

The town of Lima made the one great mistake of letting its new oil field get into the hands of the Standard Oil Company. The deplorable result is, that small drillers are forced out of business, and the entire field will soon be given over to the great monopoly.

Owing to the failure of the deficiency bill, the free letter delivery system cannot be extended to towns having a postal revenue of not less than ten thousand dollars until the beginning of the next fiscal year. This makes it possible for Massillon to get the system and all its benefits as soon as any of the cities which fill the necessary requirements, providing the receipts amount to ten thousand dollars by June next. The indications now are that that sum will be more than reached by that time.

In asking for the recognition of Senator Conrad, at the hands of the the Republican convention, as a proper candidate for the second office in the State, Stark county feels that it is not more than her due, and that the honor could not be bestowed a more worthily. Hamilton county will undoubtedly get the first place, and it is but right that Northeastern Ohio should be given the next. Senator Conrad's courage in the legislature where he successfully attended to his duties as a senator and as lieutenant governor, won for him the admiration and respect of men of both parties, and to make him his own successor is no more than right.

The Pittsburg coal men are greatly alarmed lest the Interstate Commerce act should close the Cleveland market to them as this paper prophesied some weeks ago. This would be the natural tendency, as the Massillon field is much nearer. Mr. F. L. Robbins of the Jumbo Coal Company is quoted as saying: "By requiring that rates shall bo based on mileage it shuts us out from distant markets and gives the nearest coal fields a monopoly of it. Thus we are driven to seek a trade in our home market and that has been destroyed by natural gas. Competition between distant fields of production will be prevented by this law and each district will be self-dependent. The Pittsburg coal operators have little or no home trade and have no sooner found a new market further ahead than this law deprives them of it.

It may be deemed a little out of the province of this paper to speak of the municipal nominations in a sister city, yet oftentimes, an interested observer from a distance, can judge more impartially of the state of affairs, than the active participants. And it is with this thought that hearty congratulations are extended to Canton over the excellent Republican nomination for mayor. It is for Cantonians to judge of the relative merits of the candidates, but if Mr. Sam J. Roberts is elected, the town will be sure of having a young, progressive and fearless official head, and one who sees in the office of mayor, a position which demands something more than an ability to write licenses, and fine petty criminals. So here's hoping that he will be elected, and that Massillon will have an opportunity to vote for as good a man, when again the spring time comes.

Kind Words for Senator Conrad.

The Columbus correspondent of the *Commercial Gazette* says:

Until this week there was a general belief that Captain Lyon, of Newark—a Republican editor, and a trustee of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Xenia—would have no competition in his candidacy for Lieutenant Governor; but Senator Conrad elected president pro tem. after General Kennedy's resignation on account of his election to Congress, is now a candidate for the nomination of Lieutenant Governor. He has been persuaded to come into the field by his Republican colleagues in the Senate. It is s id that every one of them has pledged himself to stand by Mr. Conrad. Captain Lyon will find that Mr. Conrad's candidacy is a very formidable one. Mr. Conrad is well known among the class of Republicans who usually go to State Conventions. He has been in the House of Representatives for several terms, and as Chairman of the Finance Committee of that body he was recognized as one of the most able, painstaking and economical directors of the finances of the State that has ever held the office. He is rather quiet and reserved in his manner, but is a gentleman of great force and energy. His character is of the very highest, and he is deservedly very popular among the substantial people of his own locality. In the Senate he is held in the highes respect among Democrats as well as Republicans.

AMUSEMENTS.

Past and Prospective—Minor Matters Connected Therewith.

A large audience awaited Mlle. Rhea in the Opera House Monday night. It was an audience that was disposed to be pleased, and pleased it could not very well help being. "The Widow" is a French comedy, refined and toned down in the process of translation, and like many French comedies, is, to Americans pointless and almost witless. The play was disappointing. Rhea was—Rhea. Graceful in movement, winning in manner, musical in voice, her hearers often forgot the artiste in the contemplation of the beautiful woman. There was no very marked enthusiasm, yet the fixed eyes, the frequent smiles, and the leveled glasses told that her success was something more than that which wild handclapping indicates. Her costumes were marvels, her company excellent, and sum total very good.

FLOY CROWELL.

This charming little artiste supported by S. K. Chester and a strong company, will open a week's engagement at the Opera House next Monday evening. She comes strongly endorsed by the press wherever she has appeared. The company is in reality a first-class, high-priced combination, the salary list exceeding that of a majority of high-priced companies now on the road, and their performances excelled by none. Mr. Chester formerly leading man for Mary Anderson; Mr. Dudley with John T. Raymond for two years, dividing honors with him as a comedian, and the balance of the company selected from the cream of the profession indicates the wisdom of the managers in their successful experiment of giving the public the best possible results for the low price of 10, 20 and 30 cents. Crowded houses have been the rule the entire season. We advise those desiring seats to go early or secure a reserved seat in advance which can be done without extra charge. Miss Crowell opens her season next Monday night in "Zeppa," a play of the M'liss order, written especially for her, full of absurd as well as startling situations. A wild, uncultured child of nature adopted and the pet of a camp of miners. Zeppa is the very embodiment of the genius of fun, mischief, as well as pathos.

The Canton Daily *Democrat* referring to the opening night of the Floy Crowell company at Canton last week says: A packed house and one of the best and cleanest plays ever presented on the stage here, and the company may be ranked ahead of a majority of many our people have paid fifty and seventy-five cents to see. The brilliant young artiste, Miss Crowell completely captivated the audience. Mr. S. K. Chester's acting showed him to be a polished and finished artist. The balance of the company were exceedingly good, especially little Mable Mortimer, one of the finest child actresses we have seen for a long time.

The following program will be rendered by Gilmore's Band, in this city April 1:

Overture.
"Der Freischutz."..... Weber
Gilmore's Band.
Euphonium Solo.
"Concerto Originale"..... Raffayolo
Signor Raffayolo.
Romanza.
"The First Heart Throbs"..... Eilenberg
Gilmore's Band.
Flute Solo.
On themes from "Faust."..... Gounod
Mr. Fred. Lax.
Grand Selection.
From the "Prophete."..... Meyerbeer
Gilmore's Band.
Scena and Cavatina.
From I Lombardi, "Non fu Sogno."..... Verdi
Sung by Miss Letitia Fritch.
Grand Aria for Cornet.
"The Lost Chord"..... Sullivan
Mr. W. C. Bent.
Solo for B Flat Clarinet.
"Fantasie Hongroise."..... Paganini
Gen. Morris.
Patrol of the Owl's Lair.
"Our all Night."..... Eccius
Gilmore's Band.
Solo for Cornet.
From the "Bohemian Girl"..... Balfe
Mr. E. A. Feiss.
Grand Fantasia [illegible]
"McGodie of Scotland"..... [illegible]
[illegible] Band.

Who Can It Be.

The Navarre *Independent* says; Our advice to that young Massillonian who came down here with two hotel waiter girls on last Friday night, and put up at the hotel, is to pull down the blinds. Their brazen actions were enough to cause a blush to creep over even the hitching posts outside..

HOOD'S

COMPOUND EXTRACT

OF

SARSAPARILLA

—TRADE MARK—

The importance of purifying the blood cannot be overestimated, for without pure blood you cannot enjoy good health.

At this season nearly every one needs a good medicine to purify, vitalize, and enrich the blood, and Hood's Sarsaparilla is worthy your confidence. It is peculiar in that it strengthens and builds up the system, creates an appetite, and tones the digestion, while it eradicates disease. Give it a trial.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

Notice of Election of Members of Board of Education.

Notice is hereby given to the qualified electors in the Massillon Union School District to meet on the first Monday in April next, being the 4th day of said month, 1887, at the usual places for holding elections, and then and there choose two persons to serve as members of the Board of Education, each for a term of three years and until their successors are elected and qualified.

By order of the Board of Education.

Attachment Notice.

John W. Sims, Plaintiff, } Before W. S. S. Rogers
vs } J. P., of Perry township,
Louis Stratton, Def't. } Stark county, Ohio.

On the 14th day of February, A. D., 1887, said justice issued an order of attachment in the above action for the sum of fifty-four dollars.

February 14, 1887. JOHN W. SIMS.
57-3t

Notice of Appointment.

Estate of Joseph Pabst, deceased.

The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as Administrator of the estate of Joseph Pabst, late of Stark county, deceased.

Dated this 25th day of February, A. D. 1887.
57-4t FELIX R. SHEPLEY.

Notice of Appointment.

Estate of Philip Lucius, deceased.

The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of Philip Lucius, late of Stark county, deceased.

Dated this 8th day of March, A. D. 1887.
58-3t PETER LUCIUS.

WANTED.

WANTED—A furnished room. Address, Lock Box 134.

WANTED—A first-class canvasser, male or female. Apply at this office.

CANVASSERS WANTED—AGENTS ARE MAKING $5 to $6 per day selling our Patent Extension Step Ladders. Territory going fast. Address or call on CHIEFTAIN HAY RAKE Co., Box 207, Canton, O.

FOR RENT.

HOUSE of eight rooms, cellar, summer Kitchen and barn. No. 101 East Tremont Street. Occupation given April 1. Apply to A. T. Skinner

FINE SIX ROOMED HOUSE on East Oak St. In excellent location. Inquire of Jas. R. Dunn.

JEWELERS.

JOSEPH COLEMAN, dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Musical Instruments, etc. No. 5 South Erie street.

C. F. VON KANEL, West Side Jeweler, No. 5 West Main street.

Announcement.

Please announce George W. Moore as a candidate for Assessor of Richville precinct, on the Republican ticket.

TREMENDOUS SLAUGHTER

SALE OF THE BALANCE OF

Watkins' Dry Goods and Notions.

Only two weeks more of the great sale. Everything has been cut down regardless of value, and now is the time to obtain bargains

In dress goods, silks, prints, muslins, shirtings, table linen, cassimeres, flannels, hosiery, gloves, corsets, underwear, laces, buttons, lace curtains, embroideries, etc., etc.

This is your last chance to buy goods at less than wholesale prices. Call and examine the great bargains we offer for a short time. Respectfully,

A. L. WATKINS & CO.,

Dry Goods and Notions.

No. 20 East Main St., - - - - Massillon, O.

Symphony and sonata, opera and oratorio are all grand, without question; but the general public will never lose their admiration for old familiar melodies. Many a "laird and ladye," "lad and lassie," have had their heart-strings attuned, in love and war, in joy and in sorrow, to the beautiful melodies of Scotland, of which the following will be found truly and charmingly representative: "Scots wha hae," "Auld Robin Gray," Bonnie Laddie," "The Campbells are Comin'," "The White Cockade," "John Anderson, My Joe," "Logie o' Buchan," Green Grow the Rushes, O," "The Braes of Auchterarder," "Annie Laurie," "Within a Mile of Edinboro Town," "Bonnet Blue" (with variations), "The Blue Bells of Scotland," "Tullochgorum," and closing with "Auld Lang Syne." Musical Director, Mr. P. S. Gilmore.

Expenditures of School Funds

—FOR THE YEAR—

Ending April 1st, 1887.

1886.		No. of Order.	Tuition Fund.	Contingent Fund.
April.				
1	By Balance last report		$1,375 75	$863 59
2	Mary Gauchat	64	90 00	
2	D. A. Stauffer	65	100 00	
2	Olive Smith	66	100 00	
3	Warren Michener	67	200 00	
5	A. B. Ashland	68	143 75	
6	J. W. Sease	69	64 50	
10	Iva F. Duncan	70	50 00	
30	Elmer Lenhart	71	48 00	
May.				
29	G. C. Hoverstock	72	70 00	
29	Aurelia Strobel	73	54 00	
June.				
5	Iva F. Duncan	74	50 00	
10	Sadie Seymour	75	56 00	
12	J. W. Sense	76	60 00	
12	L. E. Graybill	77	50 00	
23	Caroline Hourict	78	50 00	
26	Nellie Earl	79	25 00	
July.				
2	J. K. Reigner	80	90 00	
August.				
14	Nellie Earl	81	25 00	
September.				
1	Balance		269 59	1,782 52
			$3,091 58	$2,646 51
October.				
23	J. W. Sease	82	52 50	
30	J. H. Snively	83	28 00	
30	Nellie Earl	84	50 00	
November.				
9	Ed. Bowers	85	40 00	
27	M. E. McFerren	86	37 50	
27	G. C. Hoverstock	87	45 00	
27	Allen M. Zerkey	88	40 00	
27	Olive Smith	89	40 00	
December.				
11	Wm. L. Bach	90	32 00	
11	S. F. Christman	91	100 00	
1887.				
January.				
1	L. B. Harris	92	130 00	
1	Ed G. Bowers	93	40 00	
1	G. C. Hoverstock	94	45 00	
1	A. M. Zerkey	95	40 00	
1	J. W. Sease	96	90 00	
1	M E Mc arren	97	37 50	
1	G C Hoverstock	98	45 00	
7	Wm L Bach	99	48 00	
22	A M Zerkey	160	40 00	
28	Olive Smith	101	100 00	
February.				
4	Nellie Earl	102	90 00	
1886.				
September.				
17	J Swihart	294		2 00
18	E W Dehuff	295		4 00
20	School Board	296		249 57
20	J A Hanlon	297		50 00
20	School Board	298		16 00
25	J P Swihart	299		4 00
29	Henry Hartzell	320		5 00
30	John Neher	1		28 20
October.				
2	A Deitz	2		20 00
4	Jno Walters	3		15 00
8	—— Bruner	4		4 00
11	J V R Skinner	5		3 79
23	J M Walker	6		11 20
23	W S Tyler Co.	7		52 26
23	E W Dehuff	8		4 00
29	M A Brown	9		50
November.				
5	John Shedron	10		24 50
6	Sippo Coal Company	11		14 85
6	Thomas Earl	12		5 50
9	L Whetmore	13		4 00
13	R Heintz	14		4 00
15	Wm Castleman	15		34 68
21	John Allen	16		1 65
27	J P Swihart	17		2 00
December.				
28	H A Graber	18		16 50
31	W S Tyler Co.	19		74 89
31	Ed Stark	20		20 00
31	D White	21		3 50
31	A K Eyster	22		33 05
1887.				
January.				
15	School Board	23		15 48
25	A Deitz	24		1 00
28	Charles Smith	25		14 00
31	H L Hall	26		100 00
February.				
5	Wernet & Portman	27		3 70
8	H L Hall	28		6 60
16	Michael Trimer	29		5 68
March.				
8	Wm L Bach	103	64 00	
22	A M Zerkey	104	40 00	
22	M E McFarren	105	112 50	
22	L B Harris	106	110 00	
22	G C Hoverstock	107	90 00	
27	S F Christman	108	140 00	
	Total		$1,707 00	$861 84

RECEIPTS FROM APRIL 1, 1886, TO APRIL 1, 1887.

1886.		Tuition Fund.	Contingent Fund.
April 1.	To balance on hand	$2,101 49	$1,619 75
August.	Received from special levy	$547 60	
"	Received from State common school fund	442 50	
	Total tuition fund	990 10	
"	Received from contingent fund		684 51
"	Received from school house fund		342 25
		$3,091 59	$2,646 51
September 1.	To balance on hand	269 59	1782 52
" 20.	Received from Jackson township	29 92	
1887.			
February 25.	Received from special levy	$304 46	
"	Received from Sec. 16	27 23	
"	Received from State Common	475 20	
	Total tuition fund	806 89	
"	Received from contingent fund		753 94
"	Received from school house fund		655 08
March 9.	Received from sheep fund		145 11
	Total receipts	$1,106 40	$3,336 65

I hereby certify that the above is a true copy of the receipts and expenditures of the school funds of Perry Township for the year ending April 1, 1887, as shown by my books, which are open for inspection at all times.

LOUIS A. KOONS,
Clerk of Board of Education of Perry Township.

$10,000 worth of Carpets are now open for inspection at the Massillon Bee Hive. More than 15,000 yards of the newest patterns, including all grades up to the finest Moquetts have just been added. Do not think of buying until you have examined this mammoth stock.

But a few days more for the great closing sale of dry goods at A. L. Watkins & Co. 20, E. Main Street Those wishing bargains should call at once. Everything must be closed out.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

The Canton *Repository* has observed that Massillon observes Lent more rigidly than Canton.

The total expense of the Alliance schools last year amounted to twenty-one thousand dollars.

The Navarre weekly supplement to the Canton *Repository*, gives the county seat its usual coat of thick lather in its last issue.

It ought to be well understood that nut coal applies to a size of bituminous and chestnut coal to Anthracite.—*Coal Trade Journal.*

All Republican candidates are requested to meet in Justice Roger's office on Saturday evening next, to prepare for the campaign.

A party of Massillon Masons went to Orrville Monday night to witness the inspection of the Orrville lodge by Grand Master Williams.

Mr. W. C. Charleton, the engineer in charge of the electric light station lost two of his left hand fingers in the machinery on Monday night.

At last the I. N. Doxsee flour mill is about to be operated again, having been leased for the purpose by John Davis. Necessary repairs are now being made.

Mike Barr has withdrawn from the Democratic ticket, leaving Louis A. Koons, the Republican candidate for Township clerk, the master of the situation.

Russell & Co. have to a great extent done away with the use of horses for hauling, and have substituted traction engines, finding that by their use, they can save time and money.

Mr. Patrick Burke, the genial proprietor of the Prospect Stock Farm expects to spend the summer near Wadsworth drilling for coal. He proposes to have four sets of tools going the entire season.

There will be quarterly meeting at the U. B. church next Saturday and Sunday. Service on Saturday at 2 p. m. Communion service on Sunday forenoon A number have recently been added to the church.

With considerable pleasure the INDEPENDENT offers today the charge of Judge Raley, in the Devaux case, from official copy. Judge Raley has been complimented very highly for the effort, and it will be of much interest to every Stark county reader.

George Zielley has been nominated by the Republicans of Massillon for street commissioner. Mr. Zielley formerly held the same position in Massillon before coming here, and is reputed to be the best street commissioner the city ever had.—*New Philadelphia Advocate.*

At a meeting of the ladies aid society in the parlors of the M. E. church, the following ladies were elected officers to serve the ensuing year: President, Mrs. Geo. Harsh; Vice Presidents Mrs. Hamil, Mrs. T. C. Miller, Miss Alice Buckius; Secretary, Mrs. Wm. Oberlin; Treasurer, Mrs. M. Noble.

Work in the Massillon coal field lasted thirty-three weeks in 1886. The product consisted of 519,092 tons of lump, 73,430 tons of nut, total 593,422 tons. Four other counties in the State show a heavier tonnage than Stark. The average time made throughout the State was two hundred and five days. The total number of coal miners in Ohio is 20,407.

The Pittsburg *Times* says this of the funny man of the Baldwin company: Thomas Dunn, an actor with the Baldwin Dramatic Company, attempted to commit suicide at the Continental Hotel, at New Castle, on Saturday night, by taking 22 grains of chloride. He was despondent through drink. His act was discovered before the drug had taken effect and his life saved.

The condition of many of the streets on the outskirts of the city is a very serious detriment to business, if people did but know it. An old farmer dropped into the office the other day, and entered his protest against allowing the Millersburg road to remain as it is. He says that in wet weather it is a literal impossibility for country people to bring their wheat into market over that part of the road, which is inside the city limits. If this thing continues, it will have an effect upon the business interests not at all desirable.

A visit from Gilmore's band is an event of no little importance to every city west of New York, and announcement of a concert in Massillon seems almost more than could be expected. That the people of this city appreciate the honor, for it is an honor, is fully shown by the remarkable manner in which the seats are already being taken, for the concert next Friday night. There need be nothing said of Gilmore to impress the public with the excellence of his wonderful band, for it is an American institution, recognized as the most remarkable in the world. To every one who has heard it a thousand pleasant memories cling, and they never tire of hearing its history and the methods by which it arrives at such perfection. Every member of the band must be master of his instrument, read music at sight, and play his part without a fault. All are in constant practice together, either before the public or in private rehearsal, and every grade of expression from the most delicate sound possible to that of the greatest power of which musical instruments are capable, must be observed. During a performance the slightest deviation by any member from the highest artistic standpoint in tone, time, or phrasing, is made the subject of friendly criticism among the members after the concert, and this keeps each and all on the *qui vive* to avoid giving the most remote cause for such an unwelcome lecture. This is the whole secret of the perfection and success of Gilmore's band.

THE PRIMARIES.

A Light Vote and Little Interest on Either Side.

THE REPUALICANS PUT A CITIZENS' TICKET IN THE FIELD.

And the Democrats Make Theirs' Up Pretty Much of Small Calibre Politicians.

There was almost no need of holding a Republican primary election, as there was competiton only in one instance, and that is the first ward. In that ward, for city council, Daniel Hemperly received 10 votes, John Silk 13, and John Leu 57. Leu's majority 34.

The total vote cast was 211. It was only a matter of form, and many who called at the place of voting refused to cast a ballot at all. The ticket will be found at the head of the editorial page.

THE OTHER SIDE.

The following wonderful and beautiful ticket is the result of the sage reflection of 561 Democrats. Figures are given where there were contests:

CITY TICKETS.

Solicitor, Otto E. Young.
Treasurer, Paul Kirchhofer.
Marshal, Frederick Paul, 157; Andrew Wilhelm, 134; Thomas B. Myers, jr., 159; Joseph Minich, 92.
Street Commissioner, Louis Limbach, 433; Felix Andreis, 90.
Council, First ward, John C. Shaufele; Second ward, Jacob R. Schlagel 35; Philip Blumenschein 95; Third ward, Josiah Clutz; Fourth ward, Andrew Boerner.
Assessors, First ward, F. H. Minich; Second, John Ostenheimer; Third, David Kiehl; Fourth, George Bullach 90, Joseph Ertle, jr., 88.

TOWNSHIP.

Trustee—Louis Zeller.
Treasurer—Lewis List.
Clerk—Michael Bar.
Constables—Frank Shepley, Andy Daugleisen.
Assessor—Michael Triner, jr.
Justice of the Peace—Josiah Frantz.

Some of the nominations are good, some are bad. The nomination of Limbach is good for the party, a bad one for the city, because Republicans and Democrats alike, are interested in securing the best men for local offices.

The fight for nomination for marshal was decidedly hot, and the liquids flowed freely. Young Tom Myers had the longest pole, and knocked the persimmons. And who is young Tom Myers, everybody outside the Fourth ward will ask. Well, the INDEPENDENT don't know, and nobody else can answer. In speaking thus, the knowledge of his existence is not denied, but the idea is, that the pages of his history are perfectly blank as to service rendered party, State or anything else. But Thomas thinks the hand of destiny points to him, and so think his friends of the fourth ward.

The Death of James M. McEwen.

After a lingering illness of weeks during which untold suffering was patiently endured, James M. McEwen, long a resident of this city, died from Bright's disease, at his home on Prospect street, on last Friday morning, at the age of fifty-six years.

The funeral services conducted by the Knights Templar, of which order he was a prominent member, took place on Monday afternoon in St. Timothy's church, and were attended by many friends, and the three local Masonic organizations with which he had been connected, the Canton Commandery and Elliot Lodge, of Canal Fulton.

As a business man, Mr. McEwen was well-known and highly respected. His Masonic connections were of a high character. At the time of his death he was a director of the Masonic Association, and at different times he had been Worshipful Master of Clinton Lodge this city, and Elliot Lodge, Canal Fulton. He was made Master Mason in Bucyrus in 1854, a Royal Arch Mason in 1858, and a Knight Templar in 1859.

The Death of John Vogt, sr.

John Vogt, sr., the well-known contractor, died at the family residence on East Main street, Tuesday morning, after an illness of some weeks, of brain trouble. His death was not unexpected, though none the less regretted. The funeral took place on Thursday morning. Mr. Vogt came west in 1834, and in his early days became interested in the stone quarries about this city. In 1852 John Vogt & Co., commenced business, but afterward he took part in a milling enterprise, and still later was made stone contractor for the Ft. Wayne road. The latter position he held at the time of his death. He was the owner of the Bridgeport quarry, one mile north of the city. A wife and seven children survive him.

PERSONALITIES.

The Rev. E. J. Collins is in the magic city of Wichita.

Senator Conrad and the Hon. John McBride have returned, having finished their legislative labors.

Mr. Charles A. Gates has resigned his position with Russell & Co., to take effect April 1st. He will be succeeded by Mr. S. J. Patterson, who is now in charge of another department.

Now is the time to purchase anything in the dry goods line far below cost at the closing sale of A. L. Watkins & Co.

LIMBACH THE LAX.

WHAT THE STREET DEPARTMENT HAS DONE SINCE JANUARY 1.

The Herculean Efforts of Louis and His Force to Keep the Crossing Clean, and the Dead Dogs Under Ground.

Many voters are apt to think lightly of the importance of maintaining a good street department, and are too willing to endorse the generally acknowledged inefficiency of the present head of that branch of the city government, who is now a candidate for re-election.

In order to open the eyes of such to the looseness of the management, the official weekly reports of Mr. Limbach since January 1st, have been collected and they are presented as the best possible evidence of the inefficiency of the street commissioner. It is not charged that Mr. Limbach has been dishonorable in any way, and nothing is intimated more than that he is not fitted for the place. It should be remembered that the work since January 1, is supposed to be only absolutely necessary work, all other labor being stopped by order of the council.

The street commissioner's compensation is fixed at two dollars per day, and if in his judgment, he sees fit to work every day in the year he can collect for so doing.

By his own report, for the week ending January 1, Mr. Limbach directed the expenditure of $13.75. He put in five days himself, paid one laborer and hired a horse and cart. This force succeeded in opening new holes for fire purposes, hauling tools and ashes and "looking after streets and alleys." And yet some people are so unkind as to insinuate that the streets and alleys are not looked after.

The week ending January 13, saw $13.38 cents go out of the treasury. Mr. Limbach devoted five days constantly to public work, and engaged four men at different times. This aggregation of talent opened more ice holes, and cleaned the stone steps on the canal bridge. Five men to open ice holes and clean a few steps!

The week ending January 22, $15 01 was paid out. Modest L. Limbach gets credit for five days at hard labor. His valiant coadjutors were one horse and cart, J. Kolmaier, A. Shertzer, John Hagan, Charles Limbach and Jacob Miller. These men figure more or less frequently in every report. The week in question still more ice holes were opened, more ice and snow were cleaned from the canal bridge, ashes were hauled and street crossings were cleaned.

The week ending January 29, the "necessary work" cost $26.38, and it required six day's services from Mr. Limbach. Only three other men were employed. They confined themselves exclusively to hauling ashes and street crossings.

The week ending February 5, saw the city poorer by $32.13. Mr. Limbach as zealous as ever, gave Massillon his entire time—for two dollars per day, and besides engaged five other of his trusted lieutenants. They were paid for fixing a bridge on Hill street, hauling ashes, cleaning crossings, and "burying a dead dog."

The week ending February 19, the sum of expenditures crept up to $47.00. Mr. Limbach worked hard and got in full time. Four other men are mentioned. It cost all this money to haul ashes and clean street crossings.

The week ending February 26 the best record is slightly lowered, and only $41.39 is the sum spent. Mr. Limbach's time is six days. He and eight men hauled ashes and cleaned crossings.

After reading over these important documents involving only the insignificant sum of $189.04, and in which are chronicled the tremendous labors of the street department in opening ice holes, cleaning street crossing and burying dead dogs, a stranger would be impressed only with the parsimony of the city of Massillon. But upon anyone who is familiar with the limited number of street crossings cleaned, and the small quantity of ashes hauled, the humor is lost and he reads beyond the lines, and sees a woefully incompetent official, who, in his pathetic endeavors to give reason for the expenditure of any money at all, is compelled to tell to the world that he and five other able-bodied men devoted a great part of the week to "burying a dead dog."

From the number of times the cleaning of street crossings and hauling of ashes are mentioned one would be led to suppose that every street intersection in the city is now in apple pie order, but a little traveling shows that almost without exception, the crossings are in worse condition than ever. The plain black and white of it is, that Mr. Limbach secures the service of a lot of pensioners, of whom he is himself one, and the city is charged full time for these potterings.

Pew Rental.

The annual rental of the pews in the Presbyterian church of Massillon, will take place on Monday evening, March 28, 1887, at 7:30 o'clock. The ladies of the church will serve a lunch or free supper on this occasion in the chapel from 7 to 7:30 o'clock. In order that mistakes may be avoided and that the rental may be made as satisfactory as possible to all, it is earnestly hoped that pew holders and those who desire sittings in the church for the ensuing year will be present to look after their own interests.

A detailed statement of the receipts and expenditures of the church for the past year will be made by the treasurer before the hour of rental. Please be present to hear it. E. A. JONES,
President Board Trustees.

FINANCIAL REPORT

Of the Board of Education to the Tax Payers of the

Massillon Union Schools, Showing the Receipts and Expenditures

For the Year Ending March 20th, 1887.

RECEIPTS.

To balance on hand, March 21, '87	$ 5,852 38
To rec'd for old sash sold, Aug. 26, 1886	30
Rec'd from County Treasurer,	
Rec'd State Com. School Fund,	2,205 00
" special levy	10,304 91
" tuition from foreign scholars	110 00
Rec'd from scholars for breaking glass	2 50
Rec'd of N. S. Russell, old stove,	8 00
" old stove sold by Justus	3 00
" Anthony Clementz, old stove	20 00
Rec'd broken glass	1 70
" John Ryder rent to January 1, 1887, $100 less $5 repairs	95 00
Rec'd from Co. Treas. special	11,150 76
Rec'd from Co. Treas. State Commissioner's fund	2,522 40
Rec'd from Co. Treas. Sec. 16 fund	144 42
Rec'd from Co. Treas. sheep fund	770 28
	$33,772 68

EXPENDITURES IN DETAIL.

Sippo Coal Co. last year bills balance	170 74
By C. Frantz for trees	8 50
J. R. White, poll books, etc	4 00
Cash advanced W. H. Justus { Mending / Liquid slating	2 85 / 3 00
Estate of Chas. E. Taylor for printing	17 50
William Crooks, hauling ashes	3 50
C. Frantz	7 85
H. Huston & Co., bell supplies	17 55
Hemperly & Jacobs	10 80
J. W. Morgan & Co., diplomas	27 50
Cash advanced by Justus for labor	4 75
On account of furnace, Richville avenue	160 00
Paid for lumber	8 75
Anderson & Newstetter, printing	3 50
Otto Chronicle, repairs	2 75
S. & J. J. Hoover, printing	27 00
O. L. Omstead, anatomical chart	30 00
Knapp & Dillon, well and repairs, Cherry street	85 28
Insurance	27 00
E. A. Jones, books	7 00
Board of Examiners, three members	75 00
Wm. Crooks, painting fence	3 80
S. A. Conrad & Co.'s account	6 20
J. Welker, fixing blackboards	8 50
Newstetter & McLain, printing	3 75
Prof. McFall, music	50 00
Morganthaller & Heister, supplies	15 85
Mary Spetgel, cleaning	6 25
V. Seetz, moving piano	6 00
Samuel Graybill, making fence, West	14 80
Taxes	9 83
Insurance	15 61
Insurance	13 81
Cleaning vaults, North street	20 00
McLain & Newstetter, printing	11 50
Massillon Gas Light Co., gas	6 98
Ricks & Bros.' account	2 98
Wm. Castleman, lumber	26 75
Harmon Schaadmagle, lock	1 50
J. V. R. Skinner, stationery	7 95
Z. T. Baltzly, supplies	18 15
Nast & Henry, white washing	106 31
Diplomas	28 75
Insurance	16 50
Cash paid for painting West Side hall	2 00
John Goehler, painting North street building	150 00
Cleaning North street build'g	38 00
Cleaning Stone build'g	8 00
John Goehler, balance painting North street building	150 00
Jacob Young, stone work	6 10
J. H. Kohl, framing map	1 25
John Paul & Co., flagging North street	461 72
Knapp & Dillon, pump and repairs	29 85
Labor West, $43.75; labor and pipe North, $5.00	18 75
Joel Core, Insurance	6 00
J. F. Hess & Bro., pump handle	30
A. H. Anderson & Co. furniture	161 20
John Ellis, taking enumeration	12 50
P. G. Williams & Bro., putting down seats	5 95
Wm. Castleman, lumber	8 28
Newstetter & McLain, printing	4 00
J. M. Walker	12 68
Sippo Coal Co., coal	98 01
Kindergarten Supply Co. " " "	2 25 / 1 45
Burrows Bros.	13 70
E. E. Lyon, erasers	11 75
West Side Coal Co.	1 65
Thomas Myers, hauling	2 75
Insurance	32 80
E. E. Lyon, liquid slating	20 00
Beacon Publishing Co., for printing rules and regulations	68 18
F. W. Albrecht, supplies	37 03
Henry Oehler, repairs, North street	35 30
J. M. Walker, curtains, Cherry street	14 40
Wernet & Portman, repairs	4 75
M. A. Brown & Son	18 70
Z. T. Baltzly, paper etc	11 87
A. J. Hunsberger & Son, supplies	31 05
Sippo Coal Co., coal	276 19
Morganthaller & Helster, supplies	13 19
S. A. Conrad & Co.	130 85
Freight and night firing	25 52
J. V. R. Skinner, supplies	18 75
Massillon Contracting & Building Co.	10 80
Wm. Crone, sinking well, North street	28 00
Newstetter & Atwater, printing	2 00
Hemperly & Jacobs, supplies	9 30
Snyder & Schworm	11 59
Knapp & Dillon, repairs	12 32
Night firing	8 00
Wm. Crooks, laying sewer pipe and digging catch basin, West side	10 00
J. F. Keller's account, supplies	3 60
Isaac D. Smead & Co.	67 85
Express charges	1 75
Stamps and stationery	11 88
Cash for freight	4 63
Cash for insurance	13 75
A. H. Andrews, builders, furniture	37 13
Cash, night firing	4 00
Amount paid for tuition, all teachers including German	14,580 00
Janitors and firemen	1,781 25
Bills payable	7,500 00
Interest { Due from last year / To January, 1887, and March 1, 1887	336 09 / 1,183 42
Balance in hands of City Treasurer	5,079 01
	$33,772 68

RECAPITULATION.

RECEIPTS.

From all sources	$33,772 68

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid for tuition	$14,580 00
Janitors and firemen	1,781 25
Bill payable, notes paid	7,500 00
Interest account in full to June 1, 1887 and March 1, 1887	1,579 48
Coal and all other incidentals	3,253 00
Balance cash in hands of Treasurer	5,079 01
	$33,772 68

LIABILITIES.

Notes outstanding March 20, 1886	$22,200,000
Notes outstanding March 20, 1887	14,700 00
Indebtedness decreased during the year	$7,500.00
Net liabilities to March 20, 1887:	
Notes outstanding	14,700 00
Less cash on hand	5,079.01
Net liability to date	$9,620 99

Respectfully submitted,
W. B. HUMBERGER,
Clerk of Board of Education.

Don't fail to secure some of the great bargains in the closing sale of A. L. Watkins & Co. Their immense stock must be closed out for what it brings and the room vacated immediately

COLEMAN,
THE RELIABLE JEWELER,
HAS AN IMMENSE STOCK OF
OPTICAL GOODS,
Spectacles and Eye-Glasses in Gold, Silver, Steel, Rubber Shell and Zylonite Frames.
WE CAN SUIT YOU.
Prices Lower than the Lowest.
Diamonds, Watches, Silverware, Jewelry, clocks, Gold Pens Musical Instruments, Etc.
COLEMAN'S, 5 Erie Street.

BUCHER'S OPERA HOUSE!
Friday Evening, April 1st.

The management feels that in announcing one concert to be given by Gilmore's Twenty-second Regiment Band, it has said enough. It certainly cannot be accounted any thing but a piece of marvelous good fortune for the people of Massillon to have the opportunity of hearing the greatest military band on earth, under the leadership of P. S. Gilmore famous in England, France Germany, Holland and Belgium; the Gilmore of the Peace Jubilees; the Gilmore of Manhattan Beach; the Gilmore whose achievements during the war and after are a part of America's history.

The scale of prices has been fixed by Mr. Gilmore at $1.00, 75 and 50 cents. Balcony seats will be reserved. Secure tickets now.

OPERA HOUSE!
Except Friday Night, for One Week and Saturday
Matinee, Commencing Monday,
March 28th.
Engagement of the Brilliant Young Artiste,
Floy Crowell,
Supported by the eminent actor, S. K. CHASTER and a company of unexcelled strength opening
MONDAY EVENING
In the Great Comical Sensation
ZEPPA,
THE CHILD OF THE MINES.

Tuesday.....Guilty or Not Guilty.
Wednesday.....Her Sacrifice.
Thursday.....Sentenced to Death.
Saturday Matinee.....Pinchon.
Saturday Night.....Oliver Twist.

Admission, 10, 20 and 30 Cents.
Reserved seats without extra charge at J. V. R. Skinner's Book Store
G. W. CROWELL, Business Manager. H. J. CLAPHAM Manager.

CITY CARRIAGE WORKS,
Corner of Tremont and Erie Streets.
PERRY H. YOUNG,
MANUFACTURER OF
First-Class Light Carriages,
Phætons and Spring Wagons.
My work, for durability, good material, style and finish is not surpassed by any in the State of Ohio. None but the best of workmen employed.
Practical attention given to the
REPAIRING DEPARTMENT.
Blacksmithing, Repairing, etc., receive special attention. Call and examine stock and prices before purchasing. Every vehicle guaranteed to be as represented.
PERRY H. YOUNG.

TOWER'S FISH BRAND — **SLICKER** Is The Best Waterproof Coat Ever Made.
None genuine unless stamped with the above TRADE MARK.
Don't waste your money on a gum or rubber coat. The FISH BRAND SLICKER is absolutely *water and wind proof*, and will keep you dry in the hardest storm. Ask for the "FISH BRAND" SLICKER and take no other. If your store keeper does not have the "FISH BRAND" send for descriptive catalogue to A. J. TOWER & Sons, 20 Simmons St., Boston, Mass.

Ladies, Look Here!

We offer advantages to cash buyers that will never be found in the beaten path of regular trade. We buy immense job lots from bankrupt concerns who are forced to sell, and our prices are final, decisive, and crushing. Following we give facts and figures that will not and cannot lie: Ladies' elegant plush hand-bags, 49c; Russia pocket-books, 28c worth 75c; Alligator purses, nickel frames, ball snap, large size, 23c. Ladies' two blade pen knives, shell handle, 29c. Manicure knives, for the finger nails, 15c, charm knives, 10c, "Gem" carpet stretchers, the best, 75c. Madame Louise hair crimpers, 10c, baby pins, fine gold plated, with cut letters, "baby," "darling," "pet," etc., 20c a pair (worth 50c); stereoscopes, fancy hoods, 40c (worth $1 stereoscopic views, American, foreign, comic, statuary, and actresses, 50c per doz. (worth $2) gilt edge playing cards, 39c a pack (worth 75c; Tom Thumb playing cards, 10c; handsome leatherette photo albums, gilt edge, 25c; music boxes very fine, $1.10; "Mikado" bangle bracelets, latest thing in ladies jewelry, 30c; Opera feather fans, cardinal, blue, pink or white, bone sticks, 50c (worth $1.25; Ladies' shears, nickel plated, 6 in., 20c, colored photos of actresses, 10c each, 3 for 25c; sewing machine oil, (best sperm) 3 large bottles, 25c; Lubin's complexion soap, 10c, 3 cakes for 25c; Lubin's beautifying powder, 12c; "Cosmetique" for the hair, 12c; Lyon's tooth powder, large bottles, 15c; Petroleum jelley pomade, 3 bottles for 25c; Geranium, cologne, a new and lasting perfume, 30c; (worth 75c); "Stolen Kisses," an extra fine perfume, 40c (worth $1); French shoe dressing, best quality, 3 bottles for 25c. These are all great bargains. No order filled for less than one dollar. Handsome nickel watch locket, chain and charm, all in beautiful satin lined case, given free with every trial order amounting to over five dollars received during the next thirty days. As all goods not satisfactory may be returned, you run no risk in sending us a trial order. Address,
THE EMPIRE NEWS CO., Syracuse, N. Y.

Grass & Graf are manufacturing a fine five cent cigar they call the G. A. R., which bids fair to outstrip in favor, every cigar in the market.

J. V. R. SKINNER,
Wall Paper!
New Spring Styles.
We have a special line of
Elegant Bronze Paper,
For 25c per Roll.
These are not old patterns, but fresh NEW GOODS Call and see them.
Dado Shades, best quality of oil cloth mounted on a
Hartshorn Spring Rollers
60 Cents.
J. V. R. SKINNER.

WANTED—Unthreshed grain of any kind. Parties having same communicate with RUSSELL & Co.

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SNOW BOUND AT EAGLE'S

BY BRET HARTE.

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CHAPTER VII.

A week had passed at Eagle's Court—a week of mingled clouds and sunshine by day, of rain over the green plateau and snow on the mountain by night. Each morning had brought its fresh greenness to the winter girt domain and a fresh coat of dazzling white to the barrier that separated its dwellers from the world beyond. There was little change in the encompassing wall of their prison; if anything, the snowy circle round them seemed to have drawn its lines nearer day by day. The immediate result of this restricted limit had been to confine the range of cattle to the meadows nearer the house, and at a safe distance from the fringe of wilderness now invaded by the prowling tread of predatory animals.

Nevertheless, the two figures lounging on the slope at sunset gave very little indication of any serious quality in the situation. Indeed, so far as appearances were concerned, Kate, who was returning from an afternoon stroll with Falkner, exhibited, with feminine inconsistency, a decided return to the world of fashion and conventionality just as she was effectually excluded from it. She had not only discarded her white dress as a concession to the practical evidence of the surrounding winter, but she had also brought out a feather hat and sable muff which had once graced a fashionable suburb of Boston. Even Falkner had exchanged his slouch hat and picturesque serape for a beaver overcoat and fur cap of Hale's which had been pressed upon him by Kate, under the excuse of the exigencies of the season. Within a stone's throw of the thicket, turbulent with the savage forces of nature, they walked with the abstraction of people hearing only their own voices; in the face of the solemn peaks clothed with white austerity they talked gravely of dress.

"I don't mean to say," said Kate demurely, "that you're to give up the serape entirely; you can wear it on rainy nights and when you ride over here from your friend's house to spend the evening—for the sake of old times," she added, with an unconscious air of referring to an already antiquated friendship; "but you must admit it's a little too gorgeous and theatrical for the sunlight of day and the public highway."

"But why should that make it wrong, if the experience of a people has shown it to be a garment best fitted for their wants and requirements?" said Falkner argumentatively.

"But you are not one of those people," said Kate, "and that makes all the difference. You look differently and act differently, so that there is something irreconcilable between your clothes and you that makes you look odd."

"And to look odd, according to your civilized prejudices, is to be wrong," said Falkner bitterly.

"It is to seem different from what one really is which is wrong. Now, you are a mining superintendent, you tell me. Then you don't want to look like a Spanish brigand, as you do in that serape. I am sure if you had ridden up to a stage coach while I was in it I'd have handed you my watch and purse without a word. There! you are not offended?" she added, with a laugh, which did not, however, conceal a certain earnestness. "I suppose I ought to have said I would have given it gladly to such a romantic figure, and perhaps have got out and danced a sarabande or bolero with you—if that is the thing to do nowadays. Well?" she she said, after a dangerous pause, "consider that I've said it."

He had been walking a little before her, with his face turned toward the distant mountain. Suddenly he stopped and faced her.

"You would have given enough of your time to the highwayman, Miss Scott, as would have enabled you to identify him for the police and no more. Like your brother, you would have been willing to sacrifice yourself for the benefit of the laws of civilization and good order."

If a denial to this assertion could have been expressed without the use of speech, it was certainly transparent in the face and eyes of the young girl at that moment. If Falkner had been less self-conscious he would have seen it plainly. But Kate only buried her face in her lifted muff, slightly raised her pretty shoulders, and, dropping her tremulous eyelids, walked on. "It seems a pity," she said after a pause, "that we cannot preserve our own miserable existence without taking something from others—sometimes even a life!" He started. "And it's horrid to have to remind you that you have yet to kill something for the invalid's supper," she continued. "I saw a hare in the field yonder."

"You mean that jackass rabbit?" he said abstractedly.

"What you please. It's a pity you didn't take your gun instead of your rifle."

"I brought the rifle for protection."

"And a shotgun is only aggressive, I suppose?"

Falkner looked at her for a moment, and then, as the hare suddenly started across the open a hundred yards away, brought the rifle to his shoulder. A long interval—as it seemed to Kate—elapsed; the animal appeared to be already safely out of range, when the rifle suddenly cracked; the hare bounded in the air like a ball and dropped motionless. The girl looked at the marksman in undisguised admiration. "Is it quite dead?" she said timidly.

"It never knew what struck it."

"It certainly looks less brutal than shooting it with a shotgun, as John does, and then not killing it outright," said Kate. "I hate what is called sport and sportsmen; but a rifle seems"——

"What?" said Falkner.

"More—gentlemanly."

She had raised her pretty head in the air, and, with her hand shading her eyes, was looking around the clear ether, and said meditatively, "I wonder—no matter."

"What is it?"

"Oh, nothing."

"It is something," said Falkner, with an amused smile, reloading his rifle.

"Well, you once promised me an eagle's feather for my hat. Isn't that thing an eagle?"

"I am afraid it is only a hawk."

"Well, that will do. Shoot that!"

Her eyes were sparkling. Falkner withdrew his own with a slight smile and raised his rifle with provoking deliberation.

"Are you quite sure it's what you want?" he asked demurely.

"Yes—quick!"

Nevertheless, it was some minutes before the rifle cracked again. The wheeling bird suddenly struck the wind with its wings aslant, and then fell like a plummet at a distance which showed the difficulty of the feat. Falkner started from her side before the bird reached the ground. He returned to her after a lapse of a few moments, bearing a trailing wing in his hand. "You shall make your choice," he said gayly.

"Are you sure it was killed outright?"

"Head shot off," said Falkner briefly.

"And, besides, the fall would have killed it," said Kate conclusively. "It's lovely. I suppose they call you a very good shot?"

"They—who?"

"Oh! the people you know—your friends and their sisters."

"George shoots better than I do, and has had more experience. I've seen him do that with a pistol. Of course not such a long shot, but a more difficult one."

Kate did not reply, but her face showed a conviction that as an artistic and gentlemanly performance it was probably inferior to the one she had witnessed. Falkner, who had picked up the hare also, again took his place by her side, as they turned toward the house.

"Do you remember the day you came, when we were walking here, you pointed out that rock on the mountain where the poor animals had taken refuge from the snow?" said Kate, suddenly.

"Yes," answered Falkner; "they seem to have diminished. I am afraid you were right; they have either eaten each other or escaped. Let us hope the latter."

"I looked at them with a glass every day," said Kate, "and they've got down to only four. There's a bear and that shabby, overgrown cat you call a California lion, and a wolf, and a creature like a fox or a squirrel."

"It's a pity they're not all of a kind," said Falkner.

"Why?"

"There'd be nothing to keep them from being comfortable together."

"On the contrary. I should think it would be simply awful to be shut up entirely with one's own kind."

"Then you believe it is possible for them, with their different natures and habits, to be happy together?" said Falkner, with sudden earnestness.

"I believe," said Kate hurriedly, "that the bear and the lion find the fox and the wolf very amusing; and that the fox and the wolf"——

"Well?" said Falkner, stopping short.

"Well, the fox and the wolf will carry away a much better opinion of the lion and bear than they had before."

They had reached the house by this time, and for some occult reason Kate did not immediately enter the parlor, where she had left her sister and the invalid, who had already been promoted to a sofa and a cushion by the window, but proceeded directly to her own room. As a maneuver to avoid meeting Mrs. Hale, it was scarcely necessary, for that lady was already in advance of her on the staircase, as if she had left the parlor a moment before they entered the house. Falkner, too, would have preferred the company of his own thoughts, but Lee, apparently the only unpreoccupied, all pervading and horribly alert spirit in the party, hailed him from within, and obliged him to present himself on the threshold of the parlor with the hare and hawk's wing he was still carrying. Eying the latter with affected concern, Lee said gravely: "Of course, I can eat it, Ned, and I dare say it's the best part of the fowl, and the hare isn't more than enough for the women, but I had no idea we were so reduced. Three hours and a half gunning, and only one hare and a hawk's wing. It's terrible."

Perceiving that his friend was alone, Falkner dropped his burden in the hall and strode rapidly to his side. "Look here, George, we must—I must—leave this place at once. It's no use talking; I can stand this sort of thing no longer."

"Nor can I, with the door open. Shut it, and say what you want quick, before Mrs. Hale comes back. Have you found a trail?"

"No, no; that's not what I mean."

"Well, it strikes me it ought to be, if you expect to get away. Have you proposed to Beacon Street, and she thinks it rather premature on a week's acquaintance?"

"No; but"——

"But you will, you mean? Don't, just yet."

"But I cannot live this perpetual lie."

"That depends. I don't know how you're living when I'm not with you. If you're walking round with that girl, singing hymns and talking of your class in Sunday school, or if you're insinuating that you're a millionaire, and think of buying the place for a summer hotel, I should say you'd better quit that kind of lying. But, on the other hand, I don't see the necessity of your dancing round here with a shot gun, and yelling for Harkins' blood, or counting that package of greenbacks in the lap of Miss Scott, to be truthful. It seems to me there ought to be something between the two."

"But, George, don't you think—you are on such good terms with Mrs. Hale and her mother—that you might tell them the whole story? That is, tell it in your own way; they will hear anything from you and believe it."

"Thank you; but suppose I don't believe in lying either?"

"You know what I mean! You have a way, d—n it, of making everything seem like a matter of course, and the most natural thing going."

"Well, suppose I did. Are you prepared for the worst?"

Falkner was silent for a moment and then replied, "Yes; anything would be better than this suspense."

"I don't agree with you. Then you would be willing to have them forgive us?"

"I don't understand you."

"I mean that their forgiveness would be the worst thing that could happen. Look here, Ned. Stop a moment; listen at that door. Mrs. Hale has the tread of an angel, with the pervading capacity of a cat. Now, listen! I don't pretend to be in love with anybody here, but if I were I should hardly take advantage of a woman's helplessness and solitude with a sensational story about myself. It's not giving her a fair show. You know she won't turn you out of the house."

"No," said Falkner, reddening; "but I should expect to go at once, and that would be my only excuse for telling her."

"Go! where? In your preoccupation with that girl you haven't even found the trail by which Manuel escaped. Do you intend to camp outside the house and make eyes at her when she comes to the window?"

"Because you think nothing of flirting with Mrs. Hale," said Falkner bitterly, "you care little"——

"My dear Ned," said Lee, "the fact that Mrs. Hale has a husband and knows that she can't marry me puts us on equal terms. Nothing that she could learn about me hereafter would make a flirtation with me any less wrong than it would be now, or make her seem more a victim. Can you say the same of yourself and that Puritan girl?"

"But you did not advise me to keep aloof from her; on the contrary, you"——

"I thought you might make the best of the situation and pay her some attention, because you could not go any further."

"You thought I was utterly heartless and selfish, like"——

"Ned!"

Falkner walked rapidly to the fireplace and returned.

"Forgive me, George—I'm a fool—and an ungrateful one."

Lee did not reply at once, although he took and retained the hand Falkner had impulsively extended. "Promise me," he said slowly, after a pause, "that you will say nothing yet to either of these women. I ask it for your own sake and this girl's, not for mine. If, on the contrary, you are tempted to do so from any Quixotic idea of honor, remember that you will only precipitate something that will oblige you, from that same sense of honor, to separate from the girl forever."

"I don't understand."

"Enough!" said he, with a quick return of his old reckless gayety. "Shoot-off-his-mouth, the beardless boy chief of the Sierras, has spoken! Let the pale face with the black mustache ponder and beware how he talks hereafter to the Rippling Cochituate Water! Go!"

Nevertheless, as soon as the door had closed upon Falkner, Lee's smile vanished. With his colorless face turned to the fading light at the window, the hollows in his temples and the lines in the corners of his eyes seemed to have grown more profound. He remained motionless and absorbed in thought so deep that the light rustle of a skirt, that would at other times have thrilled his sensitive ear, passed unheeded. At last, throwing off his reverie with the full and unrestrained sigh of a man who believes himself alone, he was startled by the soft laugh of Mrs. Hale, who had entered the room unperceived.

"Dear me! How portentous! Really, I almost feel as if I were interrupting a tete-a-tete between yourself and some old flame. I haven't heard anything so old-fashioned and conservative as that sigh since I have been in California. I thought you never had any Past out here?"

Fortunately his face was between her and the light, and the unmistakable expression of annoyance and impatience which passed over it was spared her. There was, however, still enough dissonance in his manner to affect her quick feminine sense, and when she drew nearer to him it was with a certain maiden-like timidity.

"You are not worse, Mr. Lee, I hope? You have not over exerted yourself?"

"There's little chance of that with one leg—if not in the grave at least mummified with bandages," he replied, with a bitterness new to him.

"Shall I loosen them? Perhaps they are too tight. There is nothing so irritating to one as the sensation of being rightly bound."

The light touch of her hand upon the rug that covered his knees, the thoughtful tenderness of the blue veined lids, and the delicate atmosphere that seemed to surround her like a perfume cleared his face of its shadow and brought back the reckless fire into his blue eyes.

"I suppose I'm intolerant of all bonds," he said, looking at her intently, "in others as well as myself."

Whether or not she detected any double meaning in his words she was obliged to accept the challenge of his direct gaze and, raising her eyes to his, drew back a little from him with a slight increase of color. "I was afraid you had heard bad news just now."

"What would you call bad news?" asked Lee, clasping his hands behind his head and leaning back on the sofa, but without withdrawing his eyes from her face.

"Oh, any news that would interrupt your convalescence or break up our little family party," said Mrs. Hale, "You have been getting on so well that really it would seem cruel to have anything interfere with our life of forgetting and being forgotten. But," she added with apprehensive quickness, "has anything happened? Is there really any news from—from the trails? Yesterday Mr. Falkner said the snow had recommenced in the pass. Has he seen anything, noticed anything different."

She looked so very pretty, with the rare, genuine and youthful excitement that transfigured her wearied and wearying regularity of feature, that Lee contented himself with drinking in her prettiness as he would have inhaled the perfume of some flower.

"Why do you look at me so, Mr. Lee?" she asked, with a slight smile. "I believe something *has* happened. Mr. Falkner *has* brought you some intelligence."

"He has certainly found out something I did not foresee."

"And that troubles you?"

"It does."

"Is it a secret?"

"No."

"Then I suppose you will tell it to me at dinner," she said, with a little tone of relief.

"I am afraid if I tell it at all I must tell it now," he said, glancing at the door.

"You must do as you think best," she said, coldly, "as it seems to be a secret after all." She hesitated. "Kate is dressing, and will not be down in some time."

"So much the better. For I am afraid that Ned has made a poor return to your hospitality by falling in love with her."

"Impossible! He has known her for scarcely a week."

"I am afraid we won't agree as to the length of time necessary to appreciate and love a woman. I think it can be done in seven days and four hours, the exact time we have been here."

"Yes; but as Kate was not in when you arrived, and did not come until later, you must take off at least one hour," said Mrs. Hale gayly.

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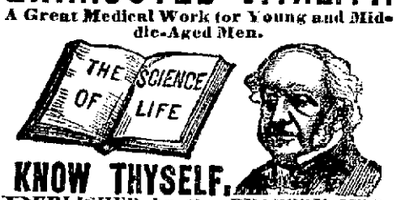

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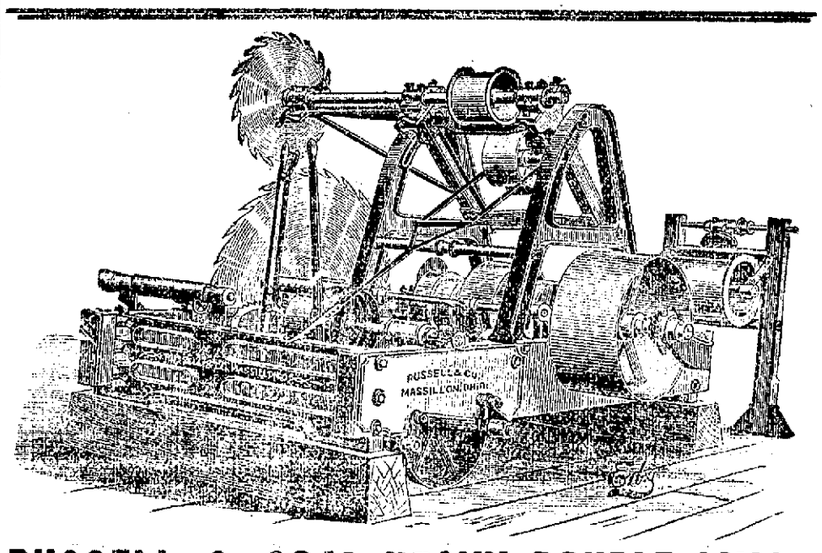

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"Ned can. *I* shall not abate a second."

"But are you not mistaken in his feelings?" she continued hurriedly. "He certainly has not said anything to her."

"That is his last hold on honor and reason. And to preserve that little intact he wants to run away at once."

"But that would be very silly."

"Do you think so?" he said, looking at her fixedly.

"Why not?" she asked in her turn, but rather faintly.

"I'll tell you why," he said, lowering his voice with a certain intensity of passion unlike his usual boyish lightheartedness. "Think of a man whose life has been one of alternate hardness and aggression, of savage disappointment and equally savage successes, who has known no other relaxation than dissipation or extravagance; a man to whom the idea of the domestic hearth and family ties only meant weakness, effeminacy, or—worse; who had looked for loyalty and devotion only in the man who battled for him at his right hand in danger, or shared his privations and sufferings. Think of such a man, and imagine that an accident has suddenly placed him in an atmosphere of purity, gentleness and peace, surrounded him by the refinements of a higher life than he had ever known, and that he found himself, as in a dream, on terms of equality with a pure woman who had never known any other life and yet would understand and pity his. Imagine his loving her! Imagine that the first effect of that love was to show him his own inferiority and the immeasurable gulf that lay between his life and hers! Would he not fly rather than brave the disgrace of her awakening to the truth? Would he not fly rather than accept even the pity that might tempt her to a sacrifice?"

"But—is Mr. Falkner all that?"

"Nothing of the kind, I assure you!" said he demurely. "But that's the way a man in love feels."

"Really! Mr. Falkner should get you to plead his cause with Kate," said Mrs. Hale with a faint laugh.

"I need all my persuasive powers in that way for myself," said Lee boldly.

Mrs. Hale rose. "I think I hear Kate coming," she said. Nevertheless, she did not move away. "It is Kate coming," she added hurriedly, stopping to pick up her work basket, which had slipped with Lee's hand from her own.

It was Kate, who at once flew to her sister's assistance, Lee deploring from the sofa his own utter inability to aid her. "It's all my fault, too," he said to Kate, but looking at Mrs. Hale. "It seems I have a faculty of upsetting existing arrangements without the power of improving them, or even putting them back in their places. What shall I do? I am willing to hold any number of skeins or rewind any quantity of spools. I am even willing to forgive Ned for spending the whole day with you, and only bringing me the wing of a hawk for supper."

"That was all my folly, Mr. Lee," said Kate, with swift mendacity; "he was all the time looking after something for you, when I begged him to shoot a bird to get a feather for my hat. And that wing is so pretty."

"It is a pity that mere beauty is not edible," said Lee, gravely, "and that if the worst comes to the worst here you would probably prefer me to Ned and his mustachios, merely because I've been tied by the leg to this sofa and slowly fattened like a Strasbourg goose."

Nevertheless his bandnage failed somehow to amuse Kate, and she presently excused herself to rejoin her sister, who had already slipped from the room. For the first time during their enforced seclusion a sense of restraint and uneasiness affected Mrs. Hale, her sister and Falkner at dinner. The latter addressed himself to Mrs. Scott almost entirely. Mrs. Hale was fain to bestow an exceptional and marked tenderness on her little daughter Minnie, who, however, by some occult childish instinct, insisted on sharing it with Lee, her great friend, to Mrs. Hale's uneasy consciousness. Nor was Lee slow to profit by the child's suggestion, but responded with certain vicarious caresses that increased the mother's embarrassment. That evening they retired early, but in the intervals of a restless night Kate was aware, from the sound of voices in the opposite room, that the friends were equally wakeful.

A morning of bright sunshine and a soft, warm air did not, however, bring any change to their new and constrained relations. It only seemed to offer a reason for Falkner to leave the house very early for his daily rounds, and gave Lee that occasion for unaided exercise with an extempore crutch on the veranda which allowed Mrs. Hale to pursue her manifold duties without the necessity of keeping him company. Kate also, as if to avoid an accidental meeting with Falkner, had remained at home with her sister. With one exception, they did not make their guests the subject of their usual playful comments, nor, after the fashion of their sex, quote their ideas and opinions. That exception was made by Mrs Hale.

"You have had no difference with Mr. Falkner," she said, carelessly.

"No," said Kate, quickly. "Why?"

"I only thought he seemed rather put out at dinner last night, and you didn't propose to go and meet him to-day."

"He must be bored with my company at times, I dare say," said Kate, with an indifference quite inconsistent with her rising color. "I shouldn't wonder if he was a little vexed with Mr. Lee's chaffing him about his sport yesterday, and probably intends to go further to-day and bring home larger game. I think Mr. Lee very amusing always, but I sometimes fancy he lacks feeling."

"Feeling! You don't know him, Kate," said Mrs. Hale quickly. She stopped herself, but with a half smiling recollection in her dropped eyelids.

"Well, he doesn't look very amiable now, stamping up and down the veranda. Perhaps you'd better go and soothe him."

"I'm really so busy just now," said Mrs. Hale, with sudden and inconsequent energy; "things have got dreadfully behind in the last week. You had better go, Kate, and make him sit down, or he'll be overdoing it. These men never know any medium—in anything."

"Contrary to Kate's expectation, Falkner returned earlier than usual, and, taking the invalid's arm, supported him in a more ambitious walk along the terrace before the house. They were apparently absorbed in conversation, but the two women who observed them from the window could not help noticing the almost feminine tenderness of Falkner's manner toward his wounded friend and the thoughtful tenderness of his ministering care.

"I wonder," said Mrs. Hale, following them with softly appreciative eyes, "if women are capable of as disinterested friendship as men? I never saw anything like the devotion of these two creatures. Look! if Mr. Falkner hasn't got his arm round Mr. Lee's waist, and Lee, with his own arm over Falkner's neck, is looking up in his eyes. I declare, Kate, it almost seems an indiscretion to look at them."

Kate, however, to Mrs. Hale's indignation, threw her pretty head back and sniffed the air contemptuously. "I really don't see anything but some absurd sentimentalism of their own, or some mannish wickedness they're concocting by themselves. I am by no means certain, Josephine, that Lee's influence over that young man is the best thing for him."

"On the contrary! Lee's influence seems the only thing that checks his waywardness," said Mrs. Hale quickly. "I'm sure, If any one makes sacrifices it is Lee; I shouldn't wonder that even now he is making some concession to Falkner, and all those caressing ways of your friend are for a purpose. They're not much different from us, dear."

"Well, *I* wouldn't stand there and let them see me looking at them as if I couldn't bear them out of my sight for a moment," said Kate, whisking herself out of the room. "They're conceited enough, heaven knows, already."

That evening at dinner, however, the two men exhibited no trace of the restraint or uneasiness of the previous day. If they were less impulsive and exuberant, they were still frank and interested, and if the term could be used in connection with men apparently trained to neither self-control nor repose, there was a certain gentle dignity in their manner which for the time had the effect of lifting them a little above the social level of their entertainers. For even with all their predisposition to the strangers, Kate and Mrs. Hale had always retained a conscious attitude of gentle condescension and superiority toward them—an attitude not inconsistent with a stronger feeling, nor altogether unprovocative of it; yet this evening they found themselves impressed with something more than an equality in the men who had amused and interested them, and they were perhaps a little more critical and doubtful of their own power. Mrs. Hale's little girl, who had appreciated only the seriousness of the situation, had made her own application of it. "Are you dowin' away from Aunt Kate and mamma?" she asked, in an interval of silence.

"How else can I get you the red snow we saw at sunset the other day on the peak yonder?" said Lee, gayly. "I'll have to get up some morning very early and catch it when it comes at sunrise."

"What is this wonderful snow, Minnie, that you are tormenting Mr. Lee for?" asked Mrs. Hale.

"Oh! it's a feiry snow that he told me all about: it only comes when the sun comes up and goes down, and if you catch ever so little of it in your hand it makes all you fink you want come true! Wouldn't that be nice?" But to the child's astonishment her little circle of auditors, even while assenting, sighed.

The red snow was there plain enough the next morning before the valley was warm with light, and while Minnie, her mother and aunt Kate were still peacefully sleeping. And Mr. Lee had kept his word and was evidently seeking it, for he and Falkner were already urging their horses through the pass, with their faces toward and lit up by its glow

(To be continued.)

PLUCKY INDIANS IN MINNESOTA.

The Bright Side of Aboriginal Life—Rebuilding a Church.

A gentleman who is interested in Indian affairs said the other day: "I see that the Indian commissioners have been making a very touching report concerning some of the reservation savages in Minnesota, but why do they not occasionally give the public a view of the bright side of aboriginal life? Now, there are the Stockbridge Indians up in Wisconsin. They are getting along swimmingly, and 90 per cent. of them belong to the church. About twenty-five years ago a missionary went among them, and with a little outside assistance built a small church. As soon as the Indians became interested in the work they made up their minds that they must have a better building. So it was agreed that every one must do something toward that object. The men worked every Saturday for the church, and the women and children devoted a part of their time to tasks which would bring in a few cents for the cause. At length the new church was built, but it was of wood, and in a little while it was destroyed by fire.

"With undaunted zeal the Indians went to work again, determined this time to have a building of brick and stone. After years of self-denial, nearly $10,000 was raised, and for safe keeping it was put into a bank in Green Bay, which failed the next week, and that was the last of that fund. But the church members did not despair. Their preacher explained to them that the Lord was simply testing their faith, and with stout hearts they began the weary task again. That was six or seven years ago. Some friends made contributions, and the Indians regularly set aside the earnings of one day in the week for the church, and the result is that they are now ready once more to build. This building will be of brick and stone. The corner stone has just been laid, and with no more bad luck, the edifice will be completed next year.

"I don't believe there is another instance like this on record. Men who were young when this struggle opened are now old and feeble, and some of the most active supporters of the movement were not born when it began. Many of the older members of the tribe wept for joy when the corner stone was laid, and they will die happy if they can but attend one service within the walls of the new building. Show me such devotion on the part of white men in this day, and I will tell you another one on the Indians."—Chicago Herald.

Envied by her Sex,

Is the fate of every lady with a bright, glowing countenance, which invariably follows the use of Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic.

The Waldensians, at the General Conference at Florence, Italy, have decreed that hereafter women members shall be allowed to vote, but not to speak at church meetings.

Salvation Oil, is what you want. It kills pain and cures the worst case of rheumatism, neuralgia, sore throat, hoarseness, and headache. Take no "just as good." Price twenty-five cents a bottle.

Short Scientific Lecture.

THE nose is a subject upon which there has been a great deal written and said. I may assert, without fear of contradiction, that no organ of sense has received so much blowing as the nose.

It is so prominent a feature, that it is often the first thing that strikes you in a man, particularly if you run against him face to face.

Small noses are said to denote indecision of character and narrow views. It follows, then, that big noses are attended by broad views, caused, probably, by an increased width between the eyes.

It isn't always the one who has the most nose who knows the most. The elephant has a remarkable development in that regard. Its nose is so long, in fact, that it is compelled to carry it in a trunk made expressly for it. Yet the elephant isn't half as smart and knowing as the monkey, that hasn't any nose to speak of, only a dent in the face and two gimlet holes.

"Plain as the nose on a man's face," is a very common and, at the same time, a very incorrect expression, for the merest tyro in geography knows that the nose is a promontory and not a plain, unless it is planed off, in which case the comparison might hold good.

The nose is the only organ that can sneeze, and therefore it isn't to be sneezed at by the other organs.

The Roman nose was very popular among the ancient Romans, because the most of them had it. With them, not to "Know the pride of Roman nose," was not to be a Roman. Romulus, the founder of Rome, says a writer, was the first one who had that peculiar nasal fountain. His nose was straight cut, originally, but while he was building the walls of the Eternal City his brother Remus, a spiteful little imp, pushed him over a rampart and his nose was broken in three places, for which action Romulus killed Remus. Thus originated the famed Roman nose, afterward a badge of distinction.

Another writer gives quite a different version of it. He says the original term for that style of proboscis was "roamin' nose," indicating a disposition on the part of its possessor to roam about, poking his nose into other people's business.

REMUS PUSHES ROMULUS OVER THE ROMAN WALL.

I am inclined to favor the former theory, and consider the latter a slander upon a numerous and highly respectable class of people.

It is not considered the thing in polite society for one gentleman to wring another gentleman's nose in public, and hard feelings have often been engendered by a little pleasantry of that description. Different views are entertained on this subject, however, in different localities. In Arkansas, for instance, it is no unusual thing for a man to chew off his friend's nose in the most urbane and gentlemanly manner, when a little heated in debate.

The shape of the nose frequently leads people off on the wrong scent in judging character. A man is sometimes called haughty, proud, stuck-up, when he has only got a stuck-up nose. A man cannot always be snubbed with impunity because his face is decorated with a snub nose, nor is a pug invariably attended

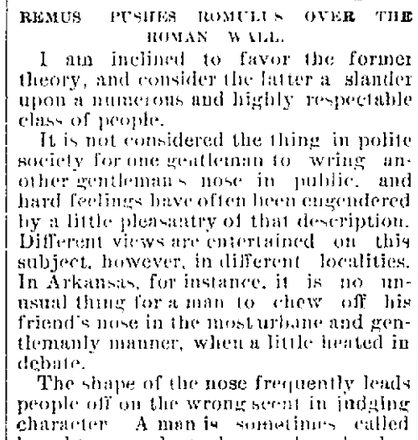
PATTI'S MASCOTTE.

Miss Marion Foster, the Little Artist Whom Patti Calls Her Good Genius.

An artistic temperament is as a rule tinged more or less with superstition, expressed not only in dislike of a baker's dozen and a dread of the fifth day of the week, but in the creation of a mascot from some one person, the very sound of whose voice has the ring of luck in it.

Mme. Patti, for example, carries constantly about her a fetish in the shape of a silver dime, polished smooth on one side and bearing the inscription "From Marion to Patti." The Marion referred to is Miss Foster, the little lame artist, who has fought so brave a fight with poverty and physical misfortune, and who is now spending a few weeks at the Capital.

The little woman was found by the *Press* correspondent in her room the other morning, seated as usual in the tiny carriage, which answers to every movement of her hand, and busily engaged on a large water color of the great singer's



ROMANTIC CASTLE OF CRAIG-Y-NOS,

in the Swansea Valley. In the background frowns the big, bold mountains of South Wales—their rocky sides bald and bare places and again rejoicing in the greenness of the fir and scrub oak. In the pleasant valley beneath stands the castle, a picturesque confusion of peaks and gables, odd windows, tall red chimneys, and at one end a large clock tower, from which every hour the time is musically told in golden chimes.

To the left of the castle, through a shady grove of trees, winds a sparkling river and on the right, at some little distance, is a quaint summer house, where lunch is served on sunny days and the fishing tackle kept ready for use. In order to introduce her beloved mountains, Patti had the view taken from the back of the castle, which brings the low rambling stables and more pretentious green-houses in the foreground.

"How did you first become known to Madame Patti?" Miss Foster was asked.

"Through a mere accident. It happened that Brignoli wished to present his picture to her on the twenty-fifth anniversary of her operatic debut and gave me the order for it. I worked at the portrait faithfully, but before it was finished, and before the occasion arrived, poor Brignoli died. However, I knew what his wish was, and when the time came I sent his picture to Madame Patti with a little note explaining the circumstances, and begging her to accept it in memory of her lost friend. In return I received a very kind invitation to call, and the meeting resulted in a friendship that has brought nothing but sunshine in my life.

"Here," continued the little artist cheerfully, "is the first souvenir she sent me," opening, as she spoke, a velvet case containing an elegant locket and earrings of yellow gold, studded with large gleaming pearls. In the locket was an exquisite miniature of the prima donna, with a touching inscription.

The practical results of the little artist's perseverance and industry are shown in her own self-education, and the fact that she lifted a heavy mortgage from her mother's home. She wins friends wherever she goes, and this, I think, because she does not make capital of her misfortunes nor her infirmities a staple of conversation. Always bright and cheerful, fond of gay colors in dress, and with her beautiful thick hair falling in long rippling masses over her shoulders, she make a pathetic little picture, and one that inspires the beholder with a desire to extend a helping hand. —*Philadelphia Press*

Stories of Birds.

In the Isle of Man the feathers of the wren have long been regarded as a charm against shipwreck.

An omelet made of the eggs of the long-eared owl is believed in Belgium to be a remedy for drunkenness.

The flesh of the lark was supposed by the old mediciners to strengthen the voice and increase its sweetness, while in Bohemia its eggs are still believed to have the same property.

To the kingfisher was ascribed by the ancients the power of enriching its possessors, of preserving peace and harmony in families, and imparting to the lady who wore its feathers additional grace and loveliness.

The raven lives to so great an age that the ancients believed the time allotted to it was twenty-seven times that of a man. Jewish authors tell strange stories of this bird; that it was originally white and was turned black for its deceitful conduct; also that it flies crooked because it was cursed by Noah.

The pigeon is considered to be essentially a bird of death. Thus, if a white pigeon settles on a chimney some one of the occupants of the house will pass away ere long; but should the bird enter and perch on the table it is considered a less portentous omen, and to signify sickness. This is a widespread belief through England. It is a common belief that no one can die happily on a bed in which there is even a single pigeon's feather.

On one occasion James II.'s forces were on the point of surprising King William's army early in the morning, when some wrens, attracted probably by the fragments of the preceding night's repast, alighted on the head of a drum which had served for a table, and the noise of their bills in the act of picking awoke the drummer, who instantly beat to arms and saved William's army from defeat. The wren, accordingly, has ever since been a prime favorite with the Orange party.

Bald Heads and Brains.

Miss Annie Oppenheim, answering my question concerning the sort of hair that denotes intellectual power, says: "There is not any kind of hair that denotes intellect, the former being an animal matter." But Miss Oppenheim "firmly believes that bald headed men are the most that way inclined, they having through the exertion of their brains exhausted all that is animal in their nature." The explanation is ingenious, but it is not convincing. I know some bald headed men who are fools.—*London Figaro.*

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

A. W. GLEASON,
[SEAL.] Notary Public.

P. S.—Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucus surfaces of the system. Price, 75 cents per bottle Sold by Z T. Baltzly.

A half-century ago in Turkey it was considered a shame for a woman to read. To-day two schools in Constantinople have been established by the Sultan himself.

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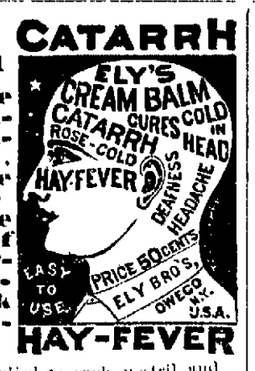

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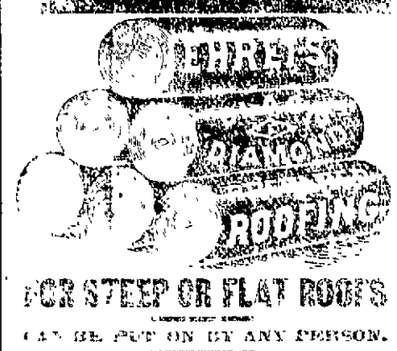

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The first dose often astonishes the invalid, giving elasticity of mind and

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to which he was before a stranger. They give appetite,

GOOD DIGESTION,

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TWENTY-FIVE CENTS

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION is free from opium in any form, and therefore perfectly safe. It cannot be asserted that every case of Consumption may be cured by this medicine, but its true friends have abundant reason to believe it will be found to do what is claimed for it. If you have a cough without disease of the lungs, so much the better. A few doses are all you need. But if you neglect this easy means of relief, the slight cough may become deep seated and settle on the lungs, and then—well, then you have Consumption, and unless you are a very rich man, you cannot afford to neglect it. PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION is sold by druggists. By druggists. Price, 25 cents.

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Large quantities of goods at very interesting prices. Call and see us. You will always find us to the front on prices. Respectfully,

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ELEGANT LINE

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In all the latest shades and makes, at

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The Hurford.

[Formerly the St. Cloud Hotel.]

Unsurpassed by any $2 per day Hotel in Ohio.

Commodious. Complete in its Appointments. Cuisine Unsurpassed.

Neighborhood Patrons at same rates as old St. Cloud.

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NAVARRE.

Rev. Cecil spent the Sabbath with his family on Oak Hill.

Ora Barnett, of Cleveland, visited his parents over Sunday.

An addition of ten feet is being built to Dangler's new store.

Mike Burke is making some improvements on his east end grocery.

Miss Emma Klinker of Canton, visited the family George Cross last week.

Wm Davis, of Beach City, spent Saturday and Sunday among Navarre friends.

Miss Mattie Otscheimer, of Massillon, is a guest at the Miller residence, on High street.

M. E. church social gave a magnificent supper on Tuesday evening at the residence of Mrs. George Culp.

Because of the illness of Rev. Lemasters, Rev. Slusser, of Louisville, is carrying on the U. B. protracted meeting.

Will. Poor, of Albion, Mich., circulated among his many friends here on Monday, after an absence of thirteen years.

Navarre Lodge, No 249, K. of P., was instituted on last Friday evening. Visiting knights were here from Akron, Massillon, Canton, Shanesville, Canal Dover, Wooster, Lodi and Cadiz. A grand time was had: the bellowing of the victims and the bleating of the goat reminded the outsiders that a new lodge was being organized. The lodge has a membership of forty-nine. The following are the officers elected for the ensuing term: P. C., J. Morgan; C. C., J. E. McKean; V. C., F. M. Cord; Prelate, J. M. Collier; M. at A., John Thomas; M. of E., Julius Hug; M. of F., J. W. McCombs; K. of R. and S., Soners. The regular meetings of the lodge will be held on Friday evening.

BROOKFIELD.

The public schools of this place closed to day.

Fortunatus Smith is suffering from a severe attack of typho malarial fever.

Harvey Smith's family numbers one more. It's a boy, and Harvey wears a big smile.

B. J. Miller can now write M. D. after his name. He received his diploma the 23d inst. from the Cleveland Homeopathic Medical College.

The Prohibitionists of Tuscarawas township have placed the following ticket in the field: Justice of the peace, John R. Walter; trustee, D. F. Miller; treasurer, George Welker; clerk, A. J. B. Kast; assessor, Jonathan Stoner; constables, Daniel Friend and William Phillips.

A Republican caucus was held at township hall March 18th, and the following nominations were made: For justice of the peace, Sylvester Higerd; trustee, Jacob W. Eggert; treasurer, Robinson Reinoehl; clerk, Charles M. Smith; assessor, George E. Stover; constables, J. Pliny Shilling and S. Webster Zupp. Central committeeman, N. S. Tombow.

The "twaddle" about Harvey Stoner had the desired effect. Master Stoner received a draft for his pretumm last week. There must have been more truth than "twaddle" in the article judging by the attention Mr. Nesz and the *Repository* gave it, and then failing to deny any of its assertions. We might write more "twaddle" of the same kind if we so desired, especially about the way country children were treated at the fair on the so-called children's day, but it is unnecessary, as every farmer who took his children there can testify. The *Repository* must not think that everything written against Canton is twaddle. If it could but see that city as the country people see it there would not be so much twaddle in its pages.

CHAPMAN.

A number of prominent Massillonians walked up to view our brick plant last Sunday.

Mrs. William D. Reese started for Pittsburg last Tuesday, for a two weeks' visit with relatives.

Our Republican primary election will be held on Saturday next, and the spring chickens are hustling as usual.

Mr. Jos. Hodgson, of Navarre, came up to see his mother, who has been sick for some time but is now improving.

Work at our mines has been very dull for the past six weeks, with little prospects for being better before the opening of lake navigation.

For littleness and selfishness the Corn Dodgers who refused our Sunday school the use of their platform are entitled to the whole pumpkin.

Don't forget our Sunday school entertainment, or you will miss the greatest treat of your life. They have something grand in store for you.

We learn from a private source that John Baird has disposed of his machinery at Vee lersburg, Ind., to Mrs. R. A. Grove, and that he has taken such a liking to the Hoosiers out there that he intends remaining there.

Assistant Mine inspector Bell has his petition all ready, and is prepared to make a strong fight for re-appointment. The entire heading of his petition could be commented on extensively, but fearing that he might think that we are opposing him we refrain from doing so.

ELTON.

Mrs. Cox, of Findlay, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Jacob McFarren.

Miss Effie Royer is the guest of Miss Mattie Blocker this week.

Emma Hollinger is spending a few days with her brother at Canal Fulton.

The literary of West Lebanon closes next Friday night with a grand exhibition.

Minnie Stansbury, a vivacious young lady from Massillon, is visiting her uncle, Joseph Stansbury.

Mrs. John Baughman was called to West Lebanon by the serious illness of her sister, Mrs. Snider.

A number of the friends of Rev. Silas Mays went to Stands' hear his farewell sermon last Sunday, he having accepted a call in the East.

The man at the corner who makes Saturday nights hideous with his drunken out breaks and the cries of his wife and innocent children has gone away.

An unusual amount of building is going on this spring, not so much in Elton but on the farms surrounding it. Besides the large houses already mentioned, Fred Kimmerline will build this summer, and Sam Baughman, jr., will put up a large barn.

DALTON.

There is some talk of drilling for natural gas here.

Messrs. Isaac Adams and William Sellers, will go to Alabama on a business trip.

Mr. A. Cully left Thursday morning for his future home in Clay county, Nebraska.

Dr. D. Y. Roebuck and his son, Earl, have returned from Lebanon, Pa., where they had been called to attend the funeral of his mother.

Mr. Robert Slusser, an old and respected citizen of Dalton, and well known to many Massillon people, departed this life on Thursday morning, the 24th inst. Funeral will take place on Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

PENCHANT PARAGRAPHS.

A CONDENSATION OF THE TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Political Pointers and Personal Palavers. Labor, Love and Trades' Trials—Rail Rumblings—Foreign Fancies and Fires. Casualties and Crimes—News Notes.

W. F. Cody, "Buffalo Bill," has been commissioned by Governor Thayer, of Nebraska, as aide de camp on his staff, with a rank of colonel, and also commissioner of the state of Nebraska to the American exhibition in London.

Sunset Cox is getting well, and was out to the theater Saturday afternoon.

The Union Labor party in Cincinnati have nominated William E. Stephenson for mayor and put up a full city ticket.

J. P. Acker, reported as among the victims of the Buffalo hotel fire, is safe, at Scranton, Pennsylvania.

Father Cunningham, pastor of the Catholic church at Xenia, O., preached his farewell sermon Sunday, having resigned.

Senator Sherman had an enthusiastic reception in Birmingham, Monday.

Mme. Scalchi, who has been suffering from typhoid fever and prostration at Chicago for ten days, is improving.

It is rumored that Bishop Keane, of Richmond, will be made president of the new Washington university.

William Hersch, of Cincinnati, was elected second vice president of the Brewers' National association formed at Chicago.

An Irish National league meeting at New York, Editor Dana presiding, indorsed Gladstone's Home Rule policy and cabled him encouragement.

Casualties.

John Landon and daughter, of Pontoosuc, Ill., were drowned while crossing a lake overflowed by water.

Two engines collided on the Pennsylvania tracks at Toledo, seriously injuring five persons.

Mrs. Martha Schemmel, of LaCrosse, Ind., fell through a trestle at Valparaiso, and was killed.

In the great Buffalo hotel fire six persons are now known to have perished, and five are still missing.

Michael Early died at Marietta, O., of injuries received in the late accident on the Memeral railroad.

Mrs. Harbage, aged seventy-six years, near West Jefferson, O., was burned to death, her clothes catching fire from a grate.

John Peterson, at Marion, Ky., was carrying a keg of powder, when a spark from his lighted pipe caused an explosion which blew him a distance of fifty feet. His eyes were burned out and his body horribly lacerated.

Jeff Daugherty, who was mangled by cars at Xenia, O., last week, died Saturday.

The powder factory at Negaunee, Mich., was blown to atoms, and L. H. Stanley and one workmen, killed.

At Whitebread Hill, I. T., a man named Foster was shooting at a mouse, when a ball struck a can of powder, exploding it and killing his two children and seriously injuring himself and wife.

The Death Roll.

Mother Eupienna, head of the Sisters of Charity in America, died at Emmettsburg, Maryland.

David Mackley, the veteran editor of the Jackson, (O.) Standard, is dead.

George G. Sickles, father of Gen. Daniel E. Sickles, was buried at New Rochelle, N. Y., Sunday.

Mrs. Emily May Eastman, of Walnut Hills, Cincinnati, died from an overdose of chloroform, taken to alleviate pain.

Christian Ax, of the firm of Gail & Ax, tobacco manufacturers, died in Baltimore, Sunday, aged sixty-four years.

Capt. S. T. Fisher, an old Ohio river steamboatman and very wealthy, died at Lancaster, O.

Hon. W. D. Morgan, once editor of the Newark, O., Advocate, and ex-auditor of the state of Ohio, is dead.

NEWS IN A NUT SHELL.

Fresh, Crispy Gleanings of Recent Noteworthy Happenings and Events.

Phillippina Much, a bride of scarcely two weeks, shot herself dead in New York. Her motive is not known.

The Socialists of Indianapolis made a demonstration on Sunday night, and the police were obliged to be present to prevent a riot.

S. H. Baker president of the United States Mortgage, Trust and Debenture company, of Minneapolis, is missing, and it is reported that his accounts are $100,000 off balance.

Harry L. Adams, bookkeeper of the Evening Star office, Washington, D. C., is missing. His accounts are all in good shape, and his family are greatly distressed about his absence.

Moses Miller, colored, Lynchburg, Va., choked his wife to death, and then cut his throat.

The seventh victim of the Buffalo hotel fire, Edward Whalen, died at Newburg, New York.

At Brooklyn, Iowa, a colored man who whipped his six-year-old son to death, got off with a ten year sentence.

The pope has approved plans for the new Catholic university at Washington. Bishop Keane, of Richmond, it is said, will be made president.

The Ohio legislature passed a bill permitting Hamilton county to submit to the electors the question of adding $25,000 to the taxes for a statue of Gen. William Henry Harrison.

George MacDonnell, a noted American crook, well known in Cincinnati, has just died in an English prison, where he was serving a life sentence for forgery on the Bank of England.

Mayor Harrison, of Chicago, has given remarkable reasons for refusing a renomination. He says, among other things, that he would not dare be a half day's ride from the city with the present spirit of anarchy brewing.

Charles B. Creedins, station agent of the L., E. & St. L. railroad, at Taswell, Ind., abandoned his family, took the money belonging to his office, and eloped with Lizzie L. Laswell, the eighteen-year-old daughter of one of Crawford county's wealthiest citizens. She carried off $1,400 of her father's cash, also, for the common pile.

The Mississippi river at Bismarck, Dak., is higher than it was in 1881, which was a notable flood year there.

A big storm of sleet and snow on Tuesday morning, cut off all wire communication between New York and Chicago.

Wilber F. Storey's last will has been declared invalid by the supreme court, on the ground of his irresponsibility at the time of making it.

The W. H. Withington Steel Forks works, of Jackson, Mich., are about to be moved to Findlay, O. Gas has been reduced there to fifteen cents each per month for ordinary stoves.

Bury Irwin Dusant, journalist, denies the published rumors that he is to marry Mrs. Langtry, and says she and Freddy Gebhard will be married as soon as the legal impediments to such a marriage in England can be removed.

Four Bald Knobbers nearly dug their way out of the Springfield, Mo., jail on Saturday night. It has been learned that the gang kept a regular vengeance book, in which the punishment voted for their intended victims was recorded.

The horrible murder of the Sells family, at Erie, Kan., which occurred about a year ago, has been made clear. Willie Sells, sixteen years old, who is about to be hung, has confessed. He said his brother Watty struck his father with a hatchet; that that made Willie mad, and he struck Watty down, then killed his mother and sister. He doesn't know why he killed the latter two. He then cut their throats for fear they might come to life and tell on him.

MARKET REVIEW.

Latest Quotations From Cincinnati and Elsewhere for March 23.

FLOUR Fancy, $3.70@4.00; family, $3.35@3.65.

WHEAT No. 3 red, 80@81c; No. 2, 81@82c.

CORN No. 2 mixed, 38½c; No. 3 mixed, 37½c.

OATS No. 2 mixed, 28½@29c; No. 2 mixed, 30½@31c; No. 3 white 30½c.

PORK Family, $10.00@10.25; regular, $17.75@18.50.

LARD Kettle, 7@7½c.

BACON Short, clear sides, $5.50@6c.

CHEESE Prime to choice Ohio, 12@12½c; New York, 13½@14c.

POULTRY Common chickens, $2.50@3.00 per dozen, fair to prime $3.25@4.50; choice $4.50@5.00; ducks, $2.50@3.50; live turkeys, 9@10c.

WOOL Unwashed medium clothing, 25@29c; fine merino, 24@27c; coarse, 15@17c; fine and washed medium clothing, 31@32c; combing, 30@32c; fine merino, X and XX, 28@30c; burr and COTTS, 16@18c; tub washed, 35@36c; pulled, 30c.

HAY No. 1 timothy, $10.50@10.75; No. 2, $9.00@10.00; rye straw, $8.00; prairie, $7.00@7.50; wheat, oats and rye straw, $5.00@7.00.

CATTLE Good to choice butchers, $4.00@4.15; fair, $3.50@4.00; common, $3.00@3.25; stockers and feeders, $3.75@4.50; yearlings and calves $3.00@4.75.

HOGS Select butchers, $5.35@5.40; fair to good packing, $5.15@5.30; fair to good light, $5.20@5.45; roughs, $4.50@5.00; pigs, $4.75@5.25.

SHEEP Slow; prime $5.25@5.40; fair to good, $4.50@5.00; common, $3.50@4.00; lambs, $5.50@6.15. Receipts, 1,000 head; shipments, 3,000 head.

Boston Wool Market.

Receipts of wool for the past week, 5,090 bales domestic, 1,600 bales foreign; sales, 1,800,300 lbs domestic, 2,250 lbs. Quotations: Ohio XX and above, 34@35c; do XX, 33@34c; do X, 31@32c; do No 1, 30c; Michigan X, 30c; Michigan No. 1, 32@33c; fine Ohio delaine, X, 36c; Michigan delaine, 33@34c; unmerchantable, Michigan, A, 24c; unmerchantable Ohio, A, 26c; No. 1 combing washed, 38c; Kentucky three-eighths blood, combing, 32c; do one-quarter blood, combing, 29c; Texas fine, twelve months, 22@24c; do fine, six to eight months, 19@22c; do medium, twelve months, 25@27c; do medium, six to eight months, 23c; do fall, fine, 18@20c; do, medium, 20@22; Georgia, unwashed, 30@31c; California northern, spring, free, 25@27c; Southern California, spring, free, 14@15c; California, burry and defective, 14@16c; free, fall, 15@20c; Southern fall, 14@15c; Eastern Oregon, ordinary, 16@17c; Eastern Oregon, choice, 21@23c; Valley Oregon, No 1, 26@28c; do No 2, 26@28c; do No 3, 24@26c; Nevada, fine, 19@20c; do, three-eighths blood, 23@24c; do, one half blood, 21@23; do medium, 24@25c; Montana fine choice 21@23c; do, average, 20@22c; fine medium choice, 21@22c; do do, average 23@24c; medium choice, 25c; do average, 24@26c; low, 20c; Maine superfine, 43@45c; Eastern A supers, 37@40c; do, B supers, 35@37c; Western superfine, 30@35c; extra, 30@33c; combing, pulled, 32@35c, Montevedio, 30@31c; Australian cross-bred, 36@42; do combing, 35@40c; do clothing, 31@36c.

New York.

WHEAT No. 1 state red, 93½c; No. 2 red winter, 9[illegible]c; May, 91½c.

CORN Mixed, 49½c; May, 48½c.

OATS No. 1 white state, 33½c; No. 2, 31½c.

CATTLE $4.35@5.10 per 100 lbs, live weight.

HOGS $5.00@5.40 per 100 lbs.

SHEEP $5.50@6.25 per 100 lbs live weight.

COTTON Quiet; middling uplands, 10 1-16c; do New Orleans, 10½c. March, 10c; April, 10.08c; May, 10.10c; June, 10 18c; July, 10.25c; August, 10.31c; September, 9.94c; October, 9.68c.

Pittsburg.

CATTLE Fair; prime $5.00@5.25; fair to good, $4.50@4.75; common, $4.00@4.25. Receipts, 95 head; shipments, 1[illegible] head.

HOGS Supply receipts, 600 head; shipments, 1,000 head; Philadelphias, $5.25@5.35; Yorkers, $5.20@5.30, common and light, $5.00@5.10; pigs $4.75@5.25.

SHEEP Slow; prime $5.25@5.40; fair to good, $4.50@5.00; common, $3.50@4.00; lambs, $5.50@6.15. Receipts, 1,000 head; shipments, 3,000 head.

Chicago.

CATTLE Choice to extra shipping, $4.60@5.25; mixed, $3.90@4.25; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.00.

HOGS Fair to good, $5.10@5.40; mixed packing, $5.00@5.10; choice heavy, $5.35@5.50.

SHEEP Common, $2.50@4.50; lambs, $4.25@5.65.

Toledo.

WHEAT Steady; cash, 82½c; May, 83¾c.

CORN—Steady; cash, 39c; May, 41c.

OATS—Neglected; cash, 30c.

WISE MEN OF MASSILLON

GIVEN OVER INTO THE HANDS OF IDIOTS.

Expert Criticism of the Proposed Water Purifying Process.

Under the caption "an incredible folly," the *Sanitary Era* dips into a question, the importance of which cannot be magnified, and says:

Our respected and level-headed contemporary, the Massillon INDEPENDENT, has overtaxed our "faith talent" for once. Has it not made a mistake in reporting that the water company of that city proposes to supply "filtered water" through a sand crib "arranged so that the whole stand-pipe pressure can be turned at will on the exit passage of the filter, *and will wash all impurities back into the reservoir?*"

This requires confirmation. It is not credible that the wise men of Massillon are given over into the hands of idiots; still less credible is it that anybody would intentionally thus poison the drink of a whole city by means more thorough-going than were ever before known. True, the idiotic devices heretofore used with undoubted intention to purify water, but with the sole result of accumulating and ripening filth at the bottom of it, would justify us in expecting almost anything but common sense from the Bourbons of affairs. But such a fond saving and cherishing of filth, as the permanent base of a public beverage, has hardly yet come within the range of probability.

The INDEPENDENT says that it is not claimed that this process will remove any organic matter at all. The city would be comparatively fortunate if it did not. Undecomposed organic matter in large amounts would by such a process be stored in the reservoir, to fester into the deadliest pest-bed ever set for the contamination of drinking-water. Settling basins and filter beds were malignant devices of the adversary, but they were more plausibly insidious, and a further reason for discrediting the present report is that the enemy of mankind is believed to be too shrewd to unmask so bold a design upon human health and life as this. At any rate, the people have the INDEPENDENT's word for it, that if there turns out to be any such wrong, means will certainly be found to right it. The contract with the city calls for "filtered water," and that does not mean water that has been passed through anything the contractors may choose to call a filter. It cannot mean less than the best-filtered water that present public water works practice, under all circumstances, supplies. That means now, as every decently informed person in the business knows, water invariably pure and fine as that of virgin springs. Water that to no sensible or practical test reveals an imperfection, at any time or season or length of experience, is the standard to which this company is bound by its contract, whether aware of it or not, and to which it will be but reasonable for the city strictly to bring it, before cancelling the bond, for it is a standard now cheaply and infallibly attainable everywhere. There is no longer any more difficulty or doubt about it than about refinining sugar.

Recital.

Program of the recital at the Presbyterian chapel, March 31st, at 7:30 by Miss Lizzie B. Ortick.

Music.

How He Saved St. Michaels.

Searching for the Slain.

Music.

Poor Little Joe.

The Model Sermon.

The Widow's Choice.

Music.

Sister and I.

Kentucky Philosophy.

Music.

General admission, 15 cents, children, 10 cents.

For an unlimited time first-class cabinet photographs can be had at L. L. Shertzer's for $2 and $3 per dozen.

MASSILLON.

Wheat, per bushel	$0 80
Oats	30
Corn	38@40
Barley	60@70
Hay, per ton	10 00
Eggs per doz	18
Chickens	20
Butter	22
Potatoes	25@25
Family flour per sack	1,05@1,10

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BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

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Agents Wanted.

$100 per month guaranteed Good Workers. Valuable outfit and Circulars sent on receipt of 25c in stamps to pay postage and packing. Write us and we will prove what what we say.

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Ladies' Gold Watch

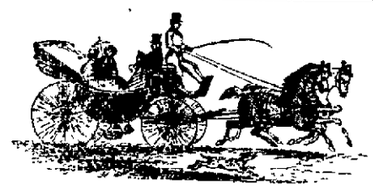
IN THE CITY.

A $35 WATCH FOR $25.

At Miller's Jewelry Store,

Corner Main and Mill streets. (In Park Drug Store.)

CITY LIVERY, SALE AND BOARDING STABLES.



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Cor. Mill and Plum Sts., Massillon, O.

All calls promptly answered. Telephone No. 77. Your patronage is solicited. My aim is to give satisfaction and fair prices.

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P. SONNHALTER & CO., Prop'rs,

Miners of the finest quality of Massillon coal, best quality of Massillon lump and pure nut for cook stove use. Coarse and fine slack for base burners.

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City Agent and Collector, CHRIS. LUCIUS. Bank Telephone 60

H. F. OEHLER'S

Cash Store

IS HEADQUARTERS FOR

STOVES, RANGES,

—AND—

House Furnishing Goods.

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R. A. PINN,

Real Estate Dealer

—AND—

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

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MASSILLON, - - - - - OHIO

House and lot on Akron street, one lot north of State street.

Good farm, 105 acres, well improved, on Canton road.

Three new dwelling houses and one vacant lot on West Tremont street.

The Newstetter house on South East street.

A large lot fronting on West Main street.

Kent Jarvis' Second Addition, below Russell & Co.'s shops:

W. ½ of lots No 32, 33 and 34 on Chester street.

Lot No. 6 on Erie street.

E. ½ of lots No 25, 26 and 27 Edwin street.

Lots No. 55, 56, 57 and 58, Edwin street.

W. ½ of lots No. 47 and 48 Dwight street.

One cheap dwelling house in Taylor Clay, addition to Massillon, North of Cherry street.

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MAIN STREET, MASSILLON,

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COACH TRIMMINGS,

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with a large stock of

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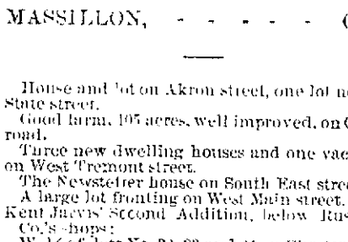
Paints, Glass, Etc.,

DR. F. Z. GROFF,



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Office and Infirmary near Sippo Station, ¾ miles west of Massillon.

Will treat diseases of all domestic animals, also perform all operations of surgery by the latest improved methods. Calls promptly attended to night or day. Residence connected with Massillon Telephone Exchange, also branch office at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store, where full information can be had at all times, with telephone privileges. Postoffice Sippo, Ohio.

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I desire to say that all those in need of Furniture of any kind, can not fail to be suited both in regard to

GOODS AND PRICES,

My stock will comprise all grades of

Parlor, Chamber, Kitchen and Office

FURNITURE.

SUCH AS

Parlor Suits,
Chamber Suits,
Bedsteads,
Bureaus,
Tables,
Lounges,
SPRING BEDS,
Hair,
Husk and
Sea Grass
Mattresses
and the original
Woven Wire Mattress

AND OTHER SPRING BOTTOMS.

Thankful for favors bestowed upon me in the past, I hope by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of the same.

JOHN H. OGDEN.

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Estate of Kent Jarvis,

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Dealer in Real Estate,

Offers for sale a long list of city property, etc., consisting of

Fine Business Property,

Well Located Residence Property,

And Nearly 200 Splendid Building Lots.

All for sale on the most Reasonable Terms.

Will Build Houses

for purchasers of lots when desired, giving long time for back payments. Remember these lots are scattered all over the city.

Wall Paper!

You can always find a complete assortment of

Wall Paper and Fine Decorations,

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LARGE STOCK OF

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